

Coronavirus (COVID-19) Infection Survey

Headline Results for Northern Ireland

23rd February 2022





Temporary publication of early results from the Coronavirus (Covid-19) Infection Survey

During the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, weekly figures on the latest results from the COVID-19 Infection Survey have been published by the Department of Health. These figures cover the latest available estimates of the numbers and proportion of the population in Northern Ireland who would test positive for COVID-19, as well as breakdowns by age, sub-region and when appropriate, analysis by variant. Additionally, fortnightly estimates of antibodies have been published since the start of 2021.

During this rapidly changing phase of the pandemic, it is recognised that the early release of data is in the public interest. Therefore, our aim is to publish headline results on Wednesday each week, in advance of our fuller, regular weekly bulletin issued at midday each Friday. This will coincide with the ONS release of information for all four UK countries.

There are a number of risks associated with the release of early results (e.g. laboratory delays or quality assurance issues) however it is felt that the risks are outweighed by the public benefit of releasing these important statistics as early as possible.

Further information on the decision to publish early results is available in a statement on the ONS website.

Introduction

The findings set out in this report relate to the most recent week of the study up to 19th February 2022. CIS aims to estimate how many people have the infection and the number of new cases that occur over a given time as well as estimating how many people have developed antibodies to COVID-19.

The survey over time will help track the extent of infection and transmission of COVID-19 among people living in private households. The sample includes people who would not necessarily have otherwise been tested, and is intended to estimate the number of current positive cases in the community in Northern Ireland, including cases where people do not report to having any symptoms.

It is important to note that these statistics are based on a survey sample and differ from those reported in the <u>Department of Health Daily Dashboard</u>.

Proportion of people in Northern Ireland who had COVID-19

During this recent period of high infections, we have <u>decided to publish our headline results two days early</u>. This means that the latest estimates on infection levels are available at their earliest opportunity and further breakdowns for the same period and a longer data time series will be published on Fridays. These early estimates are provisional and are subject to change as we receive more data, but they have undergone sufficient quality assurance to ensure that they are based upon an acceptable number of test results received up to the end of the reference week. This week, we are publishing estimates for the week ending 19 February 2022.

During the most recent week of the study (13 February – 19 February 2022), it is estimated that 132,700 people in Northern Ireland had COVID-19 (95% credible interval: 115,900 to 150,900). This equates to 7.23% of the population (95% credible interval: 6.32% to 8.22%) or around 1 in 14 people (95% credible interval: 1 in 16 to 1 in 12). This is based on statistical modelling of the trend in rates of positive nose and throat swab results.

Modelling suggests the percentage of people testing positive in Northern Ireland decreased in the two weeks up to 19 February 2022, but the trend was uncertain in the most recent week.

As this is a household survey, the statistics refer to infections occurring in private households. The figures exclude infections reported in hospitals, care homes and/or other communal establishments. In these settings, rates of COVID-19 infection are likely to be different.

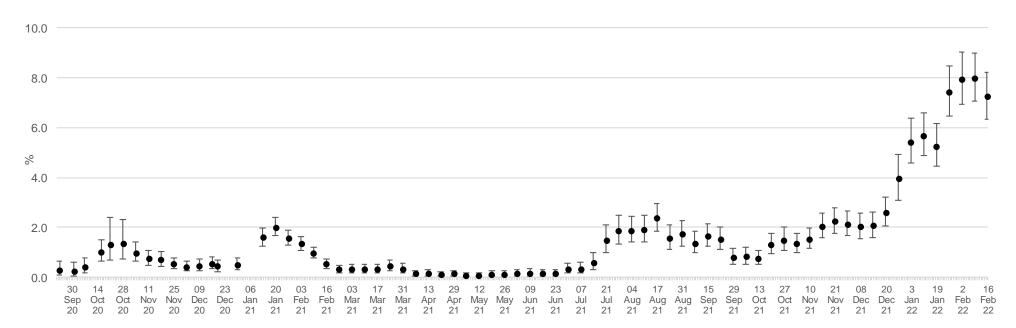
Positivity over time in Northern Ireland

Due to relatively small number of tests and low number of positives within the sample, credible intervals are wide and therefore results should be interpreted with caution.

Modelling suggests the percentage of people testing positive in Northern Ireland decreased in the two weeks up to 19 February 2022, but the trend was uncertain in the most recent week. The official estimates of the percentage of people in NI previously testing positive for COVID-19 are set out in figure 1a while the modelled trends over time in the overall population for testing positive for COVID-19, including 95% credible intervals, are shown in figure 1b (overleaf).

Figure 1a: Estimated percentage of the population in Northern Ireland testing positive for the coronavirus (COVID-19) on nose and throat swabs since 24 September 2020

Official Estimates

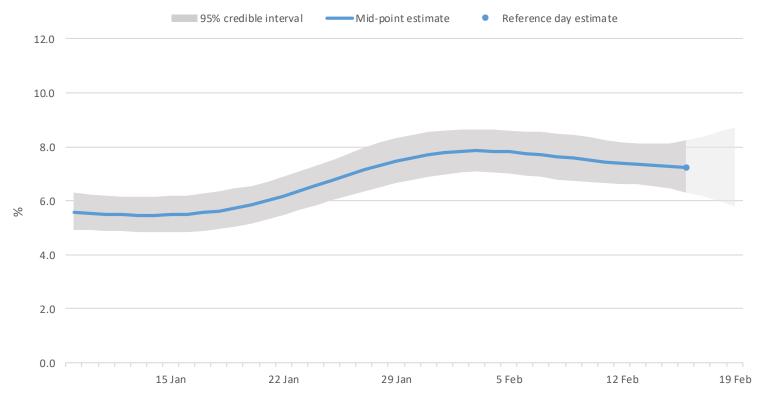


The point estimates and error bars indicated on the chart represent the official estimates reported in previous weeks based on the best information and methods at each point in time.

Figure 1b:

Percentage of people testing positive for COVID-19 in Northern Ireland

Modelled daily estimates



The area marked with light grey has a lower level of certainty due to lab results still being processed for this period

Data from 9 January 2022 to 19 February 2022

Source: Office for National Statistics – Coronavirus (COVID-19) Infection Survey

Notes:

- 1. Modelled results are provisional and subject to revision.
- 2. All estimates are subject to uncertainty, a credible interval gives an indication of the uncertainty of an estimate from data analysis. The 95% credible intervals are calculated so that there is a 95% probability of the true value lying in the interval.
- 3. Official reported estimates are plotted at a reference point believed to be most representative of the given week.
- 4. Official estimates (Figure 1a) should be used to understand the positivity rate for a single point in time. This is based on the modelled estimate for the latest week and is the best and most stable estimate and is used in all previous outputs. The modelled estimate (Figure 1b) is more suited to understand the recent trend. This is because the model is regularly updated to include new test results and smooths the trend over time.

Positivity across the UK

- In England, the percentage of people testing positive for coronavirus (COVID-19) continued to decrease in the week ending 19 February 2022; it is estimated that 2,096,200 people in England had COVID-19 (95% credible interval: 2,015,100 to 2,175,600), equating to around 1 in 25 people.
- In Wales, the percentage of people testing positive for COVID-19 decreased in the two weeks up to 19 February 2020, but the trend was uncertain in the most recent week; it is estimated that 98,200 people in Wales had COVID-19 (95% credible interval: 83,100 to 114,900), equating to around 1 in 30 people.
- In Northern Ireland, the percentage of people testing positive for COVID-19 decreased in the two weeks up
 to 19 February 2022, but the trend was uncertain in the most recent week; it is estimated that 132,700
 people in Northern Ireland had COVID-19 (95% credible interval: 115,900 to 150,900), equating to around 1
 in 14 people.
- In Scotland, the percentage of people testing positive for COVID-19 increased in the week ending 20 February 2020; it is estimated that 240,700 people in Scotland had COVID-19 (95% credible interval: 215,100 to 269,400), equating to around 1 in 20 people.

The reference week for England, Wales and Northern Ireland is 13 to 19 February 2022 with modelled estimates starting 9 January 2022. The reference week for Scotland is 14 to 20 February 2022 with modelled estimates starting 10 January 2022.

Appendix 1

Table 1 Official reported estimates of the percentage testing positive for COVID-19 across the UK

The reference date is 16 February 2022 in England, Wales and Northern Ireland and 17 February 2022 in Scotland

Country	Estimated average % of the population that had COVID-19	95% Lower credible interval	95% Upper credible interval	Estimated average number of people testing positive for COVID-19	credible	95% Upper credible interval	Estimated average ratio of the population that had COVID-19	95% Lower credible interval	95% Upper credible interval
England	3.84	3.70	3.99	2,096,200	2,015,100	2,175,600	1 in 25	1 in 25	1 in 25
Wales	3.23	2.73	3.78	98,200	83,100	114,900	1 in 30	1 in 35	1 in 25
Northern Ireland	7.23	6.32	8.22	132,700	115,900	150,900	1 in 14	1 in 16	1 in 12
Scotland	4.57	4.09	5.12	240,700	215,100	269,400	1 in 20	1 in 25	1 in 20

Ratios under 20 have been rounded to the nearest 1. Ratios of 20 or above have been rounded to the nearest 5. As a result some upper and lower credible intervals may appear similar.

Methodology

The results are based on nose and throat swabs provided by participants to the study. As well as looking at incidence overall, the survey will be used to examine the characteristics of those testing positive for COVID-19 and the extent to which those infected experience symptoms.

Extending the COVID-19 Infection Survey to Northern Ireland has been achieved by a collaboration between the Department of Health, Public Health Agency (PHA), Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency (NISRA) and the Office for National Statistics (ONS) and its various survey partners. Fieldwork commenced in Northern Ireland on 27th July 2020. It is important to note that there is a significant degree of uncertainty with the estimates. This is because, despite a large sample of participants, the number of positive cases identified is small. Estimates are provided with 95% confidence intervals to indicate the range within which we may be confident the true figure lies.

The results are for private households only and do not apply to those in hospitals, care homes or other communal establishments.

The Office for National Statistics (ONS) publishes <u>weekly statistical bulletins and references tables, including</u> <u>results for England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland</u> on its website. Further detail for Northern Ireland is available in the ONS <u>data tables</u>.

Further information about quality and methodology can be found on the **ONS website**.

