

Weekly Deaths in Northern Ireland

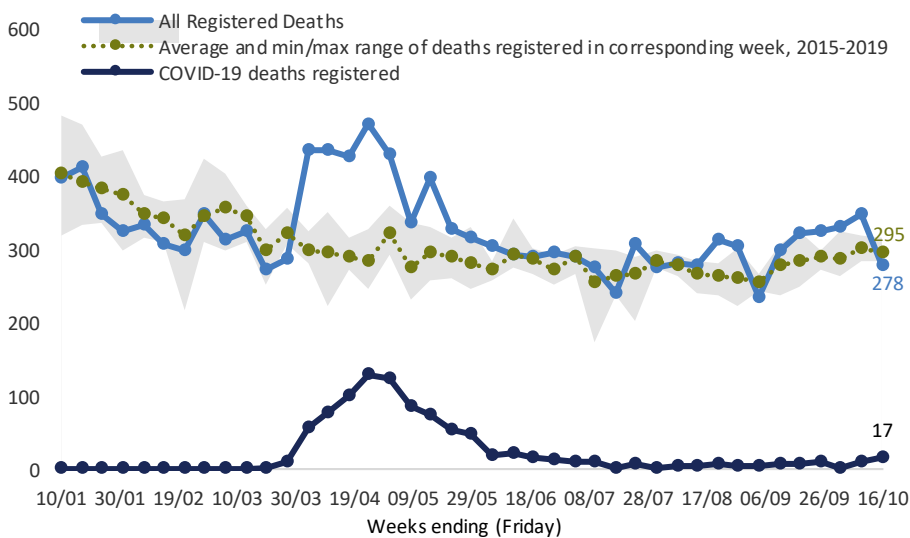
Death Registration Statistics including Covid-19 by Date of Death

Week ending 16th October 2020 (Week 41)

Section 1: Deaths by Date of Registration

In week 41, there were fewer* deaths registered in Northern Ireland than there have typically been in the same week in recent years.

Figure 1: Weekly number of deaths registered in Northern Ireland



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Key Points – Date of Registration

- The provisional number of total deaths registered in Northern Ireland in the week ending 16th October 2020 (week 41) was 278; 70 less than in week 40 and 17 less than the 5-year average of 295 (Table 1). The total in week 41 was impacted by the Registration system being unavailable on Friday 16th October due to a platform upgrade.
- More than one quarter (29.1%) of all deaths in week 41 were classified as ‘respiratory’ (81). Please note that all Covid-19 related deaths have been included in this classification.
- There have been 13,383 deaths registered in the year-to-date, 28.5% of which (3,816) were classified as ‘respiratory’. The number of respiratory deaths is higher in the year-to-date than the 5-year average, while the proportion is the same (3,515; 28.5%) (Table 2).
- Seventeen deaths mentioning Covid-19 on the death certificate were registered in week 41, accounting for 6.1% of all deaths in that week and bringing the total number of Covid-19 related deaths registered in calendar year 2020 to 930.
- In the calendar year to 16th October, males and females accounted for similar proportions of all deaths registered (males: 49.5%, females: 50.5%) and Covid-19 related deaths registered (males: 51.1%; female: 48.9%) (Figure 2).
- In the calendar year to 16th October, the 75 years and over age-group accounted for two-thirds (64.7%) of all deaths and four-fifths (79.0%) of Covid-19 related deaths (Figure 4).
- For Covid-19 related deaths, those with an address in Belfast LGD accounted for 264 (28.4%) of the 930 deaths registered in the calendar year to 23rd October (Figure 6).

Background

Deaths occurring in Northern Ireland are registered on the Northern Ireland General Register Office's Registration System (NIROS). Daily extracts of registration records from NIROS are processed by the NISRA Vital Statistics Unit. Provisional data on deaths registered in each week (ending on a Friday) are compiled at the end of the following week*.

Cause of death coding to the [ICD-10 classification](#) is carried out by the Office for National Statistics (ONS) on NISRA's behalf on a quarterly basis. This means that quarterly statistics are the first output to report deaths according to underlying cause. These statistics are currently available up to [Quarter 2 2020](#).

To meet user needs, NISRA publish timely but provisional counts of death registrations in Northern Ireland in the weekly deaths provisional dataset. Weekly totals are presented alongside a 5-year weekly average as well as the lowest and highest number of deaths for the same week over the last five years. To allow time for registration and processing, these figures are published seven days after the week ends.

Due to the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic, from 3rd April 2020 the NISRA weekly deaths release has been supplemented with the numbers of respiratory deaths (respiratory deaths include any death where Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Bronchiolitis or Influenza are mentioned on the death certificate); and deaths relating to Covid-19 (that is, where Covid-19 or suspected Covid-19 was mentioned anywhere on the death certificate, including in combination with other health conditions).

Background Changes to the death certification and registration process during the Covid-19 pandemic

During the Covid-19 pandemic, a number of changes have been made to the usual process of certifying and registering a death which have been enabled by the Coronavirus Act 2020. More detail is available from the Department of Health website <https://www.health-ni.gov.uk/publications/covid-19-guidance-surrounding-death>. This includes guidance to medical practitioners on how to complete the Medical Certificate of Cause of Death (MCCD) in Covid-19 related cases. In relation to who can complete the MCCD, upon which these weekly statistics are based, usual practice is that the MCCD must be signed by a doctor (Dr A) who has seen the deceased within the last 28 days or refer the case to the coroner. However, in the pandemic situation, if Dr A has treated the deceased within the last 28 days but is unable to complete the MCCD or it is impracticable for them to do so, another practitioner (Dr B) from the same hospital or GP practice, can complete the MCCD, provided the deceased died as a result of a natural illness and Dr B can state, to the best of their knowledge and belief, the cause of death. In the event that neither Dr A nor Dr B is able to complete the MCCD, any medical practitioner (Dr C) can complete it, as long as the death was as a result of a natural illness and they can state the cause of the death, to the best of their knowledge and belief. Dr C does not have to have treated the deceased within the last 28 days. Coroners' cases will still be treated in the usual way - more detail on this is available on page 3 of the quality and methodology background information for NI death statistics at <https://www.nisra.gov.uk/sites/nisra.gov.uk/files/publications/Northern%20Ireland%20Death%20Statistics%20Quality%20Assessment%200.pdf>.

The process by which an informant registers a death has also been adapted. Usual practice is that the informant attends their local Registration Office to register a death, bringing the MCCD with them. During the pandemic, the MCCD can be sent to the General Register Office (GRO) electronically, directly from the hospital or General Practitioner certifying the death. Information required from the informant can be provided to GRO by telephone and no signature is required from the informant.

The content of this bulletin will be kept under review and more detail may be presented over the coming weeks.

* **Bank Holidays or system unavailability could affect the number of registrations made within certain weeks.**

Latest death registration statistics

Table 1 shows that the provisional number of deaths registered in Northern Ireland in the week ending 16th October 2020 (week 41) was 278; seventy less (-20.1%) than in week 40 and 17 less (-5.7%) than the 5-year average of 295. This was, however, impacted by a platform upgrade that meant the Registration system was offline on 16th October.

Table 1: All Deaths registered¹ weekly in Northern Ireland, 2020^P

| Registration week | Week ending (Friday) | 2020 ^P | Previous 5 Years: 2015 - 2019 ^P | | 'Excess Deaths' No. of deaths above 5-year average ² | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|---|--|---------|--|--------------|
| | | Total number of deaths registered in week | Average number of deaths registered in corresponding week ² | Range | | |
| | | | | Minimum | | Maximum |
| 23 | 12/06/2020 | 292 | 293 | 275 | 340 | -1 |
| 24 | 19/06/2020 | 290 | 286 | 265 | 300 | 4 |
| 25 | 26/06/2020 | 295 | 270 | 252 | 292 | 25 |
| 26 | 03/07/2020 | 289 | 288 | 266 | 303 | 1 |
| 27 | 10/07/2020 | 275 | 255 | 172 | 300 | 20 |
| 28 | 17/07/2020 | 240 | 264 | 237 | 298 | -24 |
| 29 | 24/07/2020 | 307 | 265 | 203 | 288 | 42 |
| 30 | 31/07/2020 | 273 | 282 | 273 | 298 | -9 |
| 31 | 07/08/2020 | 280 | 276 | 264 | 291 | 4 |
| 32 | 14/08/2020 | 278 | 265 | 238 | 284 | 13 |
| 33 | 21/08/2020 | 313 | 263 | 235 | 280 | 50 |
| 34 | 28/08/2020 | 303 | 259 | 223 | 301 | 44 |
| 35 | 04/09/2020 | 234 | 255 | 243 | 265 | -21 |
| 36 | 11/09/2020 | 296 | 276 | 237 | 305 | 20 |
| 37 | 18/09/2020 | 322 | 282 | 247 | 324 | 40 |
| 38 | 25/09/2020 | 323 | 288 | 272 | 298 | 35 |
| 39 | 02/10/2020 | 328 | 286 | 263 | 324 | 42 |
| 40 | 09/10/2020 | 348 | 300 | 282 | 318 | 48 |
| 41 | 16/10/2020 | 278 | 295 | 282 | 316 | -17 |
| Year-to-date (week 1-41) Total | | 13,383 | 12,354 | | | 1,029 |

Note: statistics for the full year are available in the [accompanying spread sheet](#).

^P Weekly published data are provisional.

1 These data are based on registration dates of deaths, not occurrences. The majority of deaths are registered within five days in Northern Ireland.

2 The 5-year average is not a whole number so comparisons with 2020 week-on-week can vary by up to one death due to rounding.

Over the last twenty-nine weeks, 1,288 'excess deaths' (i.e. deaths above the average for the corresponding weeks in previous years) have been registered in Northern Ireland, with the number of excess deaths in the year to date totalling 1,029. In terms of the year-to-date figures (weeks 1 to 41), the total number of deaths registered (13,383) is 8.3% higher than the 5-year average (12,354).

Figure 2: Weekly number of deaths registered above or below 5-year average (2015-2019), to 16th October 2020

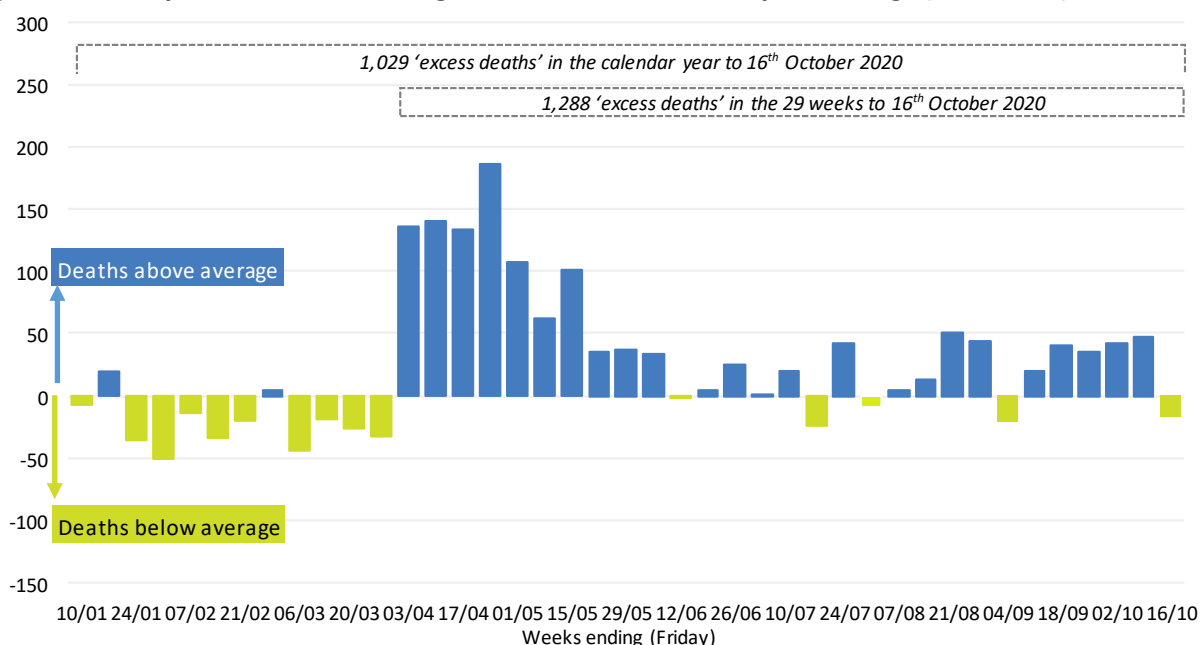


Table 2 shows that the number of death registrations mentioning Covid-19 on the death certificate increased from one in week 11 to 128 in week 16, then fell for six consecutive weeks to 20 (week 22). In the latest week (week 41) seventeen Covid-19 related deaths were registered, up six from the previous week (930 in total).

In week 41, 29.1% of all deaths registered mentioned terms relating directly to respiratory causes on the death certificate. (Covid-19 deaths are included in the respiratory category). The number of respiratory deaths is below the 5-year average for the same week, while the proportion is higher.

There have been 3,816 respiratory deaths registered in the year-to-date. This total number of respiratory deaths is lower in the year-to-date than the 5-year average (3,515; 28.5%), while the proportion is equal (28.5%).

Table 2: Covid-19 and respiratory deaths registered¹ weekly in Northern Ireland, 2020^P

| Registration week | Week ending (Friday) | 2020 ^P | | | | Previous 5 Years: 2015 - 2019 ^P | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|---|---|---|--------------|--|--------------|
| | | Total number of deaths registered in week | Covid-19 ² deaths registered in week | Respiratory ³ deaths registered in week (2020 ^P) | | Average number of respiratory deaths registered in corresponding week ⁴ | |
| | | | | N | % | N | % |
| 11 | 20/03/2020 | 271 | 1 | 84 | 31.0% | 95 | 32.0% |
| 12 | 27/03/2020 | 287 | 9 | 77 | 26.8% | 98 | 30.7% |
| 13 | 03/04/2020 | 434 | 55 | 129 | 29.7% | 91 | 30.4% |
| 14 | 10/04/2020 | 435 | 76 | 162 | 37.2% | 87 | 29.5% |
| 15 | 17/04/2020 | 424 | 101 | 179 | 42.2% | 81 | 28.0% |
| 16 | 24/04/2020 | 470 | 128 | 206 | 43.8% | 78 | 27.5% |
| 17 | 01/05/2020 | 427 | 124 | 180 | 42.2% | 88 | 27.5% |
| 18 | 08/05/2020 | 336 | 84 | 130 | 38.7% | 80 | 29.2% |
| 19 | 15/05/2020 | 396 | 74 | 136 | 34.3% | 74 | 25.2% |
| 20 | 22/05/2020 | 325 | 53 | 90 | 27.7% | 80 | 27.6% |
| 21 | 29/05/2020 | 316 | 49 | 105 | 33.2% | 79 | 28.3% |
| 22 | 05/06/2020 | 304 | 20 | 64 | 21.1% | 71 | 26.2% |
| 23 | 12/06/2020 | 292 | 21 | 69 | 23.6% | 78 | 26.6% |
| 24 | 19/06/2020 | 290 | 17 | 68 | 23.4% | 71 | 24.8% |
| 25 | 26/06/2020 | 295 | 12 | 79 | 26.8% | 75 | 27.9% |
| 26 | 03/07/2020 | 289 | 11 | 63 | 21.8% | 71 | 24.6% |
| 27 | 10/07/2020 | 275 | 9 | 61 | 22.2% | 62 | 24.5% |
| 28 | 17/07/2020 | 240 | 2 | 51 | 21.3% | 70 | 26.7% |
| 29 | 24/07/2020 | 307 | 7 | 60 | 19.5% | 61 | 23.0% |
| 30 | 31/07/2020 | 273 | 1 | 44 | 16.1% | 71 | 25.2% |
| 31 | 07/08/2020 | 280 | 5 | 76 | 27.1% | 71 | 25.8% |
| 32 | 14/08/2020 | 278 | 4 | 62 | 22.3% | 71 | 26.7% |
| 33 | 21/08/2020 | 313 | 6 | 74 | 23.6% | 67 | 25.4% |
| 34 | 28/08/2020 | 303 | 4 | 62 | 20.5% | 66 | 25.4% |
| 35 | 04/09/2020 | 234 | 3 | 49 | 20.9% | 68 | 26.6% |
| 36 | 11/09/2020 | 296 | 7 | 92 | 31.1% | 68 | 24.6% |
| 37 | 18/09/2020 | 322 | 8 | 79 | 24.5% | 72 | 25.4% |
| 38 | 25/09/2020 | 323 | 9 | 86 | 26.6% | 72 | 24.9% |
| 39 | 02/10/2020 | 328 | 2 | 71 | 21.6% | 77 | 26.8% |
| 40 | 09/10/2020 | 348 | 11 | 89 | 25.6% | 79 | 26.2% |
| 41 | 16/10/2020 | 278 | 17 | 81 | 29.1% | 83 | 28.2% |
| Year-to-date (week 1-41) Total | | 13,383 | 930 | 3,816 | 28.5% | 3,515 | 28.5% |

Note: Statistics for the full year are available in the [accompanying spread sheet](#)

^P Weekly published data are provisional.

¹ These data are based on registrations of deaths, not occurrences. The majority of deaths are registered within five days in Northern Ireland.

² Covid-19 deaths include any death where Coronavirus or Covid-19 (suspected or confirmed) was mentioned anywhere on the death certificate.

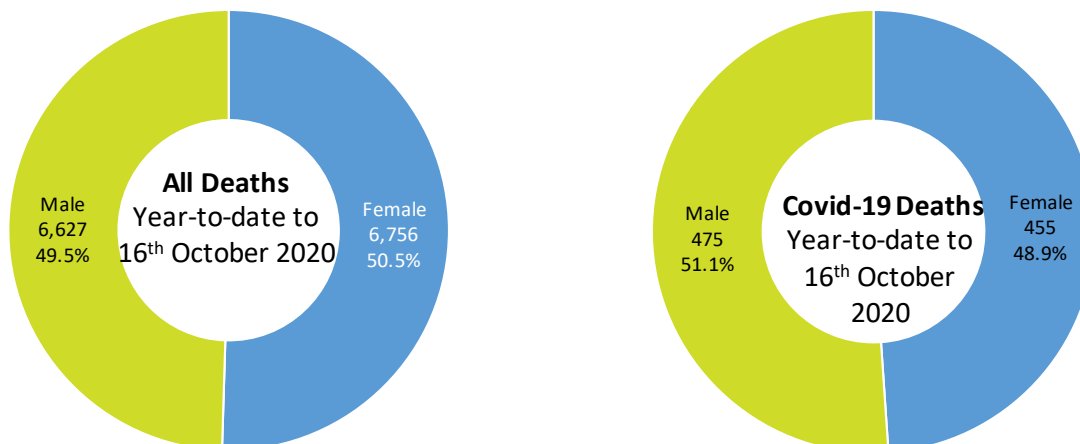
³ Respiratory deaths include any death where terms directly relating to respiratory causes were mentioned anywhere on the death certificate (this includes Covid-19 deaths). This is not directly comparable to the ONS figures relating to 'deaths where the underlying cause was respiratory disease'.

⁴ Figures may not sum due to rounding.

Deaths registered by sex

In the calendar year to 16th October 2020, males and females accounted for a similar proportion of all deaths registered (males: 49.5%, females: 50.5%) and Covid-19 related deaths registered (males: 51.1%; female 48.9%). A weekly breakdown by sex is provided in the [accompanying spreadsheet](#).

Figure 3: All deaths and Covid-19 deaths registered by sex, year-to-date 2020

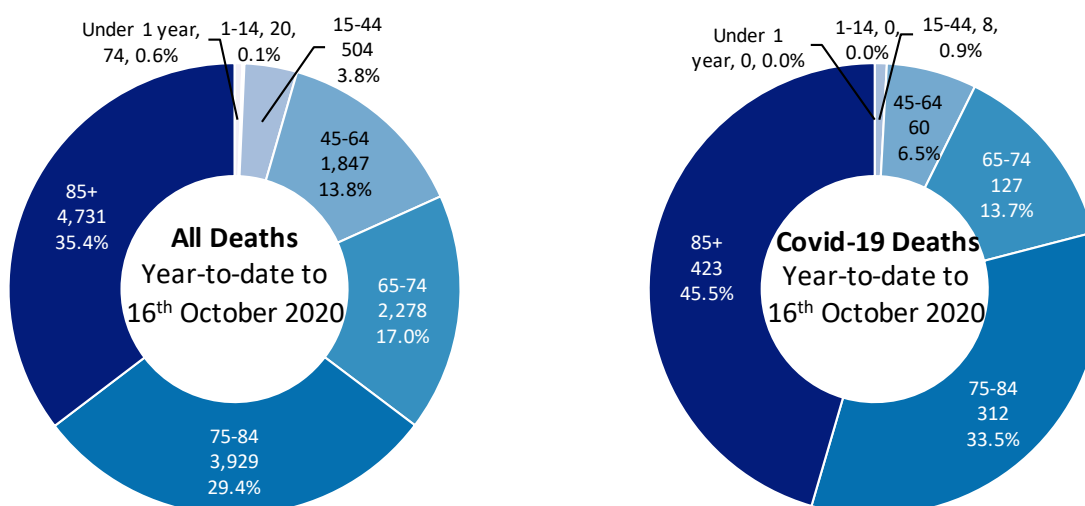


Deaths registered by age-group

In the calendar year to 16th October, the 75 years and over age-group accounted for two-thirds (64.7%) of all deaths and four-fifths (79.0%) of Covid-19 related deaths.

The fourteen Covid-19 related deaths registered among those aged 75+ in week 41 (see [accompanying spreadsheet](#)) equated to 7.4% of all deaths registered for this age-group during the week (notably down from a peak of 34.8% in week 17).

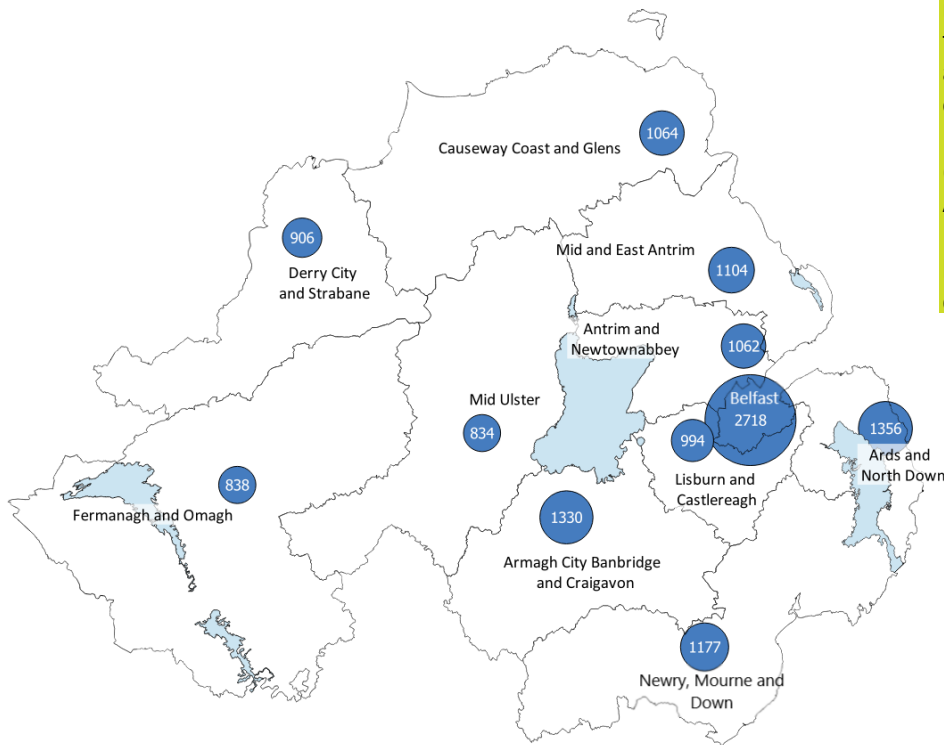
Figure 4: All deaths and Covid-19 deaths registered by age-group, year-to-date 2020



Deaths registered by Local Government District*

Those with an address* in Belfast Local Government District (LGD) accounted for around one in five of all 13,383 deaths registered in the calendar year to 16th October 2020 (2,718; 20.3%).

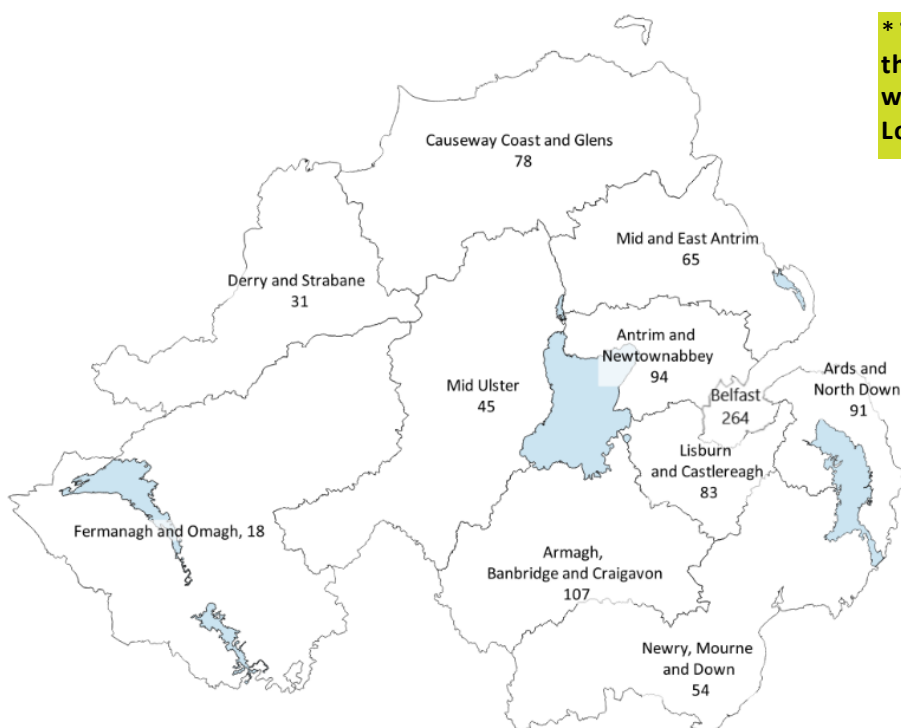
Figure 5: All deaths registered by LGD, year-to-date 2020



* The LGD data provided are based on the usual address of the deceased, recorded on the death certificate. Where the deceased was usually resident in NI and a home address was provided, the deceased's usual postcode has been mapped to an LGD area. If the usual address was not provided or the deceased was usually resident outside of Northern Ireland, the place of death address is used (this is approximately 0.4% of deaths per year). Age standardised mortality rates for the period March - August 2020 are available at <https://www.nisra.gov.uk/publications/monthly-deaths>.

For Covid-19 related deaths, those with an address* in Belfast LGD accounted for 264 (28.4%) of the 930 deaths registered in the calendar year to 16th October. Fermanagh & Omagh LGD had the fewest Covid-19 related deaths registered up to 16th October (18).

Figure 6: Covid-19 deaths registered by LGD, year-to-date 2020



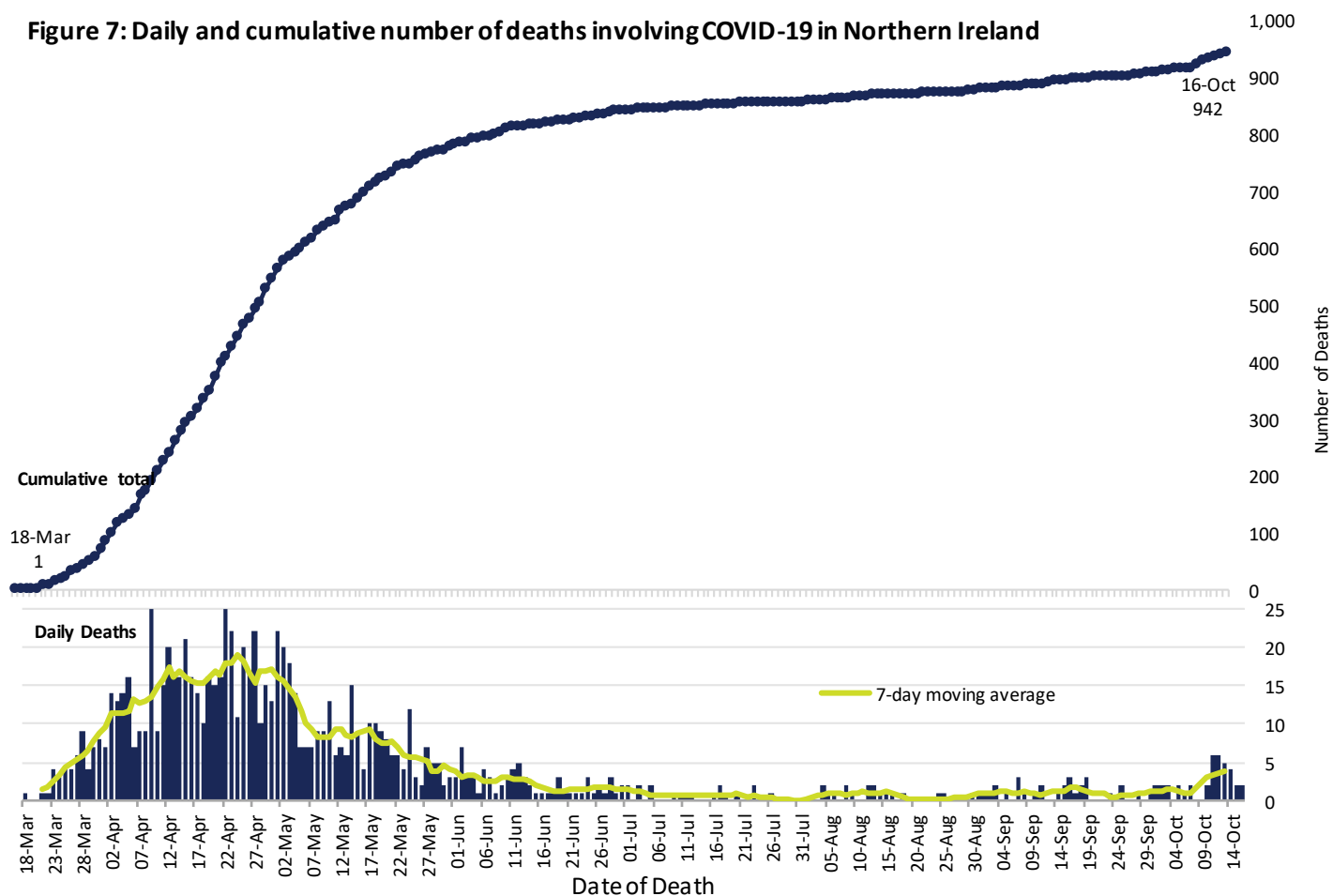
* Table 7 in the [accompanying spreadsheet](#) shows the numbers of weekly registered Covid-19 deaths which took place in care homes, disaggregated by Local Government District.

Section 2: Covid-19 Deaths by Date of Death

This section of the bulletin provides provisional, updated totals of Covid-19 deaths occurring (based on the date of death) up to 16th October, taking account of the latest available death registrations up to and including 21st October 2020.

Overall, 942 Covid-19 related deaths had occurred in Northern Ireland by 16th October, twenty-seven of which occurred in the week ending 16th October. Thursday 9th April and Wednesday 22nd April saw the greatest number of Covid-19 deaths (25) occurring in a single day. A simple 7 day moving average shows the trend in Covid-19 deaths by smoothing daily fluctuations.

Figure 7: Daily and cumulative number of deaths involving COVID-19 in Northern Ireland



Key Points –Covid-19 deaths based on date of death¹

- 942 deaths mentioning Covid-19 on the death certificate have occurred in total, to 16th October (including those registered up to and including 21st October).
- The comparative number of deaths reported by the Department of Health (DoH) to 16th October² was 610 (see page 9 for definitions).
- Of the 942 total deaths involving Covid-19 occurring up to 9th October, 519 (55.1%) occurred in hospital³, 357 (37.9%) occurred in care homes, eight (0.8%) occurred in hospices and 58 (6.2%) occurred at residential addresses or another location (Figure 8).
- The 365 deaths in care homes and hospices involved 86 separate establishments.
- In the week ending 16th October, one COVID-19 related death occurred in a care home.

¹The majority of deaths are registered within five days in NI; data based on date of death are subject to ongoing change.

²Responsibility for reporting daily death figures moved from the Public Health Agency to the Department of Health on 19th April. Figures based on deaths that occurred up to 16th October but including revisions to 21st October, to account for delayed notifications.

³To aid comparison, the most recent Registrar General Annual Report notes that in 2018, 48% of all deaths occurred in hospital and 19% in care/nursing homes: <https://www.nisra.gov.uk/publications/registrar-general-annual-report-2018-deaths>

Covid-19 deaths occurring by place of death

Of the 942 total deaths involving Covid-19 occurring up to 16th October, 519 (55.1%) occurred in hospital, 357 (37.9%) occurred in care homes, eight (0.8%) occurred in hospices and 58 (6.2%) occurred at residential addresses or another location.

Figure 8: Cumulative number of Covid-19 related deaths occurring by Place of Death in Northern Ireland, to 16th October 2020

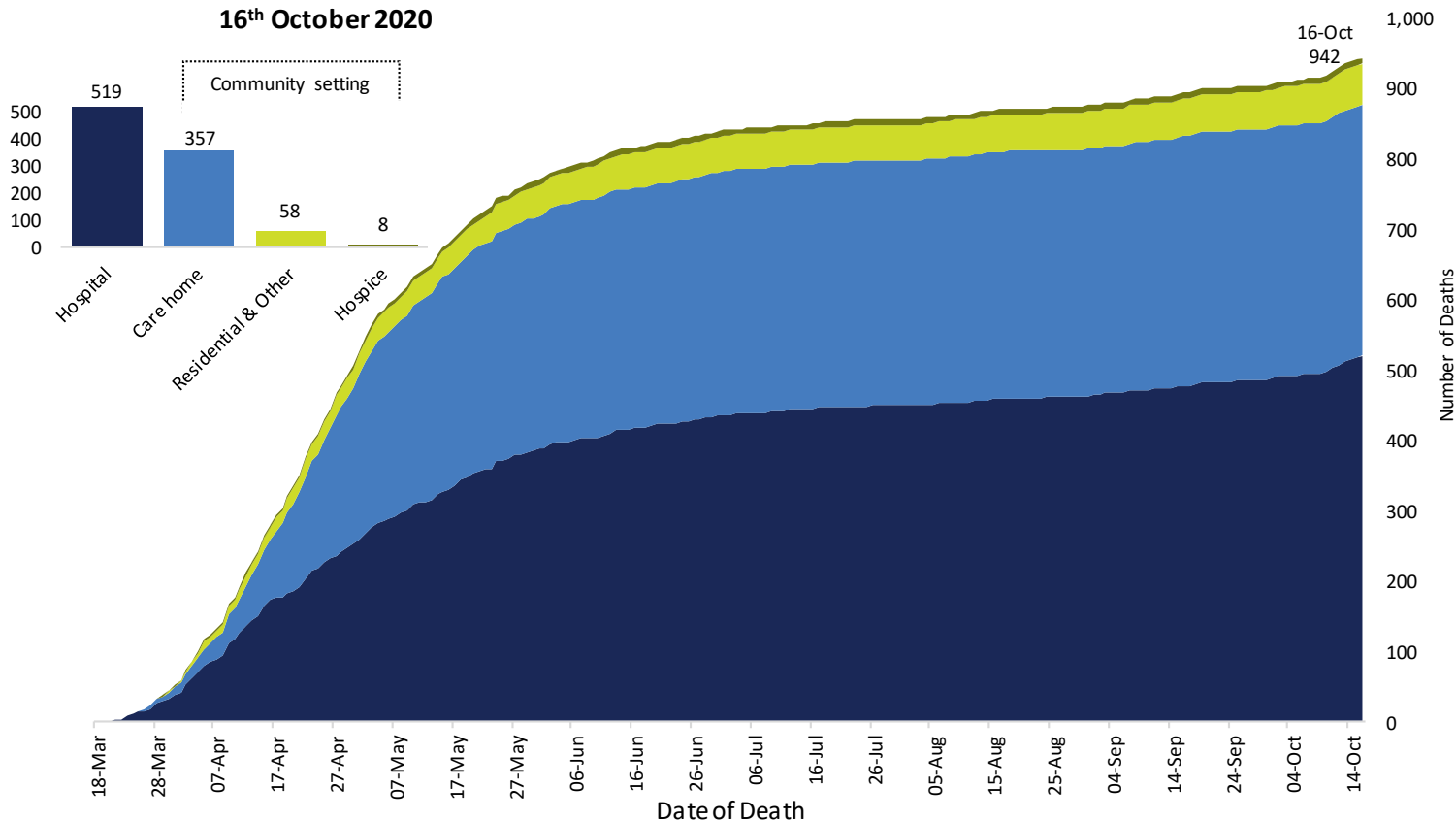


Table 3: Number of Covid-19 related deaths occurring each week, by Place of Death to 16th October 2020

| Week ending | Hospital | | Care home ¹ | | Hospice | | Residential & 'Other' | | Total | |
|---------------------------------------|------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------|----------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % |
| 26/06/2020 | 8 | 80.0% | 2 | 20.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 10 | 100% |
| 03/07/2020 | 9 | 81.8% | 2 | 18.2% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 11 | 100% |
| 10/07/2020 | 3 | 75.0% | 1 | 25.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 4 | 100% |
| 17/07/2020 | 5 | 100.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 5 | 100% |
| 24/07/2020 | 2 | 50.0% | 2 | 50.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 4 | 100% |
| 31/07/2020 | 1 | 100.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 100% |
| 07/08/2020 | 3 | 75.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 25.0% | 4 | 100% |
| 14/08/2020 | 5 | 62.5% | 2 | 25.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 12.5% | 8 | 100% |
| 21/08/2020 | 3 | 100.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 3 | 100% |
| 28/08/2020 | 2 | 100.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 2 | 100% |
| 04/09/2020 | 5 | 83.3% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 16.7% | 6 | 100% |
| 11/09/2020 | 6 | 75.0% | 1 | 12.5% | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 12.5% | 8 | 100% |
| 18/09/2020 | 6 | 66.7% | 3 | 33.3% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 9 | 100% |
| 25/09/2020 | 5 | 83.3% | 1 | 16.7% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 6 | 100% |
| 02/10/2020 | 6 | 100.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 6 | 100% |
| 09/10/2020 | 5 | 71.4% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 2 | 28.6% | 7 | 100% |
| 16/10/2020 | 24 | 88.9% | 1 | 3.7% | 0 | 0.0% | 2 | 7.4% | 27 | 100% |
| Year-to-date (week 1-41) Total | 519 | 55.1% | 357 | 37.9% | 8 | 0.8% | 58 | 6.2% | 942 | 100% |

¹Includes deaths in care homes only. Care home residents who have died in a different location will be counted elsewhere in this table.

Note: Statistics for the full year are available in the [accompanying spread sheet](#)

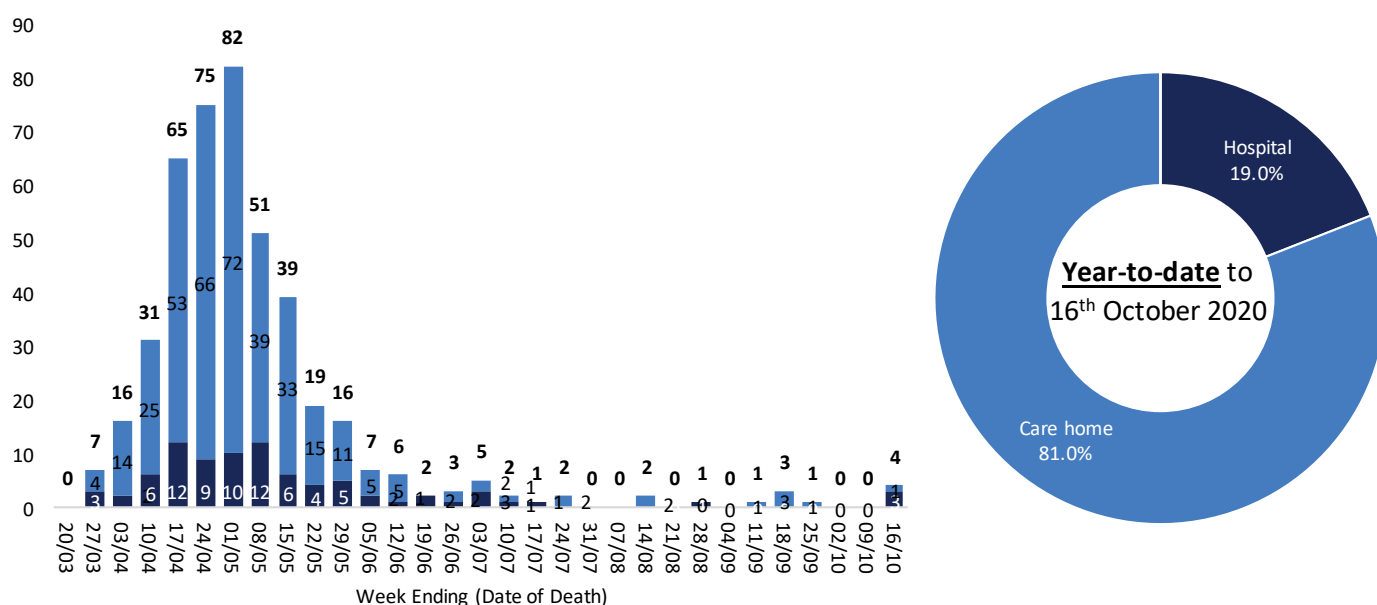
Covid-19 deaths of care home residents by place of death

This section refers to deaths of care home residents, where either (a) the death occurred in a care home, or (b) the death occurred elsewhere but the place of usual residence of the deceased was recorded as a care home. It should be noted that the statistics will not capture those cases where a care home resident died in hospital or another location and the usual address recorded on their death certificate is not a care home. In relation to part (b) of this definition, no assumptions can be made about where or when the deceased contracted Covid-19 (and all figures include probable or suspect cases).

Based on the definition above, there have been 441 deaths of care home residents involving Covid-19 in the year to date to 16th October 2020, which is 46.8% of all COVID-19 related deaths. Of the 441 deaths, 81.0% (357) occurred in a care home, with the remaining 84 occurring in hospital (Figure 9).

Of the total deaths involving Covid-19 which occurred in hospital (519) (Table 3), 16.2% (84) were accounted for by care home residents. (Further information in Table 9 of [accompanying spreadsheet](#))

Figure 9: Care home residents: Covid-19 deaths occurring by place of death, weekly and year-to-date 2020



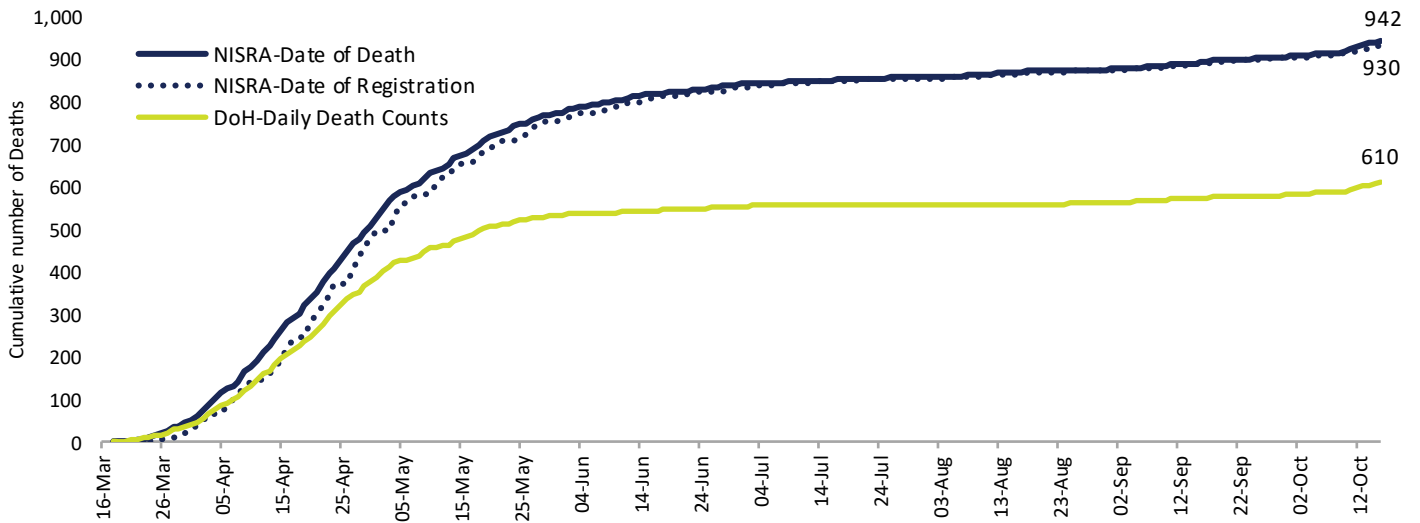
Differences between NISRA's death registration statistics and the Department of Health's daily statistics

- The **daily Northern Ireland Government updates** provided by the Department of Health (DoH) (<https://www.health-ni.gov.uk/news>) count the number of deaths reported by health trusts, where the deceased had a positive test for Covid-19 and died within 28 days, whether or not Covid-19 was the cause of death. DoH figures will not capture all deaths that do not meet this definition. These data are important because they are available earlier, and therefore give a quicker indication of what is happening day by day and are broadly comparable with the figures released daily in other parts of the United Kingdom (UK). The DoH **reported 610 deaths associated with Covid-19 by 16th October 2020**. This figure includes revisions up to 21st October to account for delayed notifications. Responsibility for reporting the daily updates moved from the Public Health Agency (PHA) to the DoH on 19th April.
- NISRA weekly provisional death statistics, which are based on death registration information collected by the General Register Office, count all deaths where Covid-19 was mentioned on the death certificate by the doctor who certified the death, whether or not Covid-19 was the primary underlying cause of death. The figures include cases where the doctor noted that there was suspected or probable coronavirus infection involved in the death. As a result the weekly totals will usually be higher than the relevant daily figures - because the DOH daily updates only include those who have tested positive for the virus. The NISRA figures include all deaths that occur outside hospital and are comparable with weekly statistics produced by the Office for National Statistics and National Records Scotland. **NISRA figures published today show the total number of Covid-19 related deaths registered by 16th October was 930**. Deaths statistics based on date of registration will be subject to only minimal change.
- NISRA separately publishes the Registrar General Quarterly Report, provisional figures for which are available up to June 2020 and which include cause of death information. These show that the total number of deaths in calendar year to 30th June 2020, with an underlying cause of death of Covid-19 was 755. In comparison, the weekly death statistics, which count the number of deaths where Covid-19 was mentioned on the death certificate, reported that in the same period there had been 830 deaths involving Covid-19. This means that Covid-19 was the underlying, primary cause of death in 91.0 percent of all deaths which mentioned Covid-19 on the death certificate.
- By analysing the registration based data using the **date the death occurred** (rather than date of registration with the General Register Office), the statistics show that **942 deaths associated with Covid-19 had occurred by 16th October**. This figure is based on deaths registered up to 21st October 2020 and is the most appropriate figure to use to understand additional deaths beyond those reported via the DoH daily bulletin. However it is also subject to ongoing change as not all deaths which occurred by 16th October 2020 will have been registered at the time of publishing these statistics.

Figure 10 below graphically demonstrates the cumulative number of deaths involving Covid-19 in Northern Ireland using different data sources up to 16th October 2020.

The latest NISRA figures show that, by 16th October 2020, 942 deaths had occurred involving Covid-19, based on registrations up to 21st October 2020. DoH figures available for the same period show a total of 610 deaths.

Figure 10: Cumulative number of deaths involving COVID-19 in Northern Ireland using different data sources up to 16th October 2020¹



¹ Responsibility for reporting daily figures moved from the PHA to the Department of Health on 19th April. These figures are based on deaths that occurred up to 16th October and include revisions up to 21st October, to account for delayed notifications.

Links to relevant publications

Deaths registered weekly in England & Wales

<https://www.ons.gov.uk/peoplepopulationandcommunity/birthsdeathsandmarriages/deaths>

Weekly Data on Deaths Registered in Scotland

<https://www.nrscotland.gov.uk/statistics-and-data/statistics/statistics-by-theme/vital-events/general-publications/weekly-and-monthly-data-on-births-and-deaths-registered-in-scotland>

Vital statistics (Central Statistics Office, Ireland)

<https://www.cso.ie/en/statistics/birthsdeathsandmarriages/>

Northern Ireland Department of Health daily Covid-19 figures

<https://www.health-ni.gov.uk/news> and [daily dashboard](#)

Number of coronavirus (Covid-19) cases and risk in the UK

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/coronavirus-covid-19-information-for-the-public>

Covid-19 Health Surveillance Monitor (Ireland)

<https://www.gov.ie/en/service/0039bc-view-the-covid-19-coronavirus-dashboard-showing-the-latest-stats-and/>

List of Tables

Data accompanying this bulletin are available from the [NISRA website](#) in Excel format. The spread sheet includes the following tables.

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Next publication: **30th October 2020**

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- meet identified user needs
- are well explained and readily accessible
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