Northern Ireland Police Fund Annual Report and Accounts For the year ended 31 March 2020

Laid before the Northern Ireland Assembly under Section 9(d) of the Northern Ireland Police Fund Regulations 2016

on

23 December 2020

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PERFORMANCE REPORT

OVERVIEW

The purpose of the Overview is to provide sufficient information to ensure that the remit and purpose of the Northern Ireland Police Fund (NIPF) is understood. The Overview includes:

- a statement from the Chief Executive providing his perspective on the performance of NIPF over the period;
- a statement of the purpose and activities of NIPF;
- the key issues and risks that could affect NIPF in delivering its objectives; and
- a performance summary.

FOREWORD BY CHIEF EXECUTIVE

I am pleased to present the Annual Report for the Northern Ireland Police Fund for 2019-20.

This year has been one of change for the NIPF. There has been an increase in the amount paid by NIPF in respect of disability adaptations to clients, which reflects the changing needs of clients. These payments are based on recommendations from NIPF's Occupational Therapists and cover interventions linked to the legacy of injuries or increasing age. This reflects the flexibility of the NIPF's schemes to meet changing client needs.

This year has also seen changes within the Board of NIPF. Three Board Members stepped down from office as their terms of office ended on 31 March 2020. I am very grateful for the contribution made to the work of NIPF by Deirdre Kenny, Kelly Robinson and Brian McCargo and I want to thank them on behalf of our staff and clients for their wisdom and support over the past four years and to wish them well in the future.

Four new Board Members have been appointed from 1 April 2020 by the Minister of Justice. They are Alice O'Kane, Brenda Plummer, Colin Caughey and Jonathon Craig. During the year the Minister also appointed Chief Superintendent Simon Walls and Gareth Jenkins to be the Chief Constable's representative and the representative of the Police Federation for Northern Ireland respectively.

I can also report that Fiona McGregor, Head of Assessment, who was on a career break, decided to resign from the NIPF. Fiona served NIPF with great distinction and empathy over most of the Fund's existence and she will be greatly missed by the Board, staff and clients. I am deeply grateful to Fiona for all the support she has given me over my time as Chief Executive. A formal process to replace Fiona on a permanent basis will be held in due course and Joanne McComb will continue as Acting Head of Assessment interim.

I am particularly grateful for the support of all my staff throughout the year. Their professionalism, dedication and hard work has been exemplary and I wish to thank them for their support during the changes which have taken place. I also want to record my thanks to Dr Michael Wardlow, who will continue as Chair of the Board and the Management Board for all their support and encouragement throughout the year.

STATEMENT OF PURPOSE AND ACTIVITIES

History

The Northern Ireland Police Fund was set up in late 2001 as a government response to the Independent Commission on Policing for Northern Ireland, Patten Recommendation 87, as reviewed by John Steele. NIPF was to supplement the income of those on very low pensions, help finance the procurement of better prostheses or household equipment for the disabled and make bursaries for disabled officers and their children who wish to study.

Until 31 March 2016 NIPF operated as a Company Limited by Guarantee and was governed by company law. From 1 April 2016 the status of NIPF changed to that of an Executive Non-Departmental Public Body (NDPB) of the Department of Justice (DoJ).

Aims and objectives

The overall aim of NIPF is to improve the quality of life of its clients by providing financial and other support.

Description of business

NIPF achieves its objectives by providing a comprehensive, quality service to its clients. It is proactive in seeking to meet their needs, and provides a range of schemes designed to meet those needs now and in the future.

NIPF's principal activity during the year was the provision of financial assistance, advice, support and care to members and former members of the Royal Ulster Constabulary, the Royal Ulster Constabulary Reserve, the Police Service of Northern Ireland, the Police Service of Northern Ireland Reserve who were killed or injured by terrorism, and their families and dependants.

NIPF, being mindful of the problems and traumas faced by its clients, delivers a caring and considerate service, and seeks at all times to minimise any unwarranted intrusion into the lives of its clients consistent with meeting the requirements of its schemes.

Organisational structure

The NIPF is headed by the Chief Executive who reports to a Management Board consisting of a Chairperson and Non-Executive Members who are all appointed by the Minister of Justice or Department of Justice. The Chief Executive is supported by a small team of operational and administrative staff.

Principal risks and uncertainties

NIPF's policy for managing risk is set out in Section 4 of the Governance Statement. The principal risks faced by NIPF are changing government priorities affecting funding, increased pressures to meet the growing requirements of Departmental oversight and the complexities of corporate governance from within very limited resources, and the possibility of fraud in grant applications.

NIPF continues to take on new clients particularly as the impact of Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD) may become more apparent. In such cases it remains the policy that all new clients must have a Band 2 disability rating with a causal incident directly related to terrorist attack. The needs of existing clients will change as they grow older and it will be a challenge for NIPF to ensure that the support it provides will meet the changing needs of clients.

Going concern

In accordance with the Government Financial Reporting Manual, the financial statements of NIPF in respect of the financial year to 31 March 2020 are prepared on a going concern basis. The going concern basis is set out in Note 1.2 to the Accounts.

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY AND FORWARD LOOK

Performance summary

Grant Payments

During the year, NIPF made 188 (2018-19: 349) grants to individual clients covering general support, disability adaptations, educational bursaries, regular payments to those on very low incomes, and respite breaks for carers. It made a further 497 (2018-19: 498) recognition payments to eligible clients of NIPF with 71 (2018-19: 72) payments to early widows. It also supported six police support voluntary bodies where their activities were of benefit to the clients of NIPF.

Impact of Covid-19

Covid-19 had a profound effect during the last six weeks of the 2019-20 financial year and this has continued into the 2020-21 financial year. It has not been possible to undertake any home visits and the NIPF office has been closed to visitors. In addition it has only been possible to open the office on a limited basis and with reduced staff under "lockdown". This has had an inevitable impact on the work of NIPF although staff have been establishing contact with clients via telephone and cases continue to be processed where possible. A limiting factor has been the unavailability of suppliers which has restricted the ability of clients to get quotes or supply of both works and equipment.

Impact of EU Exit

There has been no significant impact from the UK's EU exit on the business of NIPF during 2019-20.

Forward look

NIPF continues to look at how best it might meet its clients' needs in the future and especially how it needs to develop and adopt new schemes to meet the dual challenges of ageing and disability.

Although Covid-19 has had an impact on the way in which NIPF is working, staff continue to respond to client needs as far as possible. It is difficult to forecast when it will be possible to engage fully with clients as this depends on the way in which the rules and advice on Covid-19 develops. At present there is no indication that home visits will be possible for the foreseeable future.

PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS

Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure

Financial Review

The NIPF financial statements for 2019-20 are compared to the previous two financial years in the table below:

	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18
	£	£	£
Total operating income	(36,113)	(35,174)	(7,273)
Staff costs Purchase of goods and services Depreciation and impairment charges Grants	281,539	280,345	232,736
	104,991	115,385	111,305
	1,607	3,158	4,120
	1,063,855	1,096,130	1,106,739
Total operating expenditure	1,451,992	1,495,018	1,454,900

Net operating expenditure 1,415,879 1,459,844 1,447,627 Finance expense 125 1,178 Net expenditure for the year 1,415,879 1,456,969 1,448,805

Financial position

The total net assets of NIPF at 31 March 2020 were £76,962 (2018-19: £21,836).

Cash flow

As detailed in the notes to the Accounts, the NIPF's Net Assembly draw down in 2019-20 was £1,471,000 (2018-19: £1,463,000) and the net increase in cash and cash equivalents in the year was £76,482 (2018-19: increase of £13,370).

Financial risk

NIPF relies on the Department of Justice for funding and the risk to this funding is low. NIPF accounts for all transactions in sterling and it has it no borrowings. As such, NIPF is not exposed to any exchange rate or liquidity risk.

Auditors

The financial statements are audited by the Comptroller and Auditor General for Northern Ireland (C&AG), who heads the Northern Ireland Audit Office (NIAO) and is appointed by statute and reports to the Assembly. The C&AG and his staff are wholly independent of NIPF.

The audit fee for the work performed by the staff of the C&AG during the reporting period, and which relates solely to the audit of these financial statements, was £10,000 (2018-19: £10,000). The C&AG may also undertake other statutory activities that are not related to the audit of the body's financial statements such as Value for Money reports. No such activity took place during the year.

Payment to suppliers

NIPF's policy is to pay bills from all suppliers within 10 working days following receipt of a properly rendered invoice or in accordance with contractual conditions, whichever is the earlier.

During the financial year, NIPF achieved an average of 98.3% (2018-19: 98.5%) of invoices paid to suppliers within 10 working days following receipt of a properly rendered invoice. NIPF achieved an average of 100% (2018-19: 100%) of invoices paid to suppliers within 30 calendar days following receipt of a properly rendered invoice.

Social responsibility, environmental and sustainability initiatives

NIPF is committed to behaving ethically, to contributing to the local community, to minimising our impact on the environment. Throughout the year NIPF participated in a recycling scheme for toner cartridges and, where possible, uses paper products that have a low environmental impact. NIPF's recycling also includes printed and office paper, tin and metal products, envelopes, cardboard and plastics.

Health and safety

NIPF is committed to providing staff with an environment that is, as far as possible, safe and free from risk to health. In line with this commitment, NIPF complied with the relevant legislation.

There were no notifiable accidents during 2019-20.

Human rights

Public servants have a statutory duty to respect, protect and fulfil people's human rights when developing and delivering government policy and services. The Northern Ireland Human Rights Commission (NIHRC) interactive guide to Human Rights is available to staff in NIPF to ensure they have knowledge of human rights law and standards and the core principles through which human rights are realised. The training is designed to increase human rights knowledge and strengthen the culture of human rights awareness and good practice within the organisation.

Anti-corruption and anti-bribery

NIPF is committed to the values of probity and accountability which foster a positive organisational culture. It is also committed to the elimination of any fraud within the organisation, to the rigorous investigation of any prima facie case, and, where fraud or other criminal acts are proven, to ensure that wrongdoers are dealt with appropriately. NIPF will take proportionate steps to recover any assets lost as a result of fraud, corruption or theft. It also has a zero tolerance approach towards acts of bribery and corruption by staff, associated persons and organisations.

PERFORMANCE REPORT

R G Pedlow

Chief Executive and Accounting Officer

15 December 2020

Comie Red Box

ACCOUNTABILITY REPORT

The Accountability section of the Annual Report outlines how NIPF meets its key accountability requirements to the Assembly and ensures best practice with corporate governance norms and codes. The three sub-sections within the Accountability Report are outlined below.

i - Corporate Governance Report

The purpose of this section is to explain the composition and organisation of NIPF's governance structures and how they support the achievement of its objectives.

As a minimum, the corporate governance report must include:

- Directors' Report;
- Statement of Accounting Officer's responsibilities; and
- Governance Statement.

ii - Remuneration and Staff Report

This section sets out NIPF's remuneration policy for directors, reports on how that policy has been implemented and sets out the amounts awarded to directors as salary and pension entitlements.

In addition the report provides information relating to remuneration and staff that the Assembly and other users see as key to accountability.

iii - Assembly Accountability and Audit Report

This section brings together the key Assembly accountability documents within the Annual Report and Accounts. It comprises:

- regularity of expenditure;
- Assembly accountability disclosures; and
- Certificate and Report of the Comptroller and Auditor General to the Assembly.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Board

The NIPF Management Board oversees the work of the organisation. Its role is to lead NIPF's strategic planning and assist the Chief Executive, who is also the Accounting Officer, in meeting corporate governance responsibilities of NIPF.

During 2019-20, the Board consisted of:

Position	Member
Chief Executive	Ronnie Pedlow
Non-Executive Member	Dr Michael Wardlow (Chairperson)
Non-Executive Member	Mark Lindsay (until December 2020)
Non-Executive Member	Gareth Jenkins (from January 2020)
Non-Executive Member	Chief Superintendent Simon Walls (from June 19)
Non-Executive Member	Deirdre Kenny*
Non-Executive Member	Brian McCargo*
Non-Executive Member	Kelly Robinson*

^{*} The terms of office for three Board Members ended on 31 March 2020. Four new Board Members were appointed by the Minister of Justice from 1 April 2020.

Board Members' interests

Details of company directorships and other significant interests held by Board Members are set out within the related party disclosures at Note 15 in the Accounts. NIPF maintains a Register of Interests for senior management and Board Members which is updated on a quarterly basis. In addition, any conflicts of interest are declared by the Board Members at each meeting. Access to the Register of Interests may be gained by contacting the Office Manager at NIPF.

Information assurance

There were no incidences of loss of information assets or personal data during 2018-19 or 2019-20 which were required to be reported to the Information Commissioner's Office.

Complaints

There were no complaints in 2018-19 or 2019-20.

NON-EXECUTIVES' REPORT

Overview

The 2019-20 year was a good year for the Northern Ireland Police Fund ('the Fund'). It was one in which we welcomed both Chief Superintendent Simon Walls into our membership as a replacement for CS George Clarke as the Chief Constable's representative and Gareth Jenkins as replacement for Mark Lindsay as the representative for the Police Federation. We offer them both our congratulations on their appointments. At the end of the year, a competition took place for all the other Non-Executive Member (NEM) positions and we started the new financial year with five new appointments, one of which was my re-appointment as Chair.

I want to take this opportunity to thank all outgoing members, Brian McCargo, Deirdre Kenny and Kelly Robinson for their commitment and input into the work of the Fund during their terms of office. Their contribution will be missed.

We were delighted that the DoJ accepted the recommendation of the Board to extend the secondment of the CEO, Ronnie Pedlow for a second and final term until 31 March 2021. Ronnie continues to offer inspirational leadership to the Fund during these difficult days. It was with sadness that we accepted the resignation of Fiona Sinclair as Head of Assessment Team within the Northern Ireland Police Fund. We wish Fiona all the best for the future and thank her for her years of excellent service to the Fund.

The new Board continues to provide direction, support and challenge to the staff of the Fund in taking forward the valuable work of the Fund supporting police officers who were injured, and the families and dependents of police officers who were killed, by terrorism.

The Fund continued to work within budget and finished the year within budget and within the target of 1%.

Board

The Board met seven times during the year (March's meeting was cancelled due to "lockdown" being introduced) where it received ongoing reports on finance, management, and a wide variety of activities particularly in relation to disbursement of grants to clients. The year also saw the review of a number of policies and the continued monitoring of the recent regulations on GDPR. The Board also received training on Outcome Based Accountability. All Board members appreciate the continued excellent work put in by staff to ensure full compliance with all necessary regulations.

As I have already said above, we were able to redress the pressure on the Board faced last year with the appointment of a Minister of Justice and the successful conclusion of a NEM competition. The following new members were appointed for a four year term - Brenda Plummer and Jonathan Craig. The following were appointed for a three year term - Colin Caughey and Alice O'Kane. The difference in appointment terms was to ensure that the whole Board does not fall due for renewal at the same time again.

We were delighted to welcome our second boardroom apprentice this year, Holly Taylor. She has been an excellent colleague and has been consistent in her attendance and contribution to the Fund's strategic development.

Audit and Risk Committee

The Audit and Risk Committee (ARC) met on three occasions this year under the excellent Chair Kelly Robinson. The Committee received ongoing reports from internal and external audit colleagues, counter fraud activities updates, finance, and transformation reports.

ARC also undertook continual scrutiny of the Fund's Risk Register which was reviewed and updated throughout the year, particularly in the context of the changing environment. During the year a number of reports were delivered by the internal audit and at the end of the year there were no outstanding matters apart from the NIAO Priority 2 on Receipts which has since been addressed.

Once again I would thank all my former colleagues for their attendance and service on the committee and for Ronnie as CEO for his hard work together with staff colleagues Helen, Joanne, Beverley, Stephen and Rosemary.

Conclusion

Overall this has been a good, though challenging year for the Fund. It saw the final year of service of three existing Board members, the addition of two colleagues from the police family and the loss of an esteemed colleague, Fiona. All previous Board Members gave exceptional personal commitments during this year, with a reduced Board, to ensure the work of the Board and the Fund continued with a minimal if any impact on clients.

In this as ever we are grateful for the work of the Fund's staff and their resilience in continuing to deliver the highest possible level of service to the Fund's clients.

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING OFFICER'S RESPONSIBILITIES

Under paragraph 9 of The Northern Ireland Police Fund Regulations 2016, the Department of Justice (DoJ) has directed the Northern Ireland Police Fund to prepare for each financial year a statement of accounts in the form and on the basis set out in the Accounts Direction. The Accounts are prepared on an accruals basis and must give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Northern Ireland Police Fund and of its income and expenditure, changes in taxpayer's equity and cash flows for the financial year.

In preparing the Accounts, the Accounting Officer is required to comply with the requirements of the Government Financial Reporting Manual and in particular to:

- observe the Accounts Direction issued by DoJ, including the relevant accounting and disclosure requirements, and apply suitable accounting policies on a consistent basis:
- make judgements and estimates on a reasonable basis;
- state whether applicable accounting standards, as set out in the Government Financial Reporting Manual, have been followed, and disclose and explain any material departures in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

The Accounting Officer for the DoJ has designated the Chief Executive of the Northern Ireland Police Fund as Accounting Officer for the year of account.

The responsibilities of an Accounting Officer, including responsibility for the propriety and regularity of the public finances for which the Accounting Officer is answerable, for keeping proper records and for safeguarding the Northern Ireland Police Fund's assets, are set out in the Accounting Officer's Memorandum, issued by the Department of Finance (DoF) and published in Managing Public Money Northern Ireland.

As far as the Chief Executive as Accounting Officer is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the entity's auditors are unaware and the Accounting Officer has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the entity's auditors are aware of that information.

The Chief Executive as Accounting Officer confirms that the Annual Report and Accounts as a whole is fair, balanced and understandable and takes personal responsibility for the Annual Report and Accounts and the judgements required for determining that it is fair, balanced and understandable.

GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

1. Scope of responsibility

The Northern Ireland Police Fund was set up in late 2001 as a government response to the Independent Commission on Policing for Northern Ireland, Patten Recommendation 87, as reviewed by John Steele. Its principal activity throughout the year was the provision of financial assistance, advice, support and care to members and former members of the Royal Ulster Constabulary, the Royal Ulster Constabulary Reserve, the Police Service of Northern Ireland and the Police Service of Northern Ireland Reserve who have been injured or disabled as a direct result of terrorism. It also provides support to the widows, families and dependants of police officers who have been injured or killed as a direct result of terrorist attack.

It has as its mission statement:

Alleviating suffering resulting from terrorist attacks on police officers by providing continuing support for them and their families.

The core business of NIPF centres on clients. The needs of clients are at the heart of NIPF's schemes and services, and as client needs change and develop over time NIPF's schemes are regularly reviewed and evolve to meet need and demand.

NIPF's approach to client service goes beyond grants and NIPF will work with other agencies, particularly within the police family, to try to ensure that the needs of clients are met as well as possible. NIPF's assessment team also aims to visit, personally, all clients at least once every 18 months which allows the team to assess changing client need, inform clients about opportunities available to them through NIPF and develop the best support available within the parameters of NIPF's support schemes.

We strive to ensure a high quality client based service balanced by the best possible use of NIPF's budget, within the parameters of governance and accounting requirements.

2. Purpose of the governance framework

The governance framework is designed to monitor and record the stewardship of the organisation and to supplement the accounts, providing a sense of how successfully NIPF has coped with the challenges it faces.

The framework is the way in which NIPF operates and allows it to monitor how it achieves its objectives and targets while ensuring the best use of public funds.

The internal control system underpins the governance framework and is designed to ensure that risks are managed appropriately in line with NIPF's risk appetite. It cannot eliminate all risks but rather provides reasonable assurance of effectiveness. It is based on an ongoing process through which NIPF has identified and prioritised the risks to the achievement of its policies, objectives and targets. It also evaluates the likelihood of risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and how they are being managed and mitigated efficiently, effectively and economically.

3. Governance framework

The Chief Executive and Non-Executive Members are committed to operating in a responsible manner and the governance framework forms an integral part of this approach in order to safeguard public funds. A robust governance framework, as described below, supports the Chief Executive and Board Members in discharging their corporate governance responsibilities.

The Corporate Governance Framework has been in place in NIPF for the year ended 31 March 2020 and up to the date of the annual report and accounts, and is in accordance with DoF Guidance. NIPF also complied with the Corporate Governance Code.

NIPF is subject to the disclosure requirements under the Freedom of Information Act 2000. There have been no Ministerial directions during the course of the year.

Corporate accountability

NIPF is an Executive NDPB of the Department of Justice (DoJ). The Chief Executive is a seconded Grade 7 civil servant and the Accounting Officer for NIPF. He is responsible for the operational management of NIPF and the delivery of Board policy. He reports directly to the Chairperson.

The Accounting Officer's responsibilities are delegated from the Permanent Secretary of the DoJ, to the Chief Executive, who as NIPFs Accounting Officer is accountable for the effective, efficient and economic use of resources provided to NIPF, for the propriety and regularity of its expenditure, the safety and security of staff and for ensuring that the requirements of Managing Public Money Northern Ireland are met.

The Chief Executive and the Board Members pay careful attention to the Management Statement and Financial Memorandum agreed with the Departmental Sponsor.

Management Board

The Chief Executive is supported by a Management Board ('the Board') consisting a Chairperson and Non-Executive Members who have been appointed by the Minister of Justice or Department of Justice, and who govern the conduct of NIPF though formal reporting and decision making. Board Members comprise a mixture of individuals providing a balance of skills and abilities ranging from strong ties with the policing family, through to experience of the specialisms required to fulfil the Board's functions, which range from decisions affecting client grants to governance and oversight of performance.

The Board meets monthly and at the corporate and strategic level Board Members regularly review progress and performance against the objectives and targets set in NIPF's Business Plan. This includes the ongoing monitoring of corporate risks and the oversight of the performance and risks at the operational level.

Attendance by Members at Board meetings during 2019-20 was as follows:

Member	Possible Attendance	Actual Attendance	% Attendance
Dr Michael Wardlow	7	7	100%
Mark Lindsay (to December 2019)	5	0	0%
Gareth Lindsay (from January 2020)	3	2	67%
Chief Superintendent Simon Walls (from June 2019)	6	4	67%
Deirdre Kenny*	7	7	100%
Brian McCargo*	7	7	100%
Kelly Robinson*	7	6	86%

^{*} The terms of office for three Board Members ended on 31 March 2020. Four new Board Members were appointed by the Minister of Justice from 1 April 2020.

Audit and Risk Committee

The Accounting Officer and Board Members are supported in their roles by the Audit and Risk Committee which usually meets at least four times a year and monitors the corporate governance and control systems within NIPF. It considers progress against assurance plans, adequacy of the risk management framework and risk register and any proposed risk mitigation, adherence to procurement policies and guidelines, internal and external audit strategies and management response to audit recommendations.

The Audit Committee is chaired by a member of the Board and has a member independent of the Board. It has full access to all audit reports, risk registers and management reports. The Committee is attended by representatives from internal and external audit and the Departmental Sponsor.

Attendance at Audit and Risk Committee meetings during 2019-20 was as follows:

Member	Possible Attendance	Actual Attendance	% Attendance
Kelly Robinson (Chairperson)	3	2	67%
Deirdre Kenny	3	3	100%
Brian McCargo	3	2	67%
Leanne McCullough	3	3	100%

Finance and General Purposes Committee

The Board may also convene a Finance and General Purposes Committee to carry out specific items of work as required by it. This Committee was convened once during the year. Depending on the level of funding applications, grants to clients are awarded through delegated authority to the Chief Executive and/or through case conferences which comprise a quorum of four Board Members. Client appeals are heard at Board meetings.

Annual report and accounts

Each year NIPF prepares an annual report and accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Manual (FReM) and DoF guidance, prior to being laid in the Assembly.

Ongoing governance oversight of NIPF is achieved through quarterly governance meetings with the Departmental Sponsor and through regular Departmental governance and financial reports and returns.

Policies and procedures

NIPF has internal controls in place which are supported by policies and procedures which are adhered to throughout the organisation. NIPF also has a system of signed authorisation forms and tiered approval processes which are an effective internal control system and delegates a level of individual accountability throughout NIPF.

4. Risk management and internal control

NIPF's internal control and risk management processes act as enablers for the delivery of effective governance and demonstrate that adequate internal controls are in place and operating effectively.

To assist in the risk management process, NIPF has developed a risk management policy which sets out its methodology for identifying, assessing and managing risk in line with the risk appetite, outlines the key aspects of the risk management process and identifies the reporting procedures. A risk register is maintained and reviewed on a quarterly basis by the Board and the register, along with a summary of changes made in the intervening period is submitted to each Audit and Risk Committee meeting and governance meeting with the Departmental Sponsor. The Register is also reviewed on a monthly basis by the Chief Executive and staff.

NIPF adheres to specific financial arrangements, delegated from the Department to the Accounting Officer in relation to the principles within Managing Public Money Northern Ireland (MPMNI) for the expenditure, regularity, propriety and value for money which applies to all public expenditure. NIPF implements and adheres to relevant DoJ and DoF policies where they are appropriate to NIPF including financial, procurement and accounting policies and procedures, information security policy, policies on fraud and anti-bribery, and whistleblowing, a requirement to declare conflicts of interest and a gifts and hospitality policy.

5. Review of effectiveness of the governance framework

As Accounting Officer I have responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the governance framework and the system of internal control. This has been informed through a number of elements within NIPF.

NIPF's Board has a vital role in ensuring that NIPF has an effective system of internal control. It met on seven separate occasions during the year to discuss and make decisions relating to, but not limited to: strategy, governance, performance, financial planning and monitoring, budget proposals, risk, security, policies and procedures. The Board again acknowledges the significant improvement in the quality of data presented in management information reports during the year, particularly financial data, which has enabled the Board to have a fuller corporate overview of performance within NIPF. This includes but is not limited to: cumulative data on client based activities, spend, prompt payments statistics and security and fraud matters.

In terms of Board attendance, I have commented last year, and earlier in the Report, on the pressure to ensure a quorum. This has resulted in a reduction in the number of Board meetings in the year due to an inability to achieve a quorum for several scheduled meetings. The appointment of a new Chief Constable's representative and a new representative of the Police Federation for Northern Ireland, along with the appointment of four new Non-Executive Members to the Board for 2020-21 onwards, will help to alleviate this pressure.

The Audit and Risk Committee also keeps governance issues under review. It met three times during the year to consider significant aspects within the governance framework including, but not limited to: reports from internal and external audit on systems and procedural reviews, the annual report to those charged with governance and the management response, quarterly risk register reviews from the Board and procurement issues.

In accordance with the National Audit Office 'Good Practice Self-Assessment Checklist' for public sector Audit Committees, the Audit and Risk Committee, along with the Board, has undertaken Corporate Governance training which included specific training on the role of an audit and risk committee. The outcome gave assurance that best practices were being followed in key areas.

NIPF meets quarterly with the Departmental Sponsor to discuss governance issues and agree actions for improvement.

In addition to this, NIPF also makes a significant number of formal monthly, six monthly and annual returns to the Department. These include but are not limited to:

- stewardship statements;
- corporate governance statements;
- security risk management overview;
- information assurance maturity action plan;
- financial forecasts and resource budget monitoring returns;
- monitoring rounds; and
- compliance reports on the use of consultants.

6. Budget position

The Assembly passed the Budget Act (Northern Ireland) 2020 in March 2020 which authorised the cash and use of resources for all departments for the 2019-20 year, based on the Executive's final expenditure plans for the year. The Budget Act (Northern Ireland) 2020 also authorised a Vote on Account to authorise departments' access to cash and use of resources for the early months of the 2020-21 financial year.

While it would be normal for this to be followed by the 2020-21 Main Estimates and the associated Budget (No. 2) Bill before the summer recess, the Covid-19 emergency and the unprecedented level of allocations which the Executive has agreed in response, has necessitated that the Budget (No. 2) Bill is instead authorising a further Vote on Account to ensure departments have access to the cash and resources through to the end of October 2020, when the Main Estimates will be brought to the Assembly and the public expenditure position is more stable.

7. Significant internal control issues

No significant internal control issues were identified during the year.

8. Accounting Officer statement on assurance

I have been advised on the implications of the result of my review and of the effectiveness of the system of internal control by the Board, the Audit and Risk Committee and through the internal auditor's annual opinion on assurance.

The Public Sector Internal Auditing Standards requires that I report any significant control issues brought to my attention by the Internal Auditors In respect of 2019-20. I have been informed by internal audit on the adequacy and effectiveness of internal controls operating within NIPF. Internal Audit produced a report on NIPF's grants to organisations and has given a satisfactory assurance with no recommendations. Progress on issues raised by internal and external audit continues to be formally monitored through the Audit and Risk Assurance Committee. There were no Priority 1 recommendations from either internal and external audits, and one Priority 2 recommendation from external audit. This continues to be reported to and monitored by the Departmental Audit and Risk Assurance Committee.

The Head of Internal Audit provides me with an Annual Report and her professional opinion on the level of assurance that she can provide based on the work done. The Head of Internal Audit forms her professional opinion on the basis of the Internal Audit work completed over a three year period and she has provided overall satisfactory assurance.

Taking these matters into account, I am content that the internal control framework in operation within NIPF provides reasonable assurance that objectives can be met.

REMUNERATION AND STAFF REPORT

Remuneration policy

The salaries of seconded civil servants in the Northern Ireland Police Fund are based on a review of grading completed in 2005 and the level of pay settlements in the Northern Ireland Civil Service (NICS).

The pay policy for NICS is normally approved by the Minister of Finance. In the absence of an Executive, the Department of Finance's Permanent Secretary set the 2019-20 NI public sector pay policy (October 2019) in line with the overarching HMT parameters and in a manner consistent with the approach taken by the previous Finance Minister in 2016-17. Annual NICS pay awards are made in the context of the wider public sector pay policy. The pay award for NICS staff, including SCS staff, for 2019-20 has been finalised but not yet paid.

Bonuses may be awarded either directly from NIPF or through the DoJ agreed performance and bonus arrangements.

The salaries for directly recruited staff are set by the Board of NIPF on advice from its Finance and General Purposes Committee having regard to a review of grading completed in 2005 and the level of settlements elsewhere in the public and private sector, and is approved by the Minister of Finance.

Service contracts

The Civil Service Commissioners (NI) Order 1999 requires Civil Service appointments to be made on merit on the basis of fair and open competition. The Recruitment Code published by the Civil Service Commissioners for Northern Ireland specifies the circumstances when appointments may be made otherwise.

Unless otherwise stated, the officials covered by this report hold appointments which are open-ended. Early termination, other than for misconduct, would result in the individual receiving compensation as set out in the Civil Service Compensation Scheme.

Further information about the work of the Civil Service Commissioners can be found at www.nicscommissioners.org.

Staff recruited directly are appointed through an external firm of recruitment agents. In accordance with NIPF policies all appointments are made on the basis of fair and open competition. Appointments may be made either on a fixed contract basis or open ended and early termination may give rise to an individual receiving compensation.

Remuneration and pension entitlements

The following section provides details of the remuneration and pension interests of the most senior management of NIPF. The Chairperson of NIPF is the only Non-Executive Member in receipt of remuneration.

[Audited information]

Single total figure of remuneration				2019-20
Officials and Non-Executive Members	Salary	Benefits in kind (to nearest	*Pension Benefits	Total
_	£000	£100)	£000	£000
Dr M Wardlow Chairperson	5-10	-	-	5-10
Mr R Pedlow** Chief Executive	30-35	-	7	40-45
Single total figure of remuneration				2018-19
Officials and Non-Executive Members	Salary	Benefits in kind (to nearest	*Pension Benefits	Total
_	£000	£100)	£000	£000
Dr M Wardlow Chairperson	5-10	-	-	5-10
Mr R Pedlow** Chief Executive	30-35	-	6	35-40

^{*} The value of pension benefits accrued during the year is calculated as (the real increase in pension multiplied by 20) plus (the real increase in any lump sum) less (the contributions made by the individual). The real increases exclude increases due to inflation and any increase or decrease due to a transfer of pension rights.

^{**} The Chief Executive works part-time and received a banded salary of £50-£55,000 for a 0.6 full-time equivalent (FTE) post.

Salary

'Salary' includes gross salary; overtime; reserved rights to London weighting or London allowances; recruitment and retention allowances; private office allowances and any other allowance to the extent that it is subject to UK taxation and any severance or ex-gratia payments.

Benefits in kind

The monetary value of benefits in kind covers any benefits provided by the employer and treated by HM Revenue and Customs as a taxable emolument.

Pay multiples

[Audited information]

	2019-20	2018-19
Band of highest paid Director's FTE Total Remuneration*	£50-55,000	£50-55,000
Median Total Remuneration*	£31,890	£32,634
Ratio	1.65	1.61

^{*}Total remuneration includes salary, non-consolidated performance-related pay and benefits in kind. It does not include severance payments, employer pension contributions and the cash equivalent transfer value of pensions.

Reporting bodies are required to disclose the relationship between the remuneration of the highest paid director in the organisation and the median remuneration of the organisation's workforce.

The full-time equivalent banded salary of the highest paid director in NIPF during the year was £50-£55,000. This was 1.65 times (2018-19: 1.61 times) the median remuneration of the workforce which was £31,890 (2018-19: £32,634). The decrease in the median salary is the result of the employment of agency staff at 31 March 2020.

No employee received remuneration in excess of the Chief Executive during either the year ended 31 March 2020 or the prior year ended 31 March 2019.

Remuneration in 2019-20 ranged from £22,000 to £50-55,000 (FTE) (2018-19: £30,000 to £50-£55,000 (FTE)).

Pension entitlements

[Audited information]

Officials	Accrued pension at pension age as at 31/3/20 and related lump sum	Real increase in pension and related lump sum at pension age	CETV at 31/3/20	CETV at 31/3/19	Real increase in CETV	Employer contri- bution to partner- ship pension account (Nearest £100)
	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2100)
Mr R Pedlow Chief Executive	0-5 plus 10-15 related lump sum	0-2.5 plus 0-2.5 related lump sum	73	66	6	-

The Chief Executive is on inward secondment and his pension arrangements fall under the Civil Service pension provisions.

No pension benefits are provided to the Non-Executive Members of the Board.

Northern Ireland Civil Service (NICS) pension schemes

Pension benefits are provided through the Northern Ireland Civil Service pension schemes which are administered by Civil Service Pensions (CSP).

The alpha pension scheme was introduced for new entrants from 1 April 2015. The alpha scheme and all previous scheme arrangements are unfunded with the cost of benefits met by monies voted each year. The majority of existing members of the classic, premium, classic plus and nuvos pension arrangements also moved to alpha from that date. Members who on 1 April 2012 were within 10 years of their normal pension age did not move to alpha and those who were within 13.5 years and 10 years of their normal pension age were given a choice between moving to alpha on 1 April 2015 or at a later date determined by their age. Alpha is a 'Career Average Revalued Earnings' (CARE) arrangement in which members accrue pension benefits at a percentage rate of annual pensionable earnings throughout the period of scheme membership. The current accrual rate is 2.32%.

New entrants joining can choose between membership of alpha or joining a 'money purchase' stakeholder arrangement with a significant employer contribution (partnership pension account).

New entrants joining on or after 30 July 2007 were eligible for membership of the nuvos arrangement or they could have opted for a partnership pension account. Nuvos is also a CARE arrangement in which members accrue pension benefits at a percentage rate of annual pensionable earnings throughout the period of scheme membership. The current accrual rate is 2.3%.

Staff in post prior to 30 July 2007 may be in one of three statutory based 'final salary' defined benefit arrangements (classic, premium and classic plus). From April 2011, pensions payable under classic, premium, and classic plus are reviewed annually in line with changes in the cost of living. New entrants joining on or after 1 October 2002 and before 30 July 2007 could choose between membership of premium or joining the partnership pension account.

All pension benefits are reviewed annually in line with changes in the cost of living. Any applicable increases are applied from April and are determined by the Consumer Prices Index (CPI) figure for the preceding September. The CPI in September 2019 was 1.7% and HM Treasury has announced that public service pensions will be increased accordingly from April 2020.

Employee contribution rates for all members for the period covering 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2021 are as follows:

Annualised Rate of Pensionable Earnings (Salary Bands)		Contribution Rate - all members
From	То	
£0	£23,999.99	4.60%
£24,000.00	£55,499.99	5.45%
£55,500.00	£152,499.99	7.35%
£152,500.00 and above		8.05%

Benefits in classic accrue at the rate of 1/80th of pensionable salary for each year of service. In addition, a lump sum equivalent to three years' pension is payable on retirement. For premium, benefits accrue at the rate of 1/60th of final pensionable earnings for each year of service. Unlike classic, there is no automatic lump sum (but members may give up (commute) some of their pension to provide a lump sum). Classic plus is essentially a variation of premium, but with benefits in respect of service before 1 October 2002 calculated broadly as per classic.

The partnership pension account is a stakeholder pension arrangement. The employer makes a basic contribution of between 8% and 14.75% (depending on the age of the member) into a stakeholder pension product chosen by the employee. The employee does not have to contribute but where they do make contributions, the employer will match these up to a limit of 3% of pensionable salary (in addition to the employer's basic contribution). Employers also contribute a further 0.5% of pensionable salary to cover the cost of centrally-provided risk benefit cover (death in service and ill health retirement).

The accrued pension quoted is the pension the member is entitled to receive when they reach their scheme pension age, or immediately on ceasing to be an active member of the scheme if they are at or over pension age. Scheme Pension age is 60 for members of **classic**, **premium**, and **classic plus** and 65 for members of **nuvos**. The normal scheme pension age in alpha is linked to the member's State Pension Age but cannot be before age 65. Further details about the NICS pension schemes can be found at the website www.finance-ni.gov.uk/civilservicepensions-ni.

Cash Equivalent Transfer Values

A Cash Equivalent Transfer Value (CETV) is the actuarially assessed capitalised value of the pension scheme benefits accrued by a member at a particular point in time. The benefits valued are the member's accrued benefits and any contingent spouse's pension payable from the scheme. A CETV is a payment made by a pension scheme or arrangement to secure pension benefits in another pension scheme or arrangement when the member leaves a scheme and chooses to transfer the benefits accrued in their former scheme. The pension figures shown relate to the benefits that the individual has accrued as a consequence of their total membership of the pension scheme, not just their service in a senior capacity to which disclosure applies. The CETV figures, and from 2003-04 the other pension details, include the value of any pension benefit in another scheme or arrangement which the individual has transferred to the NICS pension arrangements. They also include any additional pension benefit accrued to the member as a result of their purchasing additional years of pension service in the scheme at their own cost. CETVs are calculated in accordance with The Occupational Pension Schemes (Transfer Values) (Amendment) Regulations 2015 and do not take account of any actual or potential benefits resulting from Lifetime Allowance Tax which may be due when pension benefits are taken.

Real increase in CETV

This reflects the increase in CETV effectively funded by the employer. It does not include the increase in accrued pension due to inflation, contributions paid by the employee (including the value of any benefits transferred from another pension scheme or arrangement) and uses common market valuation factors for the start and end of the period. However, the real increase calculation uses common actuarial factors at the start and end of the period so that it disregards the effect of any changes in factors and focuses only on the increase that is funded by the employer.

Compensation for loss of office

There were no compensation benefits paid by NIPF to any senior staff members during the financial year (2018-19: £Nil).

STAFF REPORT

Staff costs

[Audited information]

Staff costs comprise:

	Permanently Employed		2019-20	2018-19 *Restated
	Staff	Others	Total	Total
	£	£	£	£
Wages and calaries	200.460	17.065	227,425	220 247
Wages and salaries	209,460	17,965	,	229,317
Social security costs	19,384	-	19,384	21,561
Other pension costs	34,730	-	34,730	29,467
Total Gross Costs	263,574	17,965	281,539	280,345
Less recoveries in respect of outward secondments	(36,113)	-	(36,113)	(35,174)
Total Net Costs	227,461	17,965	245,426	245,171

^{*} Figures for 2018-19 have been restated to reclassify Apprenticeship levy expenditure of £158 as Social security costs rather than Wages and salaries.

Staff (including the Chief Executive), who are Civil Servants on inward secondment, fall under the Civil Service or NI Assembly pension provisions relevant to their employer. Their pension costs are recharged by the employer to NIPF and accounted for above as pension costs.

NIPF pension arrangements

NIPF operates a defined contribution scheme for its employees as they are not Civil Servants. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the employer pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The employer has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

For its defined contribution plan, the employer pays contributions to a privately administered pension plan on a contractual basis. The employer has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as an employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available. During 2019-20, employers' contributions of £7,509 (2018-19: £5,786) were payable to the private pension provider. Contributions prepaid at 31 March 2020 were £Nil (2018-19: £Nil).

There were no early retirements on ill-health grounds in 2018-19 or in 2019-20.

Average number of persons employed

[Audited information]

The average number of whole-time equivalent persons employed during 2019-20 was 5.1 (2018-19: 5.2).

During the year, three members of staff (2018-19: three) had permanent employment contracts. Three members of staff (2018-19: four) were on inward secondment and one (2018-19: one) was on outward secondment. An additional three persons (2018-19: four) were employed on zero hours contracts.

Staff composition

The number of persons employed at 31 March 2020 including three staff on zero hours contracts was as follows:

	Female staff	Male staff	Total Staff
NIPF Board	2	5	7
Senior Civil Service	-	-	-
NIPF employees	7	2	9

Managing attendance

The reported average number of working days lost due to sickness per employee for 2019-20 was 9.1 days (2018-19: 6.3 days).

Staff policies

NIPF is committed to the development of its staff and to policies that enable them to contribute to the performance and long-term effectiveness of the organisation.

In particular NIPF:

- will ensure that all eligible persons shall have equal opportunity for employment and advancement in NIPF on the basis of their ability, qualifications and aptitude for the work; in other words 'on the basis of merit';
- embraces issues of diversity, inclusivity and equality of opportunity, with recruitment and retention processes and policies fully embracing those concepts;
- gives equality of opportunity when considering applications from disabled persons, in compliance with all existing legislation; and
- recognises the benefits of keeping employees informed of progress and issues affecting NIPF through formal and informal meetings.

Equal opportunities and diversity

The policy of NIPF is that all eligible persons shall have equal opportunity for employment and advancement on the basis of their ability, qualifications and aptitude for work. Under the policy, no person must be treated less favourably, in any respect of his/her employment, for a reason related to gender, marital status, religious belief, political opinion, disability, colour, ethnic or national origin, age, sexual orientation and having dependants, which should be irrelevant to the treatment or assessment of that individual.

NIPF is an Equal Opportunity employer and is fully committed to the elimination of all forms of harassment and bullying, discrimination and victimisation. NIPF recognises the legal obligations under which it operates and ensures working relationships are based on mutual trust, respect and understanding. This allows the maximum potential to be made of the wide variety of skills, abilities and attributes available within NIPF.

Employment of disabled persons

NIPF aims to ensure that people with a disability suffer no detriment in recruitment and advancement and that its policies and practices comply with the requirements of the Disability Discrimination Act 1995 and Disability Discrimination (Amendment) Regulations 2003. The consideration and implementation of reasonable adjustments help to ensure that staff with disabilities can fully utilise their skills and abilities.

Learning and development

NIPF is committed to ensuring that staff have the opportunity to develop as far as possible within the organisation. Staff undertake training in core issues via on-line training provided by the Centre for Applied Learning.

Employee involvement

Staff involvement in the work of NIPF is actively encouraged as part of the day-to-day process of line management.

Expenditure on consultancy

NIPF incurred no expenditure on consultancy during 2018-19 or 2019-20.

Off-payroll payments

NIPF made no off-payroll payments in 2018-19 or 2019-20.

Reporting of Civil Service and other compensation schemes - exit packages

[Audited information]

NIPF incurred no expenditure on compulsory redundancies or other departures during 2018-19 or 2019-20.

ASSEMBLY ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT REPORT

ASSEMBLY ACCOUNTABILITY DISCLOSURES

Regularity of expenditure

Losses and special payments

[Audited information]

There were no losses or special payments that require disclosure in 2018-19 or 2019-20.

Remote contingent liabilities

[Audited information]

There were no contingent liabilities requiring disclosure under Assembly reporting requirements. NIPF had no significant remote contingent liabilities during 2019-20 that require disclosure. Note 14 provides further details regarding the contingent liabilities that are included within the financial statements.

ACCOUNTABILITY REPORT

R G Pedlow

Chief Executive and Accounting Officer

15 December 2020

Comie Red Box

THE CERTIFICATE AND REPORT OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL TO THE NORTHERN IRELAND ASSEMBLY

Opinion on financial statements

I certify that I have audited the financial statements of the Northern Ireland Police Fund for the year ended 31 March 2020 under the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003 as amended by the Northern Ireland Act 1998 (Devolution of Policing and Justice Functions) Order 2010. The financial statements comprise: the Statements of Comprehensive Net Expenditure, Financial Position, Cash Flows, Changes in Taxpayers' Equity; and the related notes, including significant accounting policies. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out within them. I have also audited the information in the Accountability Report that is described in that report as having been audited.

In my opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Northern Ireland Police Fund's affairs as at 31
 March 2020 and of the Northern Ireland Police Fund's net expenditure for the year then
 ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003 as amended by the Northern Ireland Act 1998 (Devolution of Policing and Justice Functions) Order 2010 and the Department of Justice directions issued thereunder.

Opinion on regularity

In my opinion, in all material respects the expenditure and income recorded in the financial statements have been applied to the purposes intended by the Assembly and the financial transactions recorded in the financial statements conform to the authorities which govern them.

Basis of opinions

I conducted my audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs) and Practice Note 10 'Audit of Financial Statements of Public Sector Entities in the United Kingdom'¹. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this certificate. My staff and I are independent of the Northern Ireland Police Fund in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Financial Reporting Council's Revised Ethical Standard 2016, and have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinions.

Conclusions relating to going concern

I have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs(UK) require me to report to you where:

• the Northern Ireland Police Fund's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or

• the Northern Ireland Police Fund has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Northern Ireland Police Fund's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis.

Other Information

The Chief Executive as Accounting Officer is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements, the parts of the Accountability Report described in the report as having been audited, and my audit certificate and report. My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters

In my opinion:

- the parts of the Accountability Report to be audited have been properly prepared in accordance with Department of Justice directions made under the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003 as amended by the Northern Ireland Act 1998 (Devolution of Policing and Justice Functions) Order 2010; and
- the information given in the Performance Report and Accountability Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Responsibilities of the Chief Executive for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Accounting Officer Responsibilities, the Chief Executive as the Accounting Officer is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My responsibility is to audit, certify and report on the financial statements in accordance with the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003 as amended by the Northern Ireland Act 1998 (Devolution of Policing and Justice Functions) Order 2010 and the Department of Justice directions issued thereunder .

My objectives are to obtain evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of my certificate.

In addition, I am required to obtain evidence sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the expenditure and income recorded in the financial statements have been applied to the purposes intended by the Assembly and the financial transactions recorded in the financial statements conform to the authorities which govern them.

Matters on which I report by exception

I have nothing to report in respect of the following matters which I report to you if, in my opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements and the parts of the Accountability Report to be audited are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- I have not received all of the information and explanations I require for my audit; or
- the Governance Statement does not reflect compliance with the Department of Finance's guidance.

Report

I have no observations to make on these financial statements.

K J Donnelly

Comptroller and Auditor General Northern Ireland Audit Office 106 University Street Belfast

K & Donnelly

BT7 1EU

22 December 2020

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure

For the year ended 31 March 2020

This account summarises the expenditure and income generated and consumed on an accruals basis. It also includes other comprehensive income and expenditure, which include changes to the values of non-current assets and other financial instruments that cannot yet be recognised as income or expenditure.

	2019-20		2018-19 Restated	
	Note	£	£	
Revenue from contracts with customers		-	-	
Other operating income	4	(36,113)	(35,174)	
Total operating income	_	(36,113)	(35,174)	
Staff costs	3	281,539	280,345	
Purchase of goods and services	3	104,991	115,385	
Depreciation and impairment charges	3	1,607	3,158	
Grants	3	1,063,855	1,096,130	
Total operating expenditure	_	1,451,992	1,495,018	
Net operating expenditure	_	1,415,879	1,459,844	
Finance expense	3	-	125	
Net expenditure for the year	_	1,415,879	1,459,969	
Other comprehensive net expenditure				
Items that will not be reclassified to Net operating expenditure:				
 net (gain)/loss on revaluation of property, plant and equipment 	5	(5)	(182)	
- net (gain)/loss on revaluation of intangibles	6	-	-	
Comprehensive net expenditure for the year	<u> </u>	1,415,874	1,459,787	

The notes on pages 36 to 49 form part of these Accounts.

Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 March 2020

This statement presents the financial position of the Northern Ireland Police Fund. It comprises three main components: assets owned or controlled; liabilities owed to other bodies; and equity, the remaining value of the entity.

		2020	2019 Restated
	Note	£	£
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	5	14,464	16,066
Intangible assets	6	-	-
Total non-current assets	_	14,464	16,066
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	9	10,875	19,300
Cash and cash equivalents	8	111,703	35,221
Total current assets	_	122,578	54,521
Total assets	_	137,042	70,587
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	10	(60,080)	(48,751)
Total current liabilities		(60,080)	(48,751)
Total assets less net current liabilities	_	76,962	21,836
Non-current liabilities		-	-
Total assets less total liabilities	_	76,962	21,836
Taxpayers' equity and other reserves			
General Fund		76,540	20,987
Revaluation Reserve		422	849
Total equity		76,962	21,836

R G Pedlow

Comie Red Box

Chief Executive and Accounting Officer

15 December 2020

The notes on pages 36 to 49 form part of these Accounts.

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 March 2020

This Statement shows the changes in cash and cash equivalents of the Northern Ireland Police Fund during the reporting period. The statement shows how NIPF generates and uses cash and cash equivalents by classifying cash flows as operating, investing and financing activities. The amount of net cash flows arising from operating activities is a key indicator of service costs and the extent to which these operations are funded by way of income from the recipients of services provided by NIPF. Investing activities represent the extent to which cash inflows and outflows have been made for resources which are intended to contribute to NIPF's future public service delivery.

Cash flows from operating activities Net expenditure for the year (1,415,879) (1,459,969) Adjustment for non-cash transactions 3 1,607 7,042 (Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables 9 8,425 10,668 Increase in trade and other payables 10 11,329 (4,591) Less movements in payables relating to items not passing through the Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure Net cash outflow from operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Property, plant and equipment		Note	2019-20 £	2018-19 £
Net expenditure for the year Adjustment for non-cash transactions Background for trade and other receivables Brown in trade and other payables Brown in trade and other payables Brown in payables relating to items not passing through the Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure Net cash outflow from operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Property, plant and equipment And a cash outflow from investing activities Cash outflow from investing activities Cash flows from financing activities Grant from sponsoring department 1,471,000 1,463,000 Net financing Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents in the period As a state of the period Background for trade and other receivables Background for	Cash flows from operating activities			
Adjustment for non-cash transactions 3 1,607 7,042 (Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables 9 8,425 10,668 Increase in trade and other payables 10 11,329 (4,591) Less movements in payables relating to items not passing through the Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure Net cash outflow from operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Property, plant and equipment	. •		(1,415,879)	(1,459,969)
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables 9 8,425 10,668 Increase in trade and other payables 10 11,329 (4,591) Less movements in payables relating to items not passing through the Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure - 770 Net cash outflow from operating activities (1,394,518) (1,446,080) Cash flows from investing activities - (3,550) Property, plant and equipment integrates - - (3,550) Net cash outflow from investing activities - - (3,550) Cash flows from financing activities - 1,471,000 1,463,000 Net financing 1,471,000 1,463,000 Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents in the period 76,482 13,37 0 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period 8 35,221 21,851	·	3	• •	, , , ,
Less movements in payables relating to items not passing through the Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure Net cash outflow from operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Property, plant and equipment Interval 1	•	9	•	·
through the Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure Net cash outflow from operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Property, plant and equipment Intercept of the period Cash flows from investing activities Property, plant and equipment Intercept of the period (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,550) (3,50) (3,50) (3,50) (3,50) (3,50) (3,50) (3,50) (3,50) (3,50) (3,50) (3,50) (3,50) (3,50) (3,50) (3,50) (3,50) (3,	Increase in trade and other payables	10	11,329	(4,591)
Cash flows from investing activities Property, plant and equipment - (3,550) Intangible assets Net cash outflow from investing activities - (3,550) Cash flows from financing activities Grant from sponsoring department 1,471,000 1,463,000 Net financing 1,471,000 1,463,000 Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents in the period 76,482 13,37 0 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period 8 35,221 21,851			-	770
Property, plant and equipment - (3,550) Intangible assets - (3,550) Net cash outflow from investing activities - (3,550) Cash flows from financing activities Grant from sponsoring department 1,471,000 1,463,000 Net financing 1,471,000 1,463,000 Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents in the period 76,482 13,37 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period 8 35,221 21,851	Net cash outflow from operating activities	-	(1,394,518)	(1,446,080)
Intangible assets Net cash outflow from investing activities Cash flows from financing activities Grant from sponsoring department Net financing Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents in the period Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period 7 (3,550) 1,471,000 1,463,000 1,463,000 1,463,000 1,463,000 21,337	Cash flows from investing activities			
Net cash outflow from investing activities Cash flows from financing activities Grant from sponsoring department Net financing 1,471,000 1,463,000 Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents in the period Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period 8 35,221 21,851	Property, plant and equipment		-	(3,550)
Cash flows from financing activities Grant from sponsoring department 1,471,000 1,463,000 Net financing 1,471,000 1,463,000 Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents in the period 76,482 13,37 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period 8 35,221 21,851	Intangible assets		-	-
Grant from sponsoring department 1,471,000 1,463,000 Net financing 1,471,000 1,463,000 Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents in the period 76,482 13,37 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period 8 35,221 21,851	Net cash outflow from investing activities	-	-	(3,550)
Net financing Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents in the period Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period 1,471,000 1,463,000 76,482 13,37 0 21,851	Cash flows from financing activities			
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents in the period 76,482 13,37 0 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period 8 35,221 21,851	Grant from sponsoring department		1,471,000	1,463,000
in the period 76,482 13,37 0 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period 8 35,221 21,851	Net financing	-	1,471,000	1,463,000
in the period 76,482 13,37 0 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period 8 35,221 21,851	Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period 8 35,221 21,851	·	-	76.482	13.37
of the period 8 35,221 21,851		-		•
of the period 8 35,221 21,851	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning			
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period 8 111,703 35.221		8	35,221	21,851
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	8	111,703	35,221

The notes on pages 36 to 49 form part of these Accounts.

Statement of Changes in Taxpayers' Equity

For the year ended 31 March 2020

This statement shows the movement in the year on the different reserves held by NIPF, analysed into 'general fund reserves' (i.e. those reserves that reflect a contribution from the Consolidated Fund). The Revaluation Reserve reflects the change in asset values that have not been recognised as income or expenditure. The General Fund represents the total assets less liabilities of NIPF, to the extent that the total is not represented by other reserves and financing items.

	General Fund	Revaluation Reserve	Taxpayers' Equity Restated
	£	£	£
Balance at 31 March 2018	17,771	852	18,623
Grant from sponsoring department	1,463,000	-	1,463,000
Comprehensive net expenditure for the year	(1,459,969)	182	(1,459,787)
Transfer between reserves	185	(185)	-
Balance at 31 March 2019	20,987	849	21,836
Grant from sponsoring department	1,471,000	-	1,471,000
Comprehensive net expenditure for the year	(1,415,879)	5	(1,415,874)
Transfer between reserves	432	(432)	-
Balance at 31 March 2020	76,540	422	76,962

The notes on pages 36 to 49 form part of these Accounts.

Notes to the Accounts

1. Statement of accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the 2017-18 Government Financial Reporting Manual (FReM) issued by the Department of Finance. The accounting policies contained in the FReM apply International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adapted or interpreted for the public sector context. Where the FReM permits a choice of accounting policy, the accounting policy which is judged to be most appropriate to the particular circumstances of NIPF for the purpose of giving a true and fair view has been selected. The particular policies adopted by NIPF are described below. They have been applied consistently in dealing with items that are considered material to the Accounts.

1.1 Accounting convention

These Accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention modified to account for the revaluation of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and certain financial assets and liabilities.

The Accounts are stated in sterling, which is NIPF's functional and presentational currency. Unless otherwise noted, the amounts shown in these financial statements are in pounds sterling (£).

1.2 Going concern

NIPF is a NDPB within the Department of Justice (DoJ) having been established on 1 April 2016 to replace the previous Company under the Northern Ireland Police Fund Regulations. The future financing of NIPF's activities is expected to be met by the DoJ provided from funding from the Consolidated Fund. NIPF takes the view that the going concern concept applies as long as the provisions of the Northern Ireland Police Fund Regulations remain extant.

1.3 Property, plant and equipment

Expenditure on property, plant and equipment of over £1,000 is capitalised. Where material the grouping of a range of property, plant and equipment has also been undertaken in respect of some personal computers, printers, office furniture and equipment.

On initial recognition property, plant and equipment are measured at cost including any expenditure, such as installation, directly attributable to bringing them into working condition. Items classified as "under construction" are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position to the extent that money has been paid or a liability has been incurred. In compliance with IAS 16 *Property, Plant and Equipment*, subsequent expenditure on an asset which does not meet the criteria of enhancement or improvement is treated as revenue.

All property, plant and equipment is revalued annually using appropriate indices provided by the Office for National Statistics.

1.4 Intangible assets

Expenditure on computer software licenses lasting more than one year and costing more than £1,000 is capitalised and classified as intangible assets.

All intangible assets are carried at fair value. Software licences are revalued annually using appropriate indices provided by the Office for National Statistics.

1.5 Revaluation Reserve

Upward revaluations are credited to the Revaluation Reserve and permanent reductions in the value of property, plant and equipment are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure. Any subsequent revaluation of assets is credited to the Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure to the extent that it reverses previous revaluation decreases recognised as an expense.

1.6 Depreciation and amortisation

All property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are depreciated/amortised at rates calculated to write them down to estimated residual value on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Assets in the course of construction are depreciated from the point when the asset is brought into use.

Estimated useful lives, which are reviewed regularly, are:

Asset category	Useful life
Plant and machinery Information technology	5 - 15 years 5 years
Intangible assets (software and licences)	5 years

Software licences are amortised over the shorter of the term of the licence and the useful economic life.

1.7 Realised element of depreciation from Revaluation Reserve

Depreciation is charged to expenditure on the revalued amount of property, plant and equipment. An element of depreciation therefore arises due to the increase in valuation and is in excess of the depreciation that would be charged on the historical cost of assets. The amount relating to this excess is a realised gain on disposal and is transferred from the Revaluation Reserve to the General Fund.

1.8 Value Added Tax

Value added tax (VAT) is not applicable in respect of income receipts. Irrecoverable VAT is charged to the relevant expenditure category or included in the capitalised purchase cost of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets.

1.9 Third-party assets

Third-party assets are assets for which NIPF acts as custodian or trustee, but in which neither NIPF nor Government more generally has a direct beneficial interest. Third-party assets are not public assets, and hence are not recorded in the primary financial statements.

1.10 Financing

NIPF is primarily resourced by funds approved by the Assembly through the annual Supply process. Resources are drawn down each month to meet expenditure requirements and are credited to the General Fund.

1.11 Classification of income and expenditure

The Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure for NIPF only includes programme income and expenditure. The classification of income or expenditure as programme follows the definition set by the Department of Finance.

1.12 Income

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which NIPF is expected to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. For each contract with a customer, NIPF: identifies the contract with a customer; identifies the performance obligations in the contract; determines the transaction price; allocates the transaction price to the separate performance obligations on the basis of the relative stand-alone selling price of each distinct good or service to be delivered; and recognises revenue when or as each performance obligation is satisfied in a manner that depicts the transfer to the customer of the goods or services promised.

Sale of goods and services

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised either:

- at the point in time when the customer obtains control of the goods, which is generally at the time of delivery; or
- over time as the services are rendered based on either a fixed price or an agreed rate.

Other operating income

Other operating income is income which relates directly to the operating activities of NIPF. It includes both income classified as Accruing Resources and income due to the Consolidated Fund, which in accordance with the FReM, is treated as operating income and is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

1.13 Staff costs

Under IAS19 (revised) *Employee Benefits*, all staff costs must be recorded as an expense as soon as the organisation is obligated to pay them. This includes the costs of any untaken leave as at the reporting date. The cost of untaken leave has been determined from staff leave records.

1.14 Pensions

Employees of NIPF who are civil servants are covered by the provisions of the NICS pension arrangements. These defined benefit schemes are unfunded. NIPF recognises the expected cost of these elements on a systematic and rational basis over the period during which it benefits from employees' services by payment to the NICS pension arrangements of amounts calculated on an accruing basis. Liability for payment of future benefits is a charge on the NICS pension arrangements

In addition, NIPF operates a defined contribution scheme for certain employees who are not Civil Servants. In respect of defined contribution schemes, NIPF recognises the contributions payable for the year.

Further details regarding the above schemes are contained in the Remuneration Report and the Staff Report within the Accountability Report.

1.15 Operating leases

Leases where substantially all of the risks and rewards are held by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Rentals are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

1.16 Grants payable

Grants payable are recorded as expenditure in the period that the underlying event or activity giving entitlement to the grant occurs. Grants related to activity occurring over a specific time period, usually a financial year are recorded as expenditure for that period.

1.17 Segmental reporting

In line with the provisions of IFRS 8, Operating Segments, NIPF does not analyse its net expenditure by operating segment as it has concluded that it has no separately identifiable operating segments.

1.18 Financial instruments

Recognition and de-recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when NIPF becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets are de-recognised when the organisation no longer has rights to the cash flows, the risks and rewards of ownership or control of the asset. Financial liabilities

are de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Financial assets

Trade and other receivables

Financial assets within trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value, which is usually the original invoiced amount and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective method less provisions for doubtful receivables.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and current balances with banks which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and have an original maturity of three months or less.

Financial liabilities

Trade and other payables

Financial liabilities within trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value, which is usually the original invoiced amount, less provision for impairment.

1.19 Critical accounting estimates and key judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of accounting estimates and assumptions. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying NIPF's accounting policies. NIPF continually evaluates its estimates, assumptions and judgements based on available information and experience. As the use of estimates is inherent in financial reporting, actual results could differ from these estimates. The estimates and assumptions which have the most significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts are discussed below.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and amortisation of intangible assets

Depreciation and amortisation is provided in the Accounts so as to write-down the respective assets to their residual values over their expected useful lives and as such the selection of the estimated useful lives and the expected residual values of the assets requires the use of estimates and judgements. Details of the estimated useful lives are as shown in Note 1.6.

Other than as noted above, no material accounting estimates or judgements were made by NIPF in preparing these accounts.

1.20 Accounting standards, interpretations and amendments to published standards and *FReM* - issued and effective in 2019-20 for the first time

NIPF has considered those new Standards, interpretations and amendments to existing Standards which have been published and are mandatory for NIPF's accounting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2019 or later periods, but which NIPF has not adopted early. Other than as outlined below, NIPF considers that these are not relevant or material to its operations.

1.21 Accounting standards, interpretations and amendments to published standards not yet effective

NIPF has considered those new Standards, interpretations and amendments to existing Standards which have been published and are mandatory for NIPF's accounting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2020 or later periods, but which NIPF has not adopted early. Other than as outlined below, NIPF considers that these Standards are not relevant or material to its operations.

Standard	IFRS 16 Leases (replaces IAS 17 Leases and related interpretations)
Effective date	January 2019 (EU endorsed 31 October 2017)
FReM application	2021-22
Description of revision	The IASB issued IFRS 16 in January 2016 with an effective date for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. Early application is permitted for those entities applying IFRS 15.
	IFRS 16 represents a significant change in lessee accounting by largely removing the distinction between operating and finance leases and introducing a single lessee accounting model. A lessee is required to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases, unless they qualify for low value or short-term exemptions. In addition, there are updated disclosure requirements.
	The lessor accounting model is generally unchanged from IAS 17 but entities should be aware of the introduction and impacts of IFRS 9 <i>Financial Instruments</i> , enhanced disclosure requirements and that a sub-lessor now determines whether a lease is finance or operating based on the right of use asset it subleases.
Comments	IFRS 16 Leases replaces IAS 17 Leases and is effective with EU adoption from 1 January 2019. In line with the requirements of the FReM, IFRS 16 will be implemented, as interpreted and adapted for the public sector, with effect from 1 April 2021.
	NIPF considers that this Standard is not likely to have a material impact on its liabilities or Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure.

1.22 Financial reporting - future developments

NIPF has considered the accounting initiatives identified by HM Treasury covering amendments or interpretations from the 2018-20 Annual improvement cycle, and projects where standards, amendments or interpretations are in development. NIPF considers that these changes are not relevant or material to its operations.

1.23 Prior year restatements

Some 2018-19 figures have been restated to reflect changes made to account code mapping by the Department of Justice as part of its preparatory work for the implementation of the Review of Financial Process. This includes items of expenditure being reclassified within categories of programme expenditure, as well as minor adjustments to rounded figures used.

2. Statement of operating expenditure by operating segment

In the opinion of the Management Board, NIPF operates only one reportable segment and all income and expenditure as shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure is attributable to the overall services provided by NIPF i.e. the provision of financial assistance to individuals and organisations. All NIPF's financing is derived from the DoJ through grant-in-aid and all services undertaken are within Northern Ireland. All non-current assets are located in Northern Ireland.

3. Programme expenditure

5. Programme expenditure		2019-20	2018-19 Restated
	Note	£	£
Staff costs*		227 425	000 047
Wages and salaries		227,425	229,317
Social security costs Other pension costs		19,384 34,730	21,561 29,467
Other perision costs	_	281,539	29,467 280,345
	_	201,333	200,343
Purchase of goods and services			
Accommodation, maintenance and utilities		824	876
IT, communications and office services		34,317	42,264
Contracted out and managed services		2,886	1,915
Professional costs		10,164	4,998
Rentals under operating leases		34,076	33,090
Staff related costs		12,489	18,159
Other		235	199
Audit fee		10,000	10,000
	_	104,991	111,501
Non-cash items			
Loss on disposal of non-current assets	_		3,884
2000 of alopodar of flori darroin about	_		
	_	104,991	115,385
Depreciation and impairment charges		4.00=	
Depreciation and amortisation	5, 6	1,607	3,176
Revaluation released to SoCNE	5 _	1 607	(18)
	_	1,607	3,158
Grants			
Carers' association		7,576	11,270
Disability adaption grants		323,951	227,936
Disabled Police Officers Association		-	9,810
Discretionary grants		5,310	5,365
Early widow's award		190,280	203,680
Educational bursaries		50,624	50,700
Forgotten families		2,088	2,000
General support		199,735	254,366
Injured police survivors and carers		880	2,535
Parents association		17,660	17,939
Recognition payments		208,600	247,800
Regular payments scheme		25,973	29,195
Respite care		28,560	27,921
Wounded Police and Families Association		11,948	7,734
Recovery of grants paid out in previous financial years	_	(9,330)	(2,121)
	_	1,063,855	1,096,130
Finance expense	_	-	125
Total nyagyamma ayyaay ditaas	_	1 454 000	4 405 440
Total programme expenditure	_	1,451,992	1,495,143

^{*}Further analysis of Staff costs is located in the Staff Report within the Accountability Report.

4. Income

	2019-20 £	2018-19 £
Revenue from contracts with customers	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Other operating income Recovery of secondee costs	36,113	35,174
Total operating income	36,113	35,174

5. Property, plant and equipment

2019-20

	Fixtures & Fittings £	Computer Equipment £	Assets under construction £	Total £
Cost or valuation	44.005	40.000		00.004
At 1 April 2019 Additions	14,605	13,996	-	28,601
Disposals	-	-	- -	-
Reclassification	-	_	_	_
Revaluation released to SoCNE	_	_	_	_
Revaluation	8	-	-	8
At 31 March 2020	14,613	13,996	-	28,609
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2019	11,222	1,313	-	12,535
Charged in year	559	1,048	-	1,607
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Reclassification	-	-	-	-
Revaluation released to SoCNE	-	-	-	-
Revaluation	3	-	-	3
At 31 March 2020	11,784	2,361	-	14,145
Carrying amount at 31 March 2020	2,829	11,635	-	14,464
Carrying amount at 31 March 2019	3,383	12,683	-	16,066
Asset financing: Owned	2,829	11,635	-	14,464
Carrying amount at 31 March 2020	2,829	11,635	-	14,464

5. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

2018-19

	Fixtures &	Computer	Assets under	
	Fittings	Equipment	construction	Total
		_	_	Restated
•	£	£	£	£
Cost or valuation		04.40=		.= .=.
At 1 April 2018	14,546	21,125	-	35,671
Additions	-	2,780	-	2,780
Disposals	-	(10,132)	-	(10,132)
Reclassification	-	-	-	•
Revaluation released to SoCNE	23	-	-	23
Revaluation	36	223	-	259
At 31 March 2019	14,605	13,996	•	28,601
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2018	10,630	4,895	_	15,525
Charged in year	580	2,596	_	3,176
Disposals	-	(6,248)	_	(6,248)
Reclassification	_	(0,2.0)	_	-
Revaluation released to SoCNE	5	_	_	5
Revaluation	7	70	-	77
At 31 March 2019	11,222	1,313	-	12,535
•				
Carrying amount at 31 March 2019	3,383	12,683	-	16,066
Carrying amount at 31 March 2018	3,916	16,230	-	20,146
Asset financing:				
Owned	3,383	12,683	-	16,066
Carrying amount at 31 March 2019	3,383	12,683	-	16,066

Property, plant and equipment were adjusted to their current value by reference to the appropriate indices compiled by the Office for National Statistics.

6. Intangible assets

	2019-20	2018-19 Restated
	£	£
Cost or valuation		
At 1 April	9,711	9,711
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
Reclassification	-	-
Revaluation released to SoCNE	-	-
Revaluation	-	-
At 31 March	9,711	9,711
Amortisation		
At 1 April	9,711	9,711
Charged in year	-	-
Disposals	-	-
Reclassification	-	-
Revaluation released to SoCNE	-	-
Revaluation	-	-
At 31 March	9,711	9,711
Carrying amount at 31 March	-	<u>-</u>
Asset financing:		
Asset financing: Owned	-	-
Carrying amount at 31 March		<u>-</u>
		

Intangible assets were adjusted to their current value by reference to the appropriate indices compiled by the Office for National Statistics.

7. Financial instruments

As the cash requirements of NIPF are met through Grant-in-Aid provided by DoJ, financial instruments play a more limited role in creating and managing risk than would apply to a non-public sector body. The majority of financial instruments relate to contracts to buy non-financial items in line with NIPF's expected purchase and usage requirements and NIPF is therefore exposed to little credit, liquidity or market risk.

8. Cash and cash equivalents

	2019-20 £	2018-19 £
Balance at 1 April	35,221	21,851
Net change in cash and cash equivalent balances	76,482	13,370
Balance at 31 March	111,703	35,221
The following balances at 31 March are held at:		
Commercial banks and cash in hand	111,703	35,221
Balance at 31 March	111,703	35,221
	2019-20 £	2018-19 £
		~
Amounts falling due within one year: Other receivables		
	4.202	42.422
Prepayments and accrued income	1,382 9,493	13,433 5,867
	•	•
Prepayments and accrued income	9,493	5,867
	9,493	5,867
Prepayments and accrued income Amounts falling due after more than one year:	9,493	5,867

10. Trade payables, financial and other current liabilities

	2019-20 £	2018-19 £
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Accruals and deferred income	60,080	48,751
	60,080	48,751
Amounts falling due after more than one year:		
Other payables	-	-
	-	
Total	60,080	48,751

11. Leases

Operating leases

Total future minimum lease payments under operating leases are given in the table below for each of the following periods.

	2019-20 £	2018-19 £
Obligations under operating leases comprise:		
Land and buildings Not later than one year Later than one year and not later than five years Later than five years	34,076 - -	34,775 - -
Total	34,076	34,775

12. Capital commitments

There were no other capital commitments at 31 March 2019 or 31 March 2020.

13. Other financial commitments

There were no other financial commitments at 31 March 2019 or 31 March 2020.

14. Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at 31 March 2019 or 31 March 2020.

15. Related party transactions

The DoJ, as NIPF's Sponsor Department, is regarded as a related party. During the year, NIPF had a number of material transactions with DoJ including the secondment from DoJ of NIPF's Chief Executive. NIPF reimburses DoJ for his salary and pension costs.

NIPF has a Service Level Agreement with Police Rehabilitation and Retraining Trust (PRRT) for leasing a property during the financial year with a charge for 2019-20 of £34,076 (2018-19: £33,090).

None of the members of the Management Board had any personal transactions with NIPF.

16. Third-party assets

NIPF does not hold any assets on behalf of third parties.

17. Events after the reporting date

Other than as noted below, there were no events after the reporting period that required disclosure.

Working Time (Coronavirus) (Amendment) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2020

These Regulations came into operation on 24 April 2020 and allows those workers for whom it was not reasonably practicable to take annual leave as result of the pandemic to carry over up to four weeks of annual leave into the next two leave years. Any exemption will apply only to circumstances where it was not reasonably practicable for workers to take their leave as a result of the outbreak, and carry over of annual leave will be limited to the next two leave years. The change in regulations may lead to an increase in the value of accrued annual leave carried over in the next two years by NIPF. It is not possible for NIPF to give a reasonable estimate of the impact at this time.

Date for authorisation of issue

The Accounting Officer authorised these financial statements for issue on 22 December 2020.