Probation Board for Northern Ireland Caseload Statistics Report Quarter Two 2023/24



About PBNI Statistics

This report provides statistics on PBNI caseload for the second quarter of the financial year, reflecting PBNI caseload at a point in time at the end of September 2023. There are also comparators to data in previous quarters.

Statistics on the number of reports completed, the number of new orders made, and PBNI Victim Information Scheme registrations, are subject to change, particularly for the latest month. When revisions are necessary, the updates occur in each quarterly publication and considered final in the annual publication for the financial year. Percentages presented in this report are subject to rounding.

The data source for all tables and charts presented in this publication from April 2020 onwards is the PBNI's electronic case management system (ECMS). Prior to this date, a different, but compatible case management system was in place. Although care is taken when processing and analysing data increases quality assurance, it is however, subject to inaccuracies inherent in an administrative manual data recording system.

The collation and production of PBNI statistics is by seconded statisticians from the Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency (NISRA). Statistical production is subject to a UK code of practice, the details of which are available here:

Code of Practice for Statistics (statisticsauthority.gov.uk)

Contact and Further Information

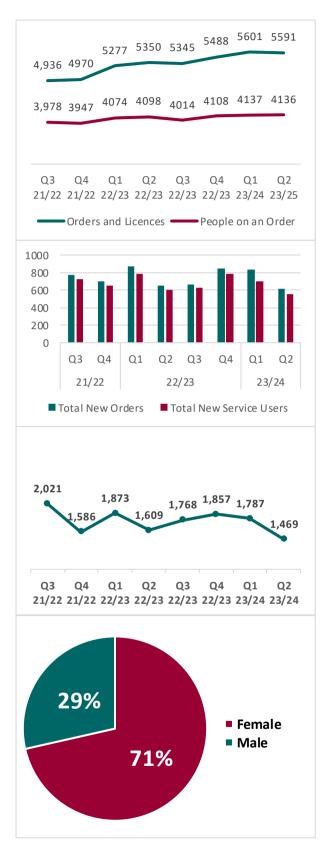
PBNI welcome feedback on these statistics and encourage requests for additional information users may wish to have included in future publications.

If you would like to forward your views / requests, contact PBNI Statistics & Research Branch email:

Statistics&research@probation-ni.gov.uk

Summary

A glossary of order and report types is available at the end of this publication.



PBNI Orders and People

There were a total of 5,591 orders and licences, belonging to 4,136 people, under supervision by PBNI at the end of September.

Both number of Orders and People remained stable this quarter, following a slight upward trend in the previous quarters.

PBNI New Orders

Q2 2023/24 saw 610 new orders, belonging to 552 people, come onto caseload.

PBNI Reports Completed

1,469 reports were completed in Q2 23/24, excluding letters to court. MCR's were the most common report type, accounting for 51% of reports completed in the quarter.

PBNI Victim Information Scheme

At the end of September there were a total of 476 Victims registered, with 96 having registered in Q2 23/24.

71% of registered victims were female, 29% male.

PBNI Orders and People

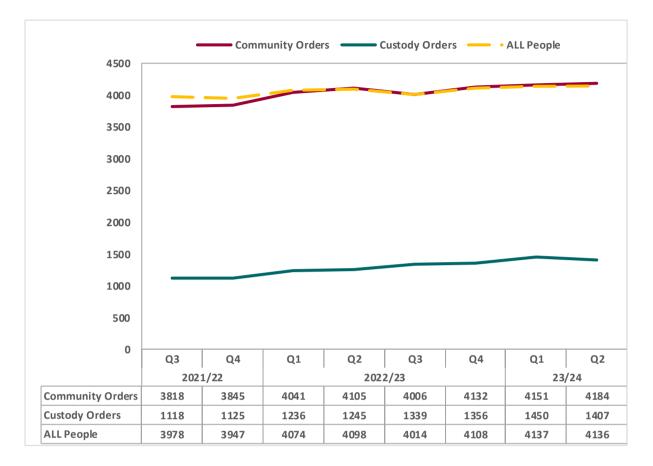


Figure 1: Community and Custody Orders on PBNI Caseload Q3 21/22 to Q2 23/24

PBNI had a total of 5,591 orders, belonging to 4,136 people, on caseload at the end of Q2 23/24.

Custody orders accounted for 25% (1,407) of all orders on caseload and 22% (899) of people on caseload.

*An individual may be subject to more than one type of order, and multiple orders of the same type.

Table 1: Point in time Type									% of casel
of Order/Licence	Q3 21/22	Q4 21/22	Q1 22/23	Q2 22/23	Q3 22/23	Q4 22/23	Q1 23/24	Q2 23/24	oad
Combination Order	440	438	490	509	494	505	535	527	9%
Community Service Order	425	408	418	408	384	401	379	370	7%
Custody Probation Order	66	65	71	74	60	69	66	71	1%
Juvenile Justice Centre Order	3	3	4	4	6	6	35	46	
Probation Order	1749	1765	1850	1839	1816	1894	1887	1858	33%
Enhanced Combination									
Order	203	211	239	247	240	233	222	216	4%
Other Orders*	1	2	1	1	1	0			
Determinate Custodial									
Sentence	1475	1496	1616	1663	1725	1786	1874	1892	34%
Life Licence	234	232	232	234	234	232	235	240	4%
Sex Offender Licence	71	68	68	74	76	73	71	71	1%
GB Licence	37	32	29	29	30	24	27	26	
Extended Custodial									
Sentence	178	187	191	196	207	200	206	207	4%
Indeterminate Custodial									
Sentence	53	53	57	57	59	57	58	59	1%
Remand/Sentence	1	1	1			0			
Other Non Statutory Case		9	10	15	13	8	6	8	
Orders and Licences	4936	4970	5277	5350	5345	5488	5601	5591	
People on an Order	3978	3947	4074	4098	4014	4108	4137	4136	
* Other Orders includes Supe Conference Order	rvised	Activity	Order,	Superv	ision a	nd Trea	atment	Order,	Youth
Percentage is not shown as the	ne deno	minato	or is less	than 5	0				

Table 1: Types of Orders / Licence on PBNI Caseload Q3 21/22 to Q2 23/24

The number of Orders and licences, as well as the number of people under supervision remained consistent in Q2, following a slight trend upwards in the previous quarters.

In Q2 23/24 the most common type of supervision was a DCS (Determinate Custodial Sentence),

accounting for 34% of the caseload. This was followed by Probation Orders which accounted for 33% of the caseload.

Number of People	Q3 21/22	Q4 21/22	Q1 22/23	Q2 22/23	Q3 22/23	Q4 22/23	Q1 23/24	Q2 23/24	Profile of Caseload
Female	457	451	472	472	455	460	445	447	11%
Male	3,521	3,496	3,602	3,626	3,559	3,648	3,692	3,689	89%
Under 20	84	81	83	72	83	86	82	67	2%
20-24	518	526	540	516	476	484	475	459	11%
25-29	704	695	695	694	657	663	662	681	16%
30-39	1,352	1,335	1,386	1,423	1,393	1,421	1,452	1,467	35%
40-49	728	707	733	739	736	767	786	779	19%
50-59	379	387	406	416	426	438	436	425	10%
60 and									
over	213	216	231	238	243	249	244	258	6%
Total People	3,978	3,974	4,074	4,098	4,014	4,108	4,137	4,136	

Table 2: Age and Gender of People on Caseload from Q3 21/22 to Q2 23/24

At the end of Q2 23/24 there were 4,136 people on caseload. Of those, 89% were male and 11% of people on caseload were female.

The most common age group for people on caseload was 30-39, with 35% of people belonging to this demographic.

Under 20's remained the smallest age demographic, representing 2% of people on caseload in Q2 23/24, followed by the 60 and over age group which represented 6%.

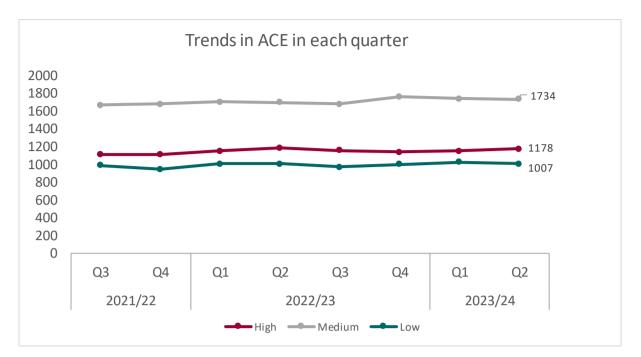


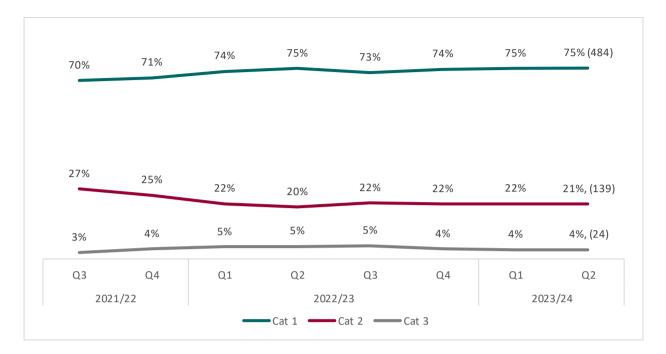
Figure 2: Number Ace Bands of Service Users on PBNI Caseload from Q3 21/22 to Q2 23/24

At the end of Q2 23/24, 30% of ACE's were in the high band, 44% in the medium band and 26% in the low band.

This has remained fairly consistent over the time period, though the numbers of ACE completions have increased along with the increasing caseload.

95% (3,919) of caseload at the end of Q2 23/24 had received an ACE assessment and been assigned an ACE band.

Figure 3: Percentage Categories of PPANI Service Users on PBNI Caseload from Q3 21/22 to Q2 23/24



At the end of Q2 23/24, 16% (647) of caseload were categorised under the Public Protection Arrangements for NI (PPANI).

75% (484) of those categorised as PPANI were assigned Cat 1.

21% (139) of those categorised as PPANI were assigned Cat 2.

4% (24) of those categorised as PPANI were assigned Cat 3.

Figure 4: Percentage of Caseload categorised as PPANI from Q3 21/22 to Q2 23/24

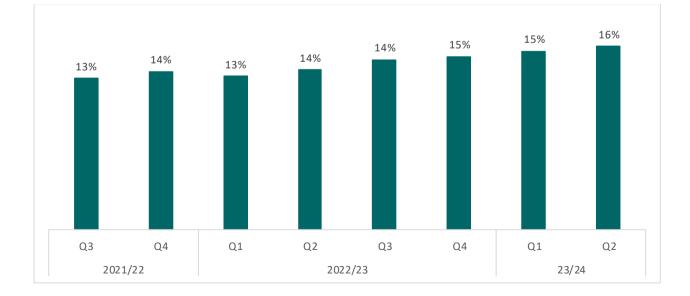
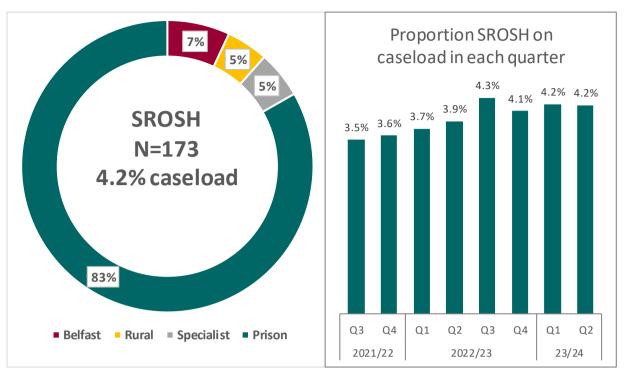


Figure 5: Directorates Supervising SROSH in Q2 23/24 and Percentage of Caseload categorised as SROSH from Q3 21/22 to Q2 23/24



At the end of Q2 23/24 there were 173 service users on caseload who were assessed as Significant Risk of Serious Harm (SROSH). This accounts for 4.2% of caseload.

83% (144) of SROSH service users were under supervision by prison teams, 5% (9) were supervised by specialist teams, 7% (12) were supervised by Belfast teams and 5% (8) were supervised by Rural teams.

PBNI New Orders / Licences and People

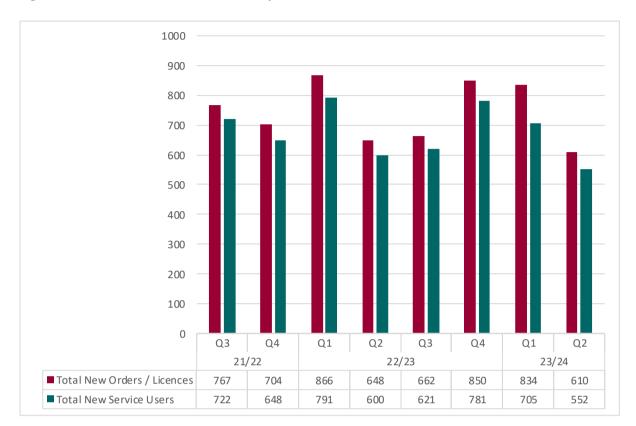


Figure 6: New Orders / Licences and People on New Orders / Licences from Q3 21/22 to Q2 23/24

Table 3: New Orders / Licences by Order / Licence Type from Q3 21/22 to Q2 23/24

	21,	/22		22/23				/24
New Orders / Licences	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Combination Order	78	86	109	84	74	100	91	85
Community Service Order	129	124	131	96	122	150	120	132
Enhanced Combination Order	32	35	64	35	21	32	27	20
Probation Order	318	295	353	269	274	341	315	250
Determinate Custodial Sentence	184	139	189	140	144	209	248	104
All Other Orders / Licences*	26	25	20	24	27	18	33	19
Total New Orders / Licences	767	704	866	648	662	850	834	610
Total New Service Users	722	648	791	600	621	781	705	552
*Other Orders/Licences include Custody	Probation	Order, Ex	tended C	ustodial O	rder, GB L	icences, I	ndetermi	nate

Custodial Sentence, Juvenile Justice Centre Orders, Life Licence and Non Statutory Case

In Q2 23/24 there were 610 new orders assigned to 552 people. The most common new order / licence in the quarter was Probation Orders, followed by Community Service Orders.

PBNI Reports Completed for Courts



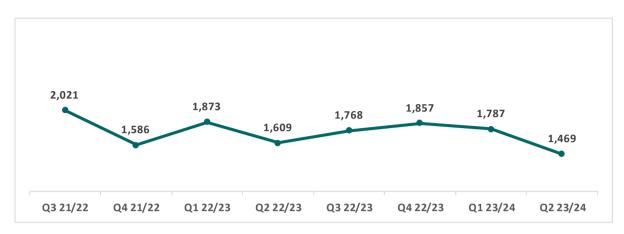


Table 4: Reports Completed by Report Type from Q3 21/22 to Q2 23/24

Report Type	Q3 21/2 2	Q4 21/2 2	Q1 22/2 3	Q2 22/2 3	Q3 22/2 3	Q4 22/2 3	Q1 23/2 4	Q2 23/2 4	% of Reports (excludin g Letters)
Addendum	232	201	187	217	205	210	231	161	11%
Breach	193	188	190	226	197	194	214	179	12%
CCR/PSR	487	335	396	212	321	337	333	195	13%
MCR	1,014	791	1,019	856	897	843	756	756	51%
Other Reports*	95	69	79	94	119	175	226	156	11%
Letter to Court	377	499	584	512	584	658	497	425	
Missing Report Type	0	2	2	4	29	98	27	22	1%
Total Including Letters	2,398	2,085	2,457	2,121	2,352	2,515	2,284	1,894	-
Total Excluding Letters	2,021	1,586	1,873	1,609	1,768	1,857	1,787	1,469	-
	*Other Reports include Probation Officers Recall Reports, Report, Short Adjournment Report, SMC Progress Report, SMC Suitability Report, SMC Assessment & Intervention Report, Revocation and								

Q2 23/24, 1,469 reports were completed when letters to court are excluded. There was a total of 1,894 reports completed when letters to court are considered.

MCR's made up the highest proportion of reports completed within the quarter, accounting for 51% of all reports (excluding letters).

PBNI Victim Information Scheme

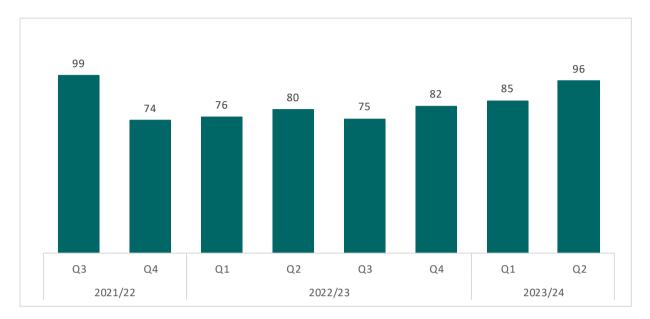
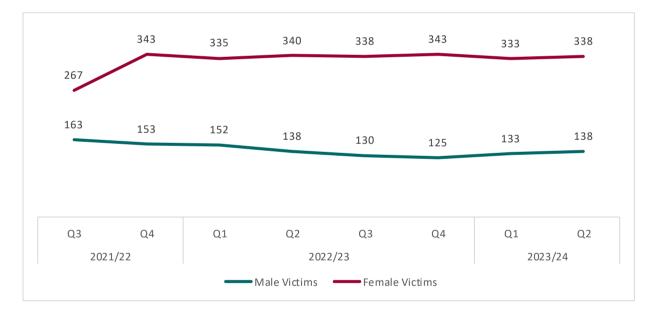


Figure 8: New Victims Registered in the quarter from Q3 21/22 to Q2 23/24





At the end of Q2 23/24 there were 476 victims registered to the Victim Information Scheme, with 96 new victims registered in the quarter.

Of those registered to the victim information scheme at the end of Q2 23/24, 71% (338) were female and 29% (138) were male.

Data Tables

Table 5: ACE Bands on Caseload from Q3 21/22 to Q2 23/24

	202	1/22		2022		2023/24		
ACE Band	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
High	1112	1112	1154	1187	1160	1138	1149	1178
Medium	1671	1680	1705	1696	1680	1763	1738	1734
Low	987	947	1010	1008	973	1000	1024	1007
Total ACE	3770	3739	3869	3891	3813	3901	3911	3919
Total Caseload	3978	3947	4074	4098	4014	4108	4137	4136
Total % Caseload	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%

 Table 6: PPANI Categories on Caseload from Q3 21/22 to Q2 23/24

	2021	L /22		2022	2023/24			
PPANI	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Cat 1	359	379	392	417	425	452	470	484
Cat 2	141	133	116	114	127	131	137	139
Cat 3	13	21	25	28	30	24	23	24
Total PPANI	513	533	533	559	582	607	630	647
Total Caseload	3978	3947	4074	4098	4014	4108	4137	4136
% PPANI	13%	14%	13%	14%	14%	15%	15%	16%

Table 7: Directorates of SROSH on Caseload from Q3 21/22 to Q2 23/24

	202	1/22		2022/23				23/24	
Significant Risk of Serious Harm	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	
Belfast	10	6	8	7	11	10	14	12	
Rural	5	5	6	5	7	9	7	8	
Specialist	12	12	11	16	17	17	8	9	
Prison	112	118	126	130	139	131	145	144	
Total	139	141	151	158	174	167	174	173	
Total Caseload	3978	3947	4074	4098	4014	4108	4137	4136	
% Caseload	3.5%	3.6%	3.7%	3.9%	4.3%	4.1%	4.2%	4.2%	

Table 8: Registrations to the Victim Information Scheme from Q3 21/22 to Q2 23/24

		New Victims Registered	Victims Registered	Male Victims	Female Victims	Female	Male
2021/22	Q3	99	430	163	267	62%	38%
2021/22	Q4	74	496	153	343	69%	31%
	Q1	76	487	152	335	69%	31%
2022/23	Q2	80	478	138	340	71%	29%
2022/25	Q3	75	468	130	338	72%	28%
	Q4	82	471	125	343	73%	27%
2023/24	Q1	85	466	133	333	71%	29%
2023/24	Q2	96	476	138	338	71%	29%

PBNI Glossary of Orders and Sentences

Combination Order	Combines a Probation Order and a Community Service
	Order. The period of Probation supervision can last from
	1 to 3 years. The Community Service part of the Order
	can range from 40 to 100 hours and must be completed
	as instructed.
Community Service Order	Requires an offender to do unpaid work in the
	community. It may be given to someone 16 or over if the
	offender consents and is between 40 and 240 hours and
	must be completed within 12 months.
Custody Probation Order	Requires an offender to serve a period of imprisonment
	followed by a period of supervision in the community
	(the period of supervision will be 1 to 3 years
	commencing on date of release) and is unique to
	Northern Ireland. This order cannot be made unless the
	offender consents. Although Custody Probation Orders
	remain on the statute books, Determinate Custodial
:	Sentences were made available from 1 April 2009. This is
	only a valid disposal where the offence was committed
	prior to April 2009.
Determinate Custodial	Requires an offender to serve a period of imprisonment
Sentence	followed by a period of supervision in the community.
	The court will specify the length of both custody and
	community supervision at sentencing. This will be the
:	standard determinate sentence for all offenders and has
	been available to the courts from 1 April 2009.
nhanced Combination Order	
	A pilot Order with a focus on rehabilitation, reparation,
	A pilot Order with a focus on rehabilitation, reparation,

	last from 1 to 3 years. The Community Service part of the
	Order can range from 40 to 100 hours and must be
	carried out at an accelerated pace.
Extended Custodial Sentence	This may be given at court if the offender has been
	convicted on indictment of a specified offence, where a
	life sentence or Indeterminate Custodial Sentence is not
	appropriate. The court must be of the opinion that there
	is a significant risk that the offender will re-offend and
	that such re-offending is likely to cause serious harm to
	members of the public. The sentence involves a portion
	of time spent in custody (at least 1 year) and a period
	under licence conditions (extension period). Prisoners
	will be referred to the Parole Commissioners of Northern
	Ireland (PCNI) approximately 6 months prior to the mid-
	point of their sentence and must demonstrate that they
	can be safely released into the community. If PCNI direct
	release, the prisoner will remain on licence for the
	remainder of the custodial term as well as the licence
	period set by the court.
GB Transfer Licence	An individual subject to licence may, given the
	agreement of the Probation Board for Northern Ireland,
	transfer to Northern Ireland from another jurisdiction in
	Great Britain.

Indeterminate Custodial	It may be given at court if the offender has been
Sentence	convicted on indictment of a specified offence, where a
	life sentence is not appropriate, but an Extended
	Custodial Sentence is not sufficient. The court must be
	of the opinion that there is a significant risk that the
	offender will re-offend and that such re-offending is
	likely to cause serious harm to members of the public.
	No release date is given for an ICS. Offenders serving an
	ICS will be given a "tariff" date which is the earliest date
	that they may become eligible for consideration for
	release by the PCNI. The tariff is a minimum of 2 years.
	An ICS prisoner will remain in custody until they have
	demonstrated to the satisfaction of the PCNI that they
	can be released safely into the community.
Inescapable Voluntary	These are offenders who continue to be supervised by
	PBNI on a voluntary basis following the end of their
	sentence, usually for the purposes of completing
	programmes. These are not statutory orders.
Juvenile Justice Centre Order	It requires a young offender (aged between 10 and 17
	years) to spend time, normally three months, in a
	Juvenile Justice Centre and then be supervised in the
	community by a probation officer, normally for three
	months.
Life Sentence Licence	An offender serving a life sentence will be released from
	custody on licence. An individual must comply with the
	conditions of his licence in order to remain in the
	community and not be returned to custody.
Probation Order	POs can last between 6 months and 3 years and puts the
	offender under the supervision of a Probation Officer for
	that period. The order may have extra requirements.
	Offender consent is required.

Remand/Sentence	It refers to persons who are remanded in custody
	awaiting sentence or who are subject to a custodial
	sentence not involving PBNI supervision on release, with
	whom PBNI works in order to assess individual risks and
	needs.
Sex Offender Licence	Article 26 of the Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland)
	Order 1996 makes provision for all offenders convicted
	of a sexual offence to be released on licence under the
	supervision of a Probation Officer.
Supervised Activity Order	It requires an offender to do unpaid work in the
	community. It may be given to someone 16 or over if the
	offender consents and lasts between 10 hours and 100
	hours and must be completed within 12 months.
Supervision and Treatment	It requires the specified person to be under supervision
Order	for a period of not more than 2 years; and to submit,
	during that period to treatment under the direction of a
	medical practitioner with a view to the improvement of
	his mental condition.

PBNI Glossary of Reports

Addendum Report	is provided to courts to supplement information
	contained within a Pre-Sentence report, where one has
	been completed within the previous 12-month period,
	or to address a specific issue at the request of the Court.
Breach Report	is provided to courts to provide an account of the
	circumstances leading to breach, details of the non-
	compliance, an outline of actions taken by the
	supervising officer, and proposed options available to
	the court.
Home Circumstances Report	is written by a Probation Officer, usually following a
	home visit, and provides a suitability assessment of an
	offender's proposed residence prior to their release
	from custody.
Home Leave Report	is written by a prison-based Probation Officer and
	provides a suitability assessment of a prisoner's
	proposed temporary release from custody.
Magistrates' Court Report	is a brief focussed report written by a Probation Officer
(MCR)	supplied to Magistrates' courts to assist in sentencing
	decisions and can be completed on the day. This report
	type was piloted in five Courts between 1 November
	2016 and 31 March 2018 but has been available to all
	Magistrates the courts from 1 April 2018.
Parole Commissioners/Life	provide Parole Commissioners with information prior to
Sentence Unit Reports	release; covering offender's attitude to supervision,
	response to PBNI interventions, risk assessment, post-
	release supervision plan, and recommendations for
	release.
Pre-Sentence Report (PSR)	is written by a Probation Officer on an offender before
	sentencing at court. The purpose of the report is to
	provide the Judge with information to assist in the

	sentencing decision. From 1 April 2018, this format of
	report will be presented solely to Crown Courts.
Probation Officers Reports	are generic reports that Probation Officers provide to
	courts, for the purposes of providing an update to
	Sentencers or request an amendment or an extension of
	an order.
Recall Report	is provided to Parole Commissioners of Northern Ireland
	(and copied to the Public Protection Branch of the
	Department of Justice) when the decision to initiate
	recall proceedings has been taken by PBNI. The report
	provides an account of the circumstances leading to
	recall, details of the non-compliance, an outline of
	actions taken by the supervising officer, and proposed
	actions to reduce risk in future.
Revocation Report	is provided to courts to provide an account of the
	offender's circumstances, an explanation for the need
	for revocation of the order and to assist in the re-
	sentencing decision