# Northern Ireland Police Fund Annual Report and Accounts For the year ended 31 March 2021

Laid before the Northern Ireland Assembly under Section 9(d) of the Northern Ireland Police Fund Regulations 2016

on

22 December 2021

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# **PERFORMANCE REPORT**

# **OVERVIEW**

The purpose of the Overview is to provide sufficient information to ensure that the remit and purpose of the Northern Ireland Police Fund (NIPF) is understood. The Overview includes:

- a statement from the Chief Executive providing her perspective on the performance of NIPF over the period;
- a statement of the purpose and activities of NIPF;
- the key issues and risks that could affect NIPF in delivering its objectives; and
- a performance summary.

#### FOREWORD BY CHIEF EXECUTIVE

As the new Chief Executive Officer and Accounting Officer I am pleased to present the NIPF Annual Report and Accounts for 2020-21. I wish to acknowledge my predecessor Ronnie Pedlow's contribution to the Fund during his tenure and his input to this Foreword. I also wish him all the very best in his future endeavours.

This year has been one of unprecedented challenges for the Police Fund. In common with all of society we have faced the impact of a global pandemic of Covid-19 on our operations, with the challenges of continuing to support clients whilst trying to do so in a way which ensures as far as possible the safety and well-being of clients and staff. This has meant significant changes in the way we have worked, not least in the area of contact with our clients.

Within several weeks of the start of the financial year the full impact of the pandemic hit us. We had to suspend all client visits, implement new rules for working in the office, including the introduction of the now familiar concept of working from home, and begin the search for supplies of personal protective equipment (PPE) so that we could ensure personal safety as far as possible. We also encountered the term "lockdown" for the first time, an expression which would become familiar to us in the months ahead.

I am very grateful to the staff of the Fund who rose to the challenge of continuing to support clients to the extent that we were able to deliver support to any client who needed it. Although our contact with clients was limited to telephone calls we contacted all our clients to enquire after their well-being and to ascertain if they needed support under the Fund's schemes. This enabled us to be able to process a significant number of cases although it transpired that clients had difficulty in getting suppliers as many were closed during lockdown.

The processes for the appointment of a new Head of Assessment and Head of Administration has been completed and this will give the Fund a sound basis for future development.

I also want to pay tribute to the staff who gave my predecessor such support throughout the year. As stated previously, the 2020-21 year has thrown up challenges which have been unique and particularly trying but the professionalism, dedication and hard work of all our staff has been exemplary and I wish to thank them for their support during these times. I also want to record my thanks to Dr Michael Wardlow, Chair of the Board, and the Board Members for all their support and encouragement throughout the year.

**Kelly Robinson Chief Executive and Accounting Officer** 

#### STATEMENT OF PURPOSE AND ACTIVITIES

# **History**

The Northern Ireland Police Fund was set up in late 2001 as a government response to the Independent Commission on Policing for Northern Ireland, Patten Recommendation 87, as reviewed by John Steele. NIPF was to supplement the income of those on very low pensions, help finance the procurement of better prostheses or household equipment for the disabled and make bursaries for disabled officers and their children who wish to study.

Until 31 March 2016 NIPF operated as a Company Limited by Guarantee and was governed by company law. From 1 April 2016 the status of NIPF changed to that of an Executive Non-Departmental Public Body (NDPB) of the Department of Justice (DoJ).

# Aims and objectives

NIPF's remit is to provide support to police officers injured or killed as a direct result of terrorist attack, and their widows and families. Its overall aim is to improve the quality of life of its clients by providing financial and other support.

# **Description of business**

NIPF achieves its objectives by providing a comprehensive, quality service to its clients. It is proactive in seeking to meet their needs, and provides a range of schemes designed to meet those needs now and in the future.

# **Equality of service delivery**

The Fund has put policies in place covering the delivery of services to clients. These are designed to create the framework for ensuring that services are delivered fairly and consistently. In addition the Fund has a clear system of appeals to enable clients to seek redress where they feel they have been treated unfairly or have been disadvantaged.

NIPF's principal activity during the year was the provision of financial assistance, advice, support and care to members and former members of the Royal Ulster Constabulary, the Royal Ulster Constabulary Reserve, the Police Service of Northern Ireland, the Police Service of Northern Ireland Reserve who were killed or injured by terrorism, and their families and dependants.

NIPF, being mindful of the problems and traumas faced by its clients, delivers a caring and considerate service, and seeks at all times to minimise any unwarranted intrusion into the lives of its clients consistent with meeting the requirements of its schemes.

# Organisational structure

The NIPF is headed by the Chief Executive who reports to a Management Board consisting of a Chairperson and six Non-Executive Members who are all appointed by the Minister of Justice or Department of Justice. The Chief Executive is supported by a team of five operational and administrative staff, and three Occupational Therapists.

# STATEMENT OF PURPOSE AND ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

# Principal risks and uncertainties

NIPF's policy for managing risk is set out in Section 4 of the Governance Statement. The principal risks faced by NIPF are changing government priorities affecting funding, increased pressures to meet the growing requirements of Departmental oversight and the complexities of corporate governance from within very limited resources, and the possibility of fraud in grant applications.

NIPF continues to take on new clients particularly as the impact of Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD) becomes more apparent. In such cases it remains the policy that all new clients must have a Band 2 disability rating with a causal incident directly related to a terrorist attack. The needs of existing clients will change as they grow older and it will be a challenge for NIPF to ensure that the support it provides will meet the changing needs of clients.

# Going concern

In accordance with the Government Financial Reporting Manual, the financial statements of NIPF in respect of the financial year to 31 March 2021 are prepared on a going concern basis. The going concern basis is set out in Note 1.2 to the Accounts.

#### PERFORMANCE SUMMARY AND FORWARD LOOK

# **Performance summary**

# Programme for Government

The Board have considered the strategic and operational issues that will affect the Fund during this period. These issues are integrated into the Corporate Plan 2018-2022 and have been used to develop this year's associated annual Business Plan and key performance outcomes, which contribute to the achievement of Outcomes 7 and 8 of the Programme for Government.

# **Grant Payments**

During the year, NIPF made 181 (2019-20: 188) grants to individual clients covering general support, disability adaptations, educational bursaries, regular payments to those on very low incomes, and respite breaks for carers. It made a further 986 (2019-20: 497) recognition payments to eligible clients of NIPF with 70 (2019-20: 71) payments to early widows. It also supported three police support voluntary bodies where their activities were of benefit to the clients of NIPF.

# Impact of Covid-19

Covid-19 had a profound effect during the last six weeks of the 2019-20 financial year and this continued into the 2020-21 financial year. It has not been possible to undertake any home visits and the NIPF office has been closed to visitors. In addition it has only been possible to open the office on a limited basis and with reduced staff under 'lockdown'. This has had an inevitable impact on the work of NIPF although staff have been establishing contact with clients via telephone and cases continue to be processed where possible. A limiting factor has been the unavailability of suppliers which has restricted the ability of clients to get quotes or supply both works and equipment.

#### Impact of EU Exit

There has been no significant impact from the UK's EU exit on the business of NIPF during 2020-21.

#### **Forward look**

NIPF continues to look at how best it might meet its clients' needs in the future and especially how it needs to develop and adopt new schemes to meet the dual challenges of ageing and disability. NIPF is in the process of completing an outline business case to procure and implement a new grants management software system to replace its existing 'Gifts' grants software. It is envisaged that the new grant management system will also be able to assist in analysing the impact of NIPF grants for its clients.

Although Covid-19 has had an impact on the way in which NIPF is working, staff continue to respond to client needs as far as possible. It is difficult to forecast when it will be possible to engage fully with clients as this depends on the way in which the rules and advice on Covid-19 develops. It is hoped that it will be possible to return to undertaking home visits in the coming months as the situation improves, albeit with appropriate use of PPE.

#### PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS

**Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure** 

#### **Financial Review**

The NIPF financial statements for 2020-21 are compared to the previous two financial years in the table below:

	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19
	£	£	£
Total operating income	(37,692)	(36,113)	(35,174)
Staff costs Purchase of goods and services Depreciation and impairment charges Grants	285,694	281,539	280,345
	84,139	104,991	115,385
	2,477	1,607	3,158
	1,038,328	1,063,855	1,096,130

Total operating expenditure	1,410,638	1,451,992	1,495,018
Net operating expenditure	1,372,946	1,415,879	1,459,844
Finance expense	-	-	125
Net expenditure for the year	1,372,946	1,415,879	1,459,969

# Financial position

The total net assets of NIPF at 31 March 2021 were £44,092 (2019-20: £76,962).

#### Cash flow

As detailed in the Statement of Cash Flows the NIPF's net draw down from the Department of Justice in 2020-21 was £1,340,000 (2019-20: £1,471,000) and the net decrease in cash and cash equivalents in the year was £66,720 (2019-20: increase of £76,482).

# Financial risk

NIPF relies on the Department of Justice for funding and the risk to this funding is low. NIPF accounts for all transactions in sterling and it has it no borrowings. As such, NIPF is not exposed to any exchange rate or liquidity risk.

# PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

#### **Auditors**

The financial statements are audited by the Comptroller and Auditor General for Northern Ireland (C&AG) in accordance with the Northern Ireland Police Fund Regulations 2016. The C&AG is head of the Northern Ireland Audit Office (NIAO) and is appointed by statute. He reports his findings to the Northern Ireland Assembly. The C&AG and his staff are wholly independent of NIPF.

The audit fee for the work performed by the staff of the C&AG during the reporting period, and which relates solely to the audit of these financial statements, was £10,000 (2019-20: £10,000). The C&AG may also undertake other statutory activities that are not related to the audit of the body's financial statements such as Value for Money reports. No such activity took place during the year.

# Payment to suppliers

NIPF's policy is to pay bills from all suppliers within 10 working days following receipt of a properly rendered invoice or in accordance with contractual conditions, whichever is the earlier.

During the financial year, NIPF achieved an average of 100% (2019-20: 98.3%) of invoices paid to suppliers within 10 working days following receipt of a properly rendered invoice. NIPF achieved an average of 100% (2019-20: 100%) of invoices paid to suppliers within 30 calendar days following receipt of a properly rendered invoice.

# Social responsibility, environmental and sustainability initiatives

NIPF is committed to behaving ethically, to contributing to the local community, and to minimising our impact on the environment. Throughout the year NIPF participated in a recycling scheme for toner cartridges and, where possible, uses paper products that have a low environmental impact. NIPF's recycling also includes printed and office paper, tin and metal products, envelopes, cardboard and plastics with segregation of waste using different bins and disposal regimes.

# **Human rights**

Public servants have a statutory duty to respect, protect and fulfil people's human rights when developing and delivering government policy and services. The Northern Ireland Human Rights Commission (NIHRC) interactive guide to Human Rights is available to staff in NIPF to ensure they have knowledge of human rights law and standards and the core principles through which human rights are realised. The training is designed to increase human rights knowledge and strengthen the culture of human rights awareness and good practice within the organisation

# PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

# **Anti-corruption and anti-bribery**

NIPF is committed to the values of probity and accountability which foster a positive organisational culture. It is also committed to the elimination of any fraud within the organisation, to the rigorous investigation of any prima facie case, and, where fraud or other criminal acts are proven, to ensure that wrongdoers are dealt with appropriately. NIPF will take proportionate steps to recover any assets lost as a result of fraud, corruption or theft. It also has a zero tolerance approach towards acts of bribery and corruption by staff, associated persons and organisations. There were no incidents of suspected or actual fraud arising during the year.

# PERFORMANCE REPORT

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Kelly Robinson

**Chief Executive and Accounting Officer** 

14 December 2021

# **ACCOUNTABILITY REPORT**

The Accountability section of the Annual Report outlines how NIPF meets its key accountability requirements to the Assembly and ensures best practice with corporate governance norms and codes. The three sub-sections within the Accountability Report are outlined below.

# i - Corporate Governance Report

The purpose of this section is to explain the composition and organisation of NIPF's governance structures and how they support the achievement of its objectives.

The corporate governance report includes:

- Directors' Report;
- Non-Executive Members' Report;
- Statement of Accounting Officer's responsibilities; and
- Governance Statement.

# ii - Remuneration and Staff Report

This section sets out NIPF's remuneration policy for directors, reports on how that policy has been implemented and sets out the amounts awarded to directors as salary and pension entitlements.

In addition, the report provides information relating to remuneration and staff that the Assembly and other users see as key to accountability.

# iii - Assembly Accountability and Audit Report

This section brings together the key Assembly accountability documents within the Annual Report and Accounts. It comprises:

- Assembly accountability disclosures; and
- Certificate and Report of the Comptroller and Auditor General to the Assembly.

# **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT**

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### The Board

The NIPF Management Board oversees the work of the organisation. Its role is to lead NIPF's strategic planning and assist the Chief Executive, who is also the Accounting Officer, in meeting corporate governance responsibilities of NIPF.

During 2020-21, the Board consisted of:

Position	Member
Chief Executive	Ronnie Pedlow*
Non-Executive Member	Dr Michael Wardlow (Chairperson)
Non-Executive Member	Gareth Jenkins
Non-Executive Member	Chief Superintendent Simon Walls (until 16 February 2021)
Non-Executive Member	Alice O'Kane**
Non-Executive Member	Brenda Plummer**
Non-Executive Member	Colin Caughey**
Non-Executive Member	Jonathan Craig**

<sup>\*</sup> Kelly Robinson was appointed as the new Chief Executive, replacing Ronnie Pedlow, with effect from 1 July 2021.

#### **Board Members' interests**

Details of company directorships and other significant interests held by Board Members are set out within the related party disclosures at Note 15 in the Accounts. NIPF maintains a Register of Interests for senior management and Board Members which is updated on a quarterly basis. In addition, any conflicts of interest are declared by the Board Members at each meeting. Access to the Register of Interests may be gained by contacting the Office Manager at NIPF.

#### Information assurance

There were no incidences of loss of information assets or personal data during 2019-20 or 2020-21 which were required to be reported to the Information Commissioner's Office.

#### **Complaints**

There were no complaints received by NIPF in 2019-20 or 2020-21.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Four new Board Members were appointed by the Minister of Justice with effect from 1 April 2020.

#### **NON-EXECUTIVE MEMBERS' REPORT**

#### Overview

The 2020-21 year was a year of challenge for the Fund. At the end of last year, a competition took place for all the other Non-Executive Member (NEM) positions and we started the new financial year with five new appointments, one of which was my reappointment as Chair.

We were delighted that the DoJ accepted the recommendation of the Board to extend the secondment of the Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Ronnie Pedlow, for a second and final term until 31 March 2021 (subsequently extended to 30 June 2021 until we recruited a new CEO). Ronnie continued to offer inspirational leadership to the Fund during these difficult days. It was with sadness that we accepted the resignation of Fiona Sinclair as Head of Assessment Team within NIPF. We wish Fiona all the best for the future and thank her for her years of excellent service to the Fund.

The new Board continues to provide direction, support and challenge to the staff of the Fund in taking forward the valuable work of the Fund supporting police officers who were injured, and the families and dependents of police officers who were killed, by terrorism.

The Fund continued to work within budget and finished the year within budget and within the target of 1%.

#### **Board**

This has been a really odd year, one in which we were unable to meet physically due to Covid-19 restrictions. This has been the same experience for so many bodies I'm sure, but the situation has meant that none of the new Board Members have had a meeting in Maryfield. The Board met 10 times, virtually, during the year, receiving ongoing reports on finance, management, and a wide variety of activities particularly in relation to disbursement of grants to clients. The year also saw the review of a number of policies and the continued monitoring of the recent regulations on GDPR. All Board Members appreciate the continued excellent work put in by staff to ensure full compliance with all necessary regulations, particularly during the pandemic.

As I have already said above, we were able to redress the pressure that the Board faced last year with the appointment of a Minister of Justice and the successful conclusion of a NEM competition. The following new members were appointed for a four-year term - Brenda Plummer and Jonathan Craig. The following were appointed for a three-year term - Colin Caughey and Alice O'Kane. The difference in appointment terms was to ensure that the whole Board does not fall due for renewal at the same time again.

While we lost Holly Taylor as our boardroom apprentice during the past year, we were delighted to welcome our second boardroom apprentice this year, Melanie Jones. She has been an excellent colleague and has been consistent in her attendance and contribution to the Fund's strategic development. We would like to thank Holly for all her hard work and input during her time with us and wish her all the best for her future.

# NON-EXECUTIVE MEMBERS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

# **Board (continued)**

We also lost our Police Federation member Mark Lindsay during the year but were able to welcome his replacement, Gareth Jenkins, who has been an excellent colleague. We also lost our PSNI representative, Superintendent Simon Walls, however, Melanie Jones has since taken up PSNI representation on the Board. Again I would like to thank Simon for his excellent contribution to the Fund during his short period on the Board.

#### **Audit and Risk Committee**

The Audit and Risk Committee (ARC) met on three occasions this year under the excellent Chair Alice O'Kane. The Committee received ongoing reports from internal and external audit colleagues, counter fraud activities updates, finance, and transformation reports.

ARC also undertook continual scrutiny of the Fund's Risk Register which was reviewed and updated throughout the year, particularly in the context of the changing environment. During the year a number of reports were delivered by Internal Audit and at the end of the year there were no outstanding audit matters apart from the NIAO Priority 2 recommendation on 'receipts' which is expected to be addressed in 2021-22.

Once again I would thank all my former colleagues for their attendance and service on the committee and for Ronnie as CEO for his hard work together with staff colleagues Helen, Joanne, Beverley, Stephen and Rosemary.

# Conclusion

Overall this has been a good, though challenging year for the Fund but one in which I believe we have been able to serve our clients despite the adverse circumstances. We were able to fund fewer activities for obvious reasons but we were still able to grant over £1 million in grants and awards. We saw the first year of service of four new Board members, and the addition of two colleagues from the police family and the loss of an esteemed colleague, Fiona.

All previous Board Members gave exceptional personal commitments during the previous year, with a reduced Board, to ensure the work of the Board and the Fund continued with a minimal, if any, impact on clients.

We are grateful for the work of the Fund's staff and their resilience in continuing to deliver the highest possible level of service to the Fund's clients.

I look forward to being together for Board meetings this year and to see the recommencement of some activities again.

Dr Michael Wardlow Chairperson

#### STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING OFFICER'S RESPONSIBILITIES

Under paragraph 9 of The Northern Ireland Police Fund Regulations 2016, the Department of Justice (DoJ) has directed the Northern Ireland Police Fund to prepare for each financial year a statement of accounts in the form and on the basis set out in the Accounts Direction. The Accounts are prepared on an accruals basis and must give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Northern Ireland Police Fund and of its income and expenditure, Statement of Financial Position and cash flows for the financial year.

In preparing the accounts, the Accounting Officer is required to comply with the requirements of the Government Financial Reporting Manual and in particular to:

- observe the Accounts Direction issued by the DoJ, including the relevant accounting and disclosure requirements, and apply suitable accounting policies on a consistent basis;
- make judgments and estimates on a reasonable basis;
- state whether applicable accounting standards as set out in the Government Financial Reporting Manual have been followed, and disclose and explain any material departures in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis; and
- confirm that the Annual Report and Accounts as a whole is fair, balanced and understandable and take personal responsibility for the Annual Report and Accounts and the judgments required for determining that it is fair, balanced and understandable.

The Accounting Officer for the DoJ has designated the Chief Executive as Accounting Officer for the Northern Ireland Police Fund. The responsibilities of an Accounting Officer, including responsibility for the propriety and regularity of the public finances for which the Accounting Officer is answerable, for keeping proper records and for safeguarding the Northern Ireland Police Fund's assets, are set out in Managing Public Money Northern Ireland published by DoF.

As the Accounting Officer, I have taken all the steps that I ought to have taken to make myself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that NI Police Fund's auditors are aware of that information. So far as I am aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

#### **GOVERNANCE STATEMENT**

# 1. Scope of responsibility

The Northern Ireland Police Fund was set up in late 2001 as a government response to the Independent Commission on Policing for Northern Ireland, Patten Recommendation 87, as reviewed by John Steele. Its principal activity throughout the year was the provision of financial assistance, advice, support and care to members and former members of the Royal Ulster Constabulary, the Royal Ulster Constabulary Reserve, the Police Service of Northern Ireland and the Police Service of Northern Ireland Reserve who have been injured or disabled as a direct result of terrorism. It also provides support to the widows, families and dependants of police officers who have been injured or killed as a direct result of terrorist attack.

It has as its mission statement:

# Alleviating suffering resulting from terrorist attacks on police officers by providing continuing support for them and their families.

The core business of NIPF centres on clients. The needs of clients are at the heart of NIPF's schemes and services, and as client needs change and develop over time NIPF's schemes are regularly reviewed and evolve to meet need and demand.

NIPF's approach to client service goes beyond grants and NIPF will work with other agencies, particularly within the police family, to try to ensure that the needs of clients are met as well as possible. NIPF's assessment team also aims to visit, personally, all clients at least once every 18 months (subject to Covd-19 constraints) which allows the team to assess changing client need, inform clients about opportunities available to them through NIPF and develop the best support available within the parameters of NIPF's support schemes. We strive to ensure a high quality client based service balanced by the best possible use of NIPF's budget, within the parameters of governance and accounting requirements.

# 2. Purpose of the governance framework

The governance framework is designed to monitor and record the stewardship of the organisation and to supplement the accounts, providing a sense of how successfully NIPF has coped with the challenges it faces.

The framework is the way in which NIPF operates and allows it to monitor how it achieves its objectives and targets while ensuring the best use of public funds.

The internal control system underpins the governance framework and is designed to ensure that risks are managed appropriately in line with NIPF's risk appetite. It cannot eliminate all risks but rather provides reasonable assurance of effectiveness. It is based on an ongoing process through which NIPF has identified and prioritised the risks to the achievement of its policies, objectives and targets. It also evaluates the likelihood of risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and how they are being managed and mitigated efficiently, effectively and economically.

#### 3. Governance framework

The Chief Executive and Non-Executive Members are committed to operating in a responsible manner and the governance framework forms an integral part of this approach in order to safeguard public funds. A robust governance framework, as described below, supports the Chief Executive and Board Members in discharging their corporate governance responsibilities.

The Corporate Governance Framework has been in place in NIPF for the year ended 31 March 2021 and up to the date of the annual report and accounts, and is in accordance with DoF Guidance. NIPF also complied with the Corporate Governance Code.

NIPF is subject to the disclosure requirements under the Freedom of Information Act 2000. There have been no Ministerial directions during the course of the year.

# Corporate accountability

NIPF is an Executive NDPB of the DoJ. The Chief Executive also acts as the Accounting Officer for NIPF. She is responsible for the operational management of NIPF and the delivery of Board policy. She reports directly to the Chairperson.

The Accounting Officer's responsibilities are delegated from the Permanent Secretary of the DoJ, to the Chief Executive, who as NIPF's Accounting Officer is accountable for the effective, efficient and economic use of resources provided to NIPF, for the propriety and regularity of its expenditure, the safety and security of staff and for ensuring that the requirements of Managing Public Money Northern Ireland are met.

The Chief Executive and the Board Members pay careful attention to the Management Statement and Financial Memorandum agreed with the Departmental Sponsor.

#### Management Board

The Chief Executive is supported by a Management Board ('the Board') consisting of a Chairperson and Non-Executive Members who have been appointed by the Minister of Justice or Department of Justice, and who govern the conduct of NIPF though formal reporting and decision making. Board Members comprise a mixture of individuals providing a balance of skills and abilities ranging from strong ties with the policing family, through to experience of the specialisms required to fulfil the Board's functions, which range from decisions affecting client grants to governance and oversight of performance.

The Board normally meets monthly and, at the corporate and strategic level, Board Members regularly review progress and performance against the objectives and targets set in NIPF's Business Plan. This includes the ongoing monitoring of corporate risks and the oversight of the performance and risks at the operational level.

# 3. Governance framework (continued)

Attendance by Members at Board meetings during 2020-21 was as follows:

Member	Possible Attendance	Actual Attendance	% Attendance
Dr Michael Wardlow	10	10	100%
Alice O'Kane	10	10	100%
Brenda Plummer	10	9	90%
Colin Caughey	10	8	80%
Jonathan Craig	10	7	70%
Gareth Jenkins	10	6	60%
Chief Superintendent Simon Walls (until 16 February 2021)	8	5	63%

#### Audit and Risk Committee

The Accounting Officer and Board Members are supported in their roles by the Audit and Risk Committee which usually meets at least four times a year and monitors the corporate governance and control systems within NIPF. It considers progress against assurance plans, adequacy of the risk management framework and risk register and any proposed risk mitigation, adherence to procurement policies and guidelines, internal and external audit strategies and management response to audit recommendations.

The Committee is chaired by a member of the Board and has a member independent of the Board. It has full access to all audit reports, risk registers and management reports. The Committee is attended by representatives from internal and external audit and the Departmental Sponsor.

Attendance at Audit and Risk Committee meetings during 2020-21 was as follows:

Member	Possible Attendance	Actual Attendance	% Attendance
Alice O'Kane (Chair)	4	4	100%
Brenda Plummer	4	4	100%
Jonathan Craig	4	2	50%
Leanne McCullough (Independent Member)	4	4	100%

#### Finance and General Purposes Committee

The Board may also convene a Finance and General Purposes Committee to carry out specific items of work as required by it. This Committee was not convened during the year. Depending on the level of funding applications, grants to clients are awarded through delegated authority to the Chief Executive and/or through case conferences which comprise a quorum of four Board Members. Client appeals are heard at Board meetings.

# 3. Governance framework (continued)

# Annual report and accounts

Each year NIPF prepares an annual report and accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Manual (FReM) and DoF guidance, prior to being laid in the Assembly.

Ongoing governance oversight of NIPF is achieved through quarterly governance meetings with the Departmental Sponsor and through regular Departmental governance and financial reports and returns.

# Policies and procedures

NIPF has internal controls in place which are supported by policies and procedures which are adhered to throughout the organisation. NIPF also has a system of signed authorisation forms and tiered approval processes which are an effective internal control system and delegates a level of individual accountability throughout NIPF.

# 4. Risk management and internal control

NIPF's internal control and risk management processes act as enablers for the delivery of effective governance and demonstrate that adequate internal controls are in place and operating effectively.

To assist in the risk management process, NIPF has developed a risk management policy which sets out its methodology for identifying, assessing and managing risk in line with the risk appetite, outlines the key aspects of the risk management process and identifies the reporting procedures. A risk register is maintained and reviewed on a quarterly basis by the Board and the register, along with a summary of changes made in the intervening period is submitted to each Audit and Risk Committee meeting and governance meeting with the Departmental Sponsor. The Register is also reviewed on a monthly basis by the Chief Executive and staff.

NIPF adheres to specific financial arrangements, delegated from the Department to the Accounting Officer in relation to the principles within Managing Public Money Northern Ireland (MPMNI) for the expenditure, regularity, propriety and value for money which applies to all public expenditure. NIPF implements and adheres to relevant DoJ and DoF policies where they are appropriate to NIPF including financial, procurement and accounting policies and procedures, information security policy, policies on fraud and anti-bribery, and whistleblowing, a requirement to declare conflicts of interest and a gifts and hospitality policy.

# 5. Review of effectiveness of the governance framework

As Accounting Officer I have responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the governance framework and the system of internal control. This has been informed through a number of elements within NIPF.

NIPF's Board has a vital role in ensuring that NIPF has an effective system of internal control. It met on ten separate occasions during the year to discuss and make decisions relating to, but not limited to: strategy, governance, performance, financial planning and monitoring, budget proposals, risk, security, policies and procedures. The Board again acknowledges the significant improvement in the quality of data presented in management information reports during the year, particularly financial data, which has enabled the Board to have a fuller corporate overview of performance within NIPF. This includes but is not limited to: cumulative data on client based activities, spend, prompt payments statistics and security and fraud matters.

The Audit and Risk Committee also keeps governance issues under review. It met four times during the year to consider significant aspects within the governance framework including, but not limited to: reports from internal and external audit on systems and procedural reviews, the annual report to those charged with governance and the management response, quarterly risk register reviews from the Board and procurement issues.

In accordance with the National Audit Office 'Good Practice Self-Assessment Checklist' for public sector Audit Committees, the Audit and Risk Committee, along with the Board, has undertaken Corporate Governance training which included specific training on the role of an audit and risk committee. The outcome gave assurance that best practices were being followed in key areas.

NIPF meets quarterly with the Departmental Sponsor to discuss governance issues and agree actions for improvement.

In addition to this, NIPF also makes a significant number of formal monthly, six monthly and annual returns to the Department. These include but are not limited to:

- stewardship statements;
- corporate governance statements;
- · security risk management overview;
- information assurance maturity action plan;
- financial forecasts and resource budget monitoring returns;
- monitoring rounds; and
- compliance reports on the use of consultants.

#### 6. Significant internal control issues

No significant internal control issues were identified during the year.

# 7. Budget position

The Assembly passed the Budget Act (Northern Ireland) 2021 in March 2021 which authorised the cash and use of resources for all departments for the 2020-21 year, based on the Executive's final expenditure plans for the year. The Budget Act (Northern Ireland) 2021 also authorised a Vote on Account to authorise departments' access to cash and use of resources for the early months of the 2021-22 financial year. This will be followed by the 2021-22 Main Estimates and the associated Budget (No. 2) Bill before the summer recess which will authorise the cash and resource balance to complete for the remainder of 2021-22 based on the Executive's 2021-22 Final Budget.

# 8. Accounting Officer statement on assurance

I have been advised on the implications of the result of my review and of the effectiveness of the system of internal control by the Board, the Audit and Risk Committee and through the internal auditor's annual opinion on assurance.

The Public Sector Internal Auditing Standards requires that I report any significant control issues brought to my attention by the Internal Auditors. In respect of 2020-21, I have been informed by internal audit on the adequacy and effectiveness of internal controls operating within NIPF. Progress on issues raised by internal and external audit continues to be formally monitored through the Audit and Risk Assurance Committee. There were no Priority 1 recommendations from either internal and external audits, and one Priority 2 recommendation from external audit. This continues to be reported to and monitored by the Departmental Audit and Risk Assurance Committee.

The Head of Internal Audit provides me with an Annual Report and her professional opinion on the level of assurance that she can provide based on the work done. The Head of Internal Audit forms her professional opinion on the basis of the Internal Audit work completed over a three-year period and she has provided overall satisfactory assurance.

Taking these matters into account, I am content that the internal control framework in operation within NIPF provides reasonable assurance that objectives can be met.

# REMUNERATION AND STAFF REPORT

# Remuneration policy

The salaries of seconded civil servants in the Northern Ireland Police Fund are based on a review of grading completed in 2005 and the level of pay settlements in the Northern Ireland Civil Service (NICS).

The pay remit for the Northern Ireland (NI) public sector, including senior civil servants (SCS), is approved by the Minister of Finance. The Minister has set the 2020-21 NI public sector pay policy (September 2020) in line with the overarching HMT parameters. Annual NICS pay awards are made in the context of the wider public sector pay policy. The pay award for NICS staff, including SCS, for 2020-21 has been fully implemented.

Bonuses may be awarded either directly from NIPF or through the DoJ agreed performance and bonus arrangements.

The salaries for directly recruited staff are set by the Board of NIPF on advice from its Finance and General Purposes Committee having regard to a review of grading completed in 2005 and the level of settlements elsewhere in the public and private sector, and is approved by the Minister of Finance.

#### Service contracts

The Civil Service Commissioners (NI) Order 1999 requires Civil Service appointments to be made on merit on the basis of fair and open competition. The Recruitment Code published by the Civil Service Commissioners for Northern Ireland specifies the circumstances when appointments may be made otherwise.

Unless otherwise stated, the officials covered by this report hold appointments which are open-ended. Early termination, other than for misconduct, would result in the individual receiving compensation as set out in the Civil Service Compensation Scheme.

Further information about the work of the Civil Service Commissioners can be found at www.nicscommissioners.org.

Staff recruited directly are appointed through an external firm of recruitment agents. In accordance with NIPF policies all appointments are made on the basis of fair and open competition. Appointments may be made either on a fixed contract basis or open ended and early termination may give rise to an individual receiving compensation.

# Remuneration and pension entitlements

The following section provides details of the remuneration and pension interests of the most senior management of NIPF. The Chairperson of NIPF is the only Non-Executive Member in receipt of remuneration.

# [Audited information]

Single total figure of remuneration				2020-21
Officials and Non-Executive Members	Salary	Benefits in kind	*Pension Benefits	Total
_	£000	(to nearest £100)	£000	£000
<b>Dr M Wardlow</b> Chairperson	5-10	-	-	5-10
Mr R Pedlow** Chief Executive	30-35	-	7	40-45
Single total figure of remuneration				2019-20
Officials and Non-Executive Members	Salary	Benefits in kind (to nearest	*Pension Benefits	Total
<u>-</u>	£000	£100)	£000	£000
<b>Dr M Wardlow</b> Chairperson	5-10	-	-	5-10
Mr R Pedlow** Chief Executive	30-35	-	7	40-45

<sup>\*</sup> The value of pension benefits accrued during the year is calculated as (the real increase in pension multiplied by 20) plus (the real increase in any lump sum) less (the contributions made by the individual). The real increases exclude increases due to inflation and any increase or decrease due to a transfer of pension rights.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The Chief Executive works part-time and received a banded salary of £50-£55,000 for a 0.6 full-time equivalent (FTE) post.

# Salary

'Salary' includes gross salary and any other allowance to the extent that it is subject to UK taxation.

#### Benefits in kind

The monetary value of benefits in kind covers any benefits provided by the employer and treated by HM Revenue and Customs as a taxable emolument. No benefits in kind were paid during the financial year (2019-20: £Nil).

# Pay multiples

# [Audited information]

nadica imerinaden,	2020-21	2019-20
Band of highest paid Director's FTE Total Remuneration*	£50-55,000	£50-55,000
Median Total Remuneration*	£32,904	£31,890
Ratio	1.60	1.65

<sup>\*</sup>Total remuneration includes salary, non-consolidated performance-related pay and benefits in kind. It does not include severance payments, employer pension contributions and the cash equivalent transfer value of pensions.

Reporting bodies are required to disclose the relationship between the mid-point of the banded remuneration of the highest paid director in the organisation and the median remuneration of the organisation's workforce.

The full-time equivalent banded salary of the highest paid director in NIPF during the year was £50-£55,000 (2019-20: £50-£55,000). This was 1.60 times (2019-20: 1.65 times) the median remuneration of the workforce which was £32,904 (2019-20: £31,890).

No employee received remuneration in excess of the Chief Executive during either the year ended 31 March 2021 or the prior year ended 31 March 2020.

Remuneration in 2020-21 ranged from £22,000 to £50-55,000 (FTE) (2019-20: £22,000 to £50-£55,000 (FTE)).

#### **Pension entitlements**

# [Audited information]

Officials	Accrued pension at pension age as at 31/3/21 and related lump sum	Real increase in pension and related lump sum at pension age	CETV at 31/3/21	CETV at 31/3/20	Real increase in CETV	Employer contribution to partner- ship pension account (Nearest £100)
Mr R Pedlow	0-5 plus	0-2.5 plus	80	73	6	-
Chief Executive	10-15 related lump sum	0-2.5 related lump sum				

The Chief Executive was on inward secondment and his pension arrangements fell under the Civil Service pension provisions.

No pension benefits are provided to the Non-Executive Members of the Board.

# Northern Ireland Civil Service (NICS) pension schemes

Pension benefits are provided through the Northern Ireland Civil Service pension schemes which are administered by Civil Service Pensions (CSP).

The alpha pension scheme was introduced for new entrants from 1 April 2015. The alpha scheme and all previous scheme arrangements are unfunded with the cost of benefits met by monies voted each year. The majority of existing members of the classic, premium, classic plus and nuvos pension arrangements also moved to alpha from that date. Members who on 1 April 2012 were within 10 years of their normal pension age did not move to alpha and those who were within 13.5 years and 10 years of their normal pension age were given a choice between moving to alpha on 1 April 2015 or at a later date determined by their age. Alpha is a 'Career Average Revalued Earnings' (CARE) arrangement in which members accrue pension benefits at a percentage rate of annual pensionable earnings throughout the period of scheme membership. The current accrual rate is 2.32%.

Discrimination identified by the courts in the way that the 2015 pension reforms were introduced must be removed by the Department of Finance. It is expected that, in due course, eligible members with relevant service between 1 April 2015 and 31 March 2022 may be entitled to different pension benefits in relation to that period. The different pension benefits relate to the different schemes e.g. classic, alpha, etc. and is not the monetary benefits received. This is known as the 'McCloud Remedy' and will impact many aspects of the Civil Service Pensions schemes including the scheme valuation outcomes. Further information on this will be included in the NICS pension scheme accounts which are available at <a href="https://www.finance-ni.gov.uk/publications/dof-resource-accounts">https://www.finance-ni.gov.uk/publications/dof-resource-accounts</a>.

# Northern Ireland Civil Service (NICS) pension schemes (continued)

Currently, new entrants joining can choose between membership of alpha or joining a 'money purchase' stakeholder arrangement with a significant employer contribution (partnership pension account).

New entrants joining on or after 30 July 2007 were eligible for membership of the nuvos arrangement or they could have opted for a partnership pension account. Nuvos is also a CARE arrangement in which members accrue pension benefits at a percentage rate of annual pensionable earnings throughout the period of scheme membership. The current accrual rate is 2.3%.

Staff in post prior to 30 July 2007 may be in one of three statutory based 'final salary' defined benefit arrangements (classic, premium and classic plus). From April 2011, pensions payable under classic, premium, and classic plus are reviewed annually in line with changes in the cost of living. New entrants joining on or after 1 October 2002 and before 30 July 2007 could choose between membership of premium or joining the partnership pension account.

Benefits in classic accrue at the rate of 1/80th of pensionable salary for each year of service. In addition, a lump sum equivalent to three years' pension is payable on retirement. For premium, benefits accrue at the rate of 1/60th of final pensionable earnings for each year of service. Unlike classic, there is no automatic lump sum (but members may give up (commute) some of their pension to provide a lump sum). Classic plus is essentially a variation of premium, but with benefits in respect of service before 1 October 2002 calculated broadly as per classic.

The partnership pension account is a stakeholder pension arrangement. The employer makes a basic contribution of between 8% and 14.75% (depending on the age of the member) into a stakeholder pension product chosen by the employee. The employee does not have to contribute but where they do make contributions, the employer will match these up to a limit of 3% of pensionable salary (in addition to the employer's basic contribution). Employers also contribute a further 0.5% of pensionable salary to cover the cost of centrally-provided risk benefit cover (death in service and ill health retirement).

Active members of the pension scheme will receive an Annual Benefit Statement. The accrued pension quoted is the pension the member is entitled to receive when they reach their scheme pension age, or immediately on ceasing to be an active member of the scheme if they are at or over pension age. Scheme Pension age is 60 for members of classic, premium, and classic plus and 65 for members of nuvos. The normal scheme pension age in alpha is linked to the member's State Pension Age but cannot be before age 65. Further details about the NICS pension schemes can be found at the website www.finance-ni.gov.uk/civilservicepensions-ni.

All pension benefits are reviewed annually in line with changes in the cost of living. Any applicable increases are applied from April and are determined by the Consumer Prices Index (CPI) figure for the preceding September. The CPI in September 2020 was 0.5% and HM Treasury has announced that public service pensions will be increased accordingly from April 2021

# Northern Ireland Civil Service (NICS) pension schemes (continued)

Employee contribution rates for all members for the period covering 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022 are as follows:

#### Scheme Year 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022

Annualised Rate of Pensionable Earnings (Salary Bands)		Contribution rates - all members
From	То	
£0	£24,199.99	4.60%
£24,200.00	£55,799.99	5.45%
£55,800.00	£153,299.99	7.35%
£153,300.00 and above		8.05%

# Cash Equivalent Transfer Values

A Cash Equivalent Transfer Value (CETV) is the actuarially assessed capitalised value of the pension scheme benefits accrued by a member at a particular point in time. The benefits valued are the member's accrued benefits and any contingent spouse's pension payable from the scheme. A CETV is a payment made by a pension scheme or arrangement to secure pension benefits in another pension scheme or arrangement when the member leaves a scheme and chooses to transfer the benefits accrued in their former scheme. The pension figures shown relate to the benefits that the individual has accrued as a consequence of their total membership of the pension scheme, not just their service in a senior capacity to which disclosure applies. The CETV figures, and from 2003-04 the other pension details, include the value of any pension benefit in another scheme or arrangement which the individual has transferred to the NICS pension arrangements. They also include any additional pension benefit accrued to the member as a result of their purchasing additional years of pension service in the scheme at their own cost. CETVs are calculated in accordance with The Occupational Pension Schemes (Transfer Values) (Amendment) Regulations 2015 and do not take account of any actual or potential benefits resulting from Lifetime Allowance Tax which may be due when pension benefits are taken.

#### Real increase in CETV

This reflects the increase in CETV effectively funded by the employer. It does not include the increase in accrued pension due to inflation, contributions paid by the employee (including the value of any benefits transferred from another pension scheme or arrangement) and uses common market valuation factors for the start and end of the period. However, the real increase calculation uses common actuarial factors at the start and end of the period so that it disregards the effect of any changes in factors and focuses only on the increase that is funded by the employer.

#### Compensation for loss of office

There were no compensation benefits paid by NIPF to any senior staff members during the financial year (2019-20: £Nil).

#### **STAFF REPORT**

#### Staff costs

[Audited information]

Staff costs comprise:

		Permanently Employed		2020-21	2019-20
		Staff	Others	Total	Total
	Note	£	£	£	£
Wages and salaries		210,488	19,446	229,934	227,425
Social security costs		20,212	-	20,212	19,384
Other pension costs		35,548	-	35,548	34,730
Total Gross Costs	3	266,248	19,446	285,694	281,539
Less recoveries in respect of outward secondments	4	(37,692)	-	(37,692)	(36,113)
Total Net Costs	_	228,556	19,446	248,002	245,426

Staff (including the Chief Executive), who are Civil Servants on inward secondment, fall under the Civil Service or NI Assembly pension provisions relevant to their employer. Their pension costs are recharged by the employer to NIPF and accounted for above as pension costs.

#### NIPF pension arrangements

NIPF operates a defined contribution scheme for its employees as they are not Civil Servants. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the employer pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The employer has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

For its defined contribution plan, the employer pays contributions to a privately administered pension plan on a contractual basis. The employer has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as an employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available. During 2020-21, employers' contributions of £7,575 (2019-20: £7,509) were payable to the private pension provider. Contributions prepaid at 31 March 2021 were £Nil (2019-20: £Nil).

There were no early retirements on ill-health grounds in 2019-20 or in 2020-21.

# Average number of persons employed

# [Audited information]

The average number of whole-time equivalent persons employed during 2020-21 was 4.9 (2019-20: 5.1).

During the year, three members of staff (2019-20: three) had permanent employment contracts. Three members of staff (2019-20: three) were on inward secondment and one (2019-20: one) was on outward secondment. An additional three persons (2019-20: three) were employed on zero hours contracts.

# Staff composition

The number of persons employed at 31 March 2021 including three staff on zero hours contracts was as follows:

	Female staff	Male staff	Total Staff
NIPF Board	2	4	6
Senior Civil Service	=	-	-
NIPF employees	6	2	8

# Managing attendance

The reported average number of working days lost due to sickness per employee for 2020-21 was 0 days (2019-20: 9.1 days).

#### Staff turnover

During the year the Fund has moved to reduce its dependence on seconded staff. To this end internal competitions for the appointment of Head of Assessment and Head of Administration took place in April 2021. Two Assessment Officers posts have been filled by inward secondment however both have since returned to their parent organisations.

During the 2020-21 financial year, NIPF had a staff turnover of nil based on the number of leavers during the year divided by the average number of staff in post.

#### Staff engagement

As employees of NIPF are public not civil servants, staff do not participate in the NICS Staff Survey. The Chief Executive maintains on-going engagement with staff on a formal and informal basis.

# Staff policies

NIPF is committed to the development of its staff and to policies that enable them to contribute to the performance and long-term effectiveness of the organisation.

In particular, NIPF:

- will ensure that all eligible persons shall have equal opportunity for employment and advancement in NIPF on the basis of their ability, qualifications and aptitude for the work; in other words 'on the basis of merit':
- embraces issues of diversity, inclusivity and equality of opportunity, with recruitment and retention processes and policies fully embracing those concepts;
- gives equality of opportunity when considering applications from disabled persons, in compliance with all existing legislation; and
- recognises the benefits of keeping employees informed of progress and issues affecting NIPF through formal and informal meetings.

# **Equal opportunities and diversity**

The policy of NIPF is that all eligible persons shall have equal opportunity for employment and advancement on the basis of their ability, qualifications and aptitude for work. Under the policy, no person must be treated less favourably, in any respect of his/her employment, for a reason related to gender, marital status, religious belief, political opinion, disability, colour, ethnic or national origin, age, sexual orientation and having dependants, which should be irrelevant to the treatment or assessment of that individual.

NIPF is an Equal Opportunity employer and is fully committed to the elimination of all forms of harassment and bullying, discrimination and victimisation. NIPF recognises the legal obligations under which it operates and ensures working relationships are based on mutual trust, respect and understanding. This allows the maximum potential to be made of the wide variety of skills, abilities and attributes available within NIPF.

# **Employment of disabled persons**

NIPF aims to ensure that people with a disability suffer no detriment in recruitment and advancement and that its policies and practices comply with the requirements of the Disability Discrimination Act 1995 and Disability Discrimination (Amendment) Regulations 2003. The consideration and implementation of reasonable adjustments help to ensure that staff with disabilities can fully utilise their skills and abilities.

# Staff support and wellbeing

The health and wellbeing of NIPF staff is of paramount concern and has been a feature of its response to the Covid-19 pandemic. NIPF staff have access to the NICS Welfare Support Service and Employee Assistance Programme. During 2020-21 senior management sought to maintain links with all staff working remotely.

# **Health and safety**

NIPF is committed to providing staff with an environment that is, as far as possible, safe and free from risk to health. In line with this commitment, NIPF complied with the relevant legislation. As noted above there has been a considerable emphasis on ensuring that the Fund's premises and working practices minimise the risk, as far as possible, of Covid infection. This includes the introduction of protocols for working practices and the provision of PPE.

There were no notifiable accidents during 2020-21.

# Learning and development

NIPF is committed to ensuring that staff have the opportunity to develop as far as possible within the organisation. Staff undertake training in core issues via on-line training provided by the Centre for Applied Learning.

# **Expenditure on consultancy**

NIPF incurred no expenditure on consultancy during 2019-20 or 2020-21.

#### Off-payroll payments

NIPF made no off-payroll payments in 2019-20 or 2020-21.

#### Reporting of Civil Service and other compensation schemes - exit packages

[Audited information]

NIPF incurred no expenditure on compulsory redundancies or other departures during 2019-20 or 2020-21.

# ASSEMBLY ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT REPORT

#### ASSEMBLY ACCOUNTABILITY DISCLOSURES

# Regularity of expenditure

# Losses and special payments

[Audited information]

There were no losses or special payments that require disclosure in 2019-20 or 2020-21.

# Remote contingent liabilities

[Audited information]

In addition to contingent liabilities reported within the meaning of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets, NIPF is required to report liabilities for which the likelihood of economic benefit in settlement is too remote to meet the definition of a contingent liability. The NIPF has no such liabilities.

Note 14 provides further details regarding the contingent liabilities that are included within the financial statements.

# **ACCOUNTABILITY REPORT**

U.Allen.

Kelly Robinson

**Chief Executive and Accounting Officer** 

14 December 2021

# THE CERTIFICATE AND REPORT OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL TO THE NORTHERN IRELAND ASSEMBLY

# **Opinion on financial statements**

I certify that I have audited the financial statements of the Northern Ireland Police Fund for the year ended 31 March 2021 under the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003 as amended by the Northern Ireland Act 1998 (Devolution of Policing and Justice Functions) Order 2010. The financial statements comprise: the Statements of Comprehensive Net Expenditure, Financial Position, Cash Flows, Changes in Taxpayers' Equity; and the related notes, including significant accounting policies. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out within them. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and interpreted by the Government Financial Reporting Manual.

I have also audited the information in the Accountability Report that is described in that report as having been audited.

In my opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Northern Ireland Police Fund's affairs as at 31 March 2021 and of the Northern Ireland Police Fund's net expenditure for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003 as amended by the Northern Ireland Act 1998 (Devolution of Policing and Justice Functions) Order 2010 and the Department of Justice directions issued thereunder

#### Opinion on regularity

In my opinion, in all material respects the expenditure and income recorded in the financial statements have been applied to the purposes intended by the Assembly and the financial transactions recorded in the financial statements conform to the authorities which govern them.

#### **Basis for opinions**

I conducted my audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) (UK), applicable law and Practice Note 10 'Audit of Financial Statements of Public Sector Entities in the United Kingdom'. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this certificate.

My staff and I are independent of the Northern Ireland Police Fund in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Financial Reporting Council's Revised Ethical Standard 2019, and have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

I believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinions.

# THE CERTIFICATE AND REPORT OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL TO THE NORTHERN IRELAND ASSEMBLY (CONTINUED)

# Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, I have concluded that the Northern Ireland Police Fund's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work I have performed, I have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on Northern Ireland Police Fund's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

The going concern basis of accounting for the Northern Ireland Police Fund is adopted in consideration of the requirements set out in the Government Reporting Manual, which require entities to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements where it anticipated that the services which they provide will continue into the future.

My responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Chief Executive as Accounting Officer with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Other Information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements, the parts of the Accountability Report described in that report as having been audited, and my audit certificate and report. The Chief Executive as Accounting Officer is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in my report I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

My responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If I identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, I am required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact.

I have nothing to report in this regard.

# THE CERTIFICATE AND REPORT OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL TO THE NORTHERN IRELAND ASSEMBLY (CONTINUED)

## **Opinion on other matters**

In my opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the parts of the Accountability Report to be audited have been properly prepared in accordance with Department of Justice directions made under the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003 as amended by the Northern Ireland Act 1998 (Devolution of Policing and Justice Functions) Order 2010; and
- the information given in the Performance Report and Accountability Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

## Matters on which I report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Northern Ireland Police Fund and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, I have not identified material misstatements in the Performance Report and Accountability Report. I have nothing to report in respect of the following matters which I report to you if, in my opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements and the parts of the Accountability Report to be audited are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- certain disclosures of remuneration specified by the Government Financial Reporting Manual are not made; or
- I have not received all of the information and explanations I require for my audit;
- the Governance Statement does not reflect compliance with the Department of Finance's guidance.

# Responsibilities of the Chief Executive as Accounting Officer for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Accounting Officer's Responsibilities, the Chief Executive as the Accounting Officer is responsible for:

- the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view:
- such internal controls as the Accounting Officer determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free form material misstatement, whether due to fraud of error; and
- assessing the Northern Ireland Police Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Accounting Officer anticipates that the services provided by the Northern Ireland Police Fund will not continue to be provided in the future.

# THE CERTIFICATE AND REPORT OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL TO THE NORTHERN IRELAND ASSEMBLY (CONTINUED)

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My responsibility is to audit, certify and report on the financial statements in accordance with the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003 as amended by the Northern Ireland Act 1998 (Devolution of Policing and Justice Functions) Order 2010 and the Department of Justice directions issued thereunder.

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue a certificate that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

I design procedures in line with my responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of non-compliance with laws and regulation, including fraud.

## My procedures included:

- obtaining an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework applicable to the Northern Ireland Police Fund through discussion with management and application of extensive public sector accountability knowledge;
- making enquires of management and those charged with governance on Northern Ireland Police Fund's compliance with laws and regulations;
- making enquiries of internal audit, management and those charged with governance as to susceptibility to irregularity and fraud, their assessment of the risk of material misstatement due to fraud and irregularity, and their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud and irregularity;
- completing risk assessment procedures to assess the susceptibility of Northern Ireland Police Fund's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur. This included, but was not limited to, an engagement director led engagement team discussion on fraud to identify particular areas, transaction streams and business practices that may be susceptible to material misstatement due to fraud:
- engagement director oversight to ensure the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise noncompliance with the applicable legal and regulatory framework throughout the audit;
- designing audit procedures to address specific laws and regulations which the
  engagement team considered to have a direct material effect on the financial
  statements in terms of misstatement and irregularity, including fraud. These audit
  procedures included, but were not limited to, reading board and committee
  minutes, and agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting
  documentation and approvals as appropriate;

## THE CERTIFICATE AND REPORT OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL TO THE NORTHERN IRELAND ASSEMBLY (CONTINUED)

- addressing the risk of fraud as a result of management override of controls by:
  - o performing analytical procedures to identify unusual or unexpected relationships or movements;
  - o testing journal entries to identify potential anomalies, and inappropriate or unauthorised adjustments:
  - assessing whether judgements and other assumptions made in determining accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias; and
  - investigating significant or unusual transactions made outside of the normal course of business: and
- applying tailored risk factors to datasets of financial transactions and related records to identify potential anomalies and irregularities for detailed audit testing.

A further description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of my certificate.

In addition, I am required to obtain evidence sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the expenditure and income recorded in the financial statements have been applied to the purposes intended by the Assembly and the financial transactions recorded in the financial statements conform to the authorities which govern them.

## Report

I have no observations to make on these financial statements.

K J Donnelly

K S Donelly

Comptroller and Auditor General Northern Ireland Audit Office 1 Bradford Court

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16 December 2021

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## **Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure**

## For the year ended 31 March 2021

This account summarises the expenditure and income generated and consumed on an accruals basis. It also includes other comprehensive income and expenditure, which include changes to the values of non-current assets and other financial instruments that cannot yet be recognised as income or expenditure.

	Note	2020-21 £	2019-20 £
Revenue from contracts with customers			
Other operating income	4	(37,692)	(36,113)
Total operating income	_	(37,692)	(36,113)
Staff costs	3	285,694	281,539
Purchase of goods and services	3	84,139	104,991
Depreciation and impairment charges	3	2,477	1,607
Grants	3	1,038,328	1,063,855
Total operating expenditure		1,410,638	1,451,992
Net expenditure for the year		1,372,946	1,415,879
Other comprehensive net expenditure Items that will not be reclassified to Net operating expenditure:			
<ul> <li>net (gain) on revaluation of property, plant and equipment</li> </ul>	5	(76)	(5)
Comprehensive net expenditure for the year	 	1,372,870	1,415,874

## **Statement of Financial Position**

#### As at 31 March 2021

This statement presents the financial position of the Northern Ireland Police Fund. It comprises three main components: assets owned or controlled; liabilities owed to other bodies; and equity, the remaining value of the entity.

		2021	2020
Non-compart coacts	Note	£	£
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment	5	17,855	14,464
Intangible assets	6	-	-
Total non-current assets	_	17,855	14,464
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	9	12,800	10,875
Cash and cash equivalents	8	44,983	111,703
Total current assets		57,783	122,578
Total assets		75,638	137,042
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	10	(31,546)	(60,080)
Total current liabilities	_	(31,546)	(60,080)
Total assets less net current liabilities		44,092	76,962
Total assets less total liabilities	_	44,092	76,962
Taxpayers' equity and other reserves			
General Fund		43,621	76,540
Revaluation Reserve		471	422
Total equity	_	44,092	76,962

**Kelly Robinson Chief Executive and Accounting Officer** 

U.Aller.

**14 December 2021** 

#### **Statement of Cash Flows**

## For the year ended 31 March 2021

This Statement shows the changes in cash and cash equivalents of the Northern Ireland Police Fund during the reporting period. The statement shows how NIPF generates and uses cash and cash equivalents by classifying cash flows as operating, investing and financing activities. The amount of net cash flows arising from operating activities is a key indicator of service costs and the extent to which these operations are funded by way of income from the recipients of services provided by NIPF. Investing activities represent the extent to which cash inflows and outflows have been made for resources which are intended to contribute to NIPF's future public service delivery.

		2020-21	2019-20
	Note	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net expenditure for the year		(1,372,946)	(1,415,879)
Adjustment for non-cash transactions	3	2,477	1,607
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	9	(1,925)	8,425
(Decrease)/Increase in trade and other payables	10	(28,534)	11,329
Net cash outflow from operating activities	- -	(1,400,928)	(1,394,518)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Property, plant and equipment	5	(5,792)	-
Net cash outflow from investing activities	-	(5,792)	
Cash flows from financing activities			
Grant from sponsoring department		1,340,000	1,471,000
Net financing	-	1,340,000	1,471,000
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents			
in the period	-	(66,720)	76,482
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning			
of the period	8 _	111,703	35,221
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	8	44,983	111,703

## Statement of Changes in Taxpayers' Equity

## For the year ended 31 March 2021

This statement shows the movement in the year on the different reserves held by NIPF, analysed into 'general fund reserves' (i.e. those reserves that reflect a contribution from the Consolidated Fund). The Revaluation Reserve reflects the change in asset values that have not been recognised as income or expenditure. The General Fund represents the total assets less liabilities of NIPF, to the extent that the total is not represented by other reserves and financing items.

	General Fund £	Revaluation Reserve £	Taxpayers' Equity £
Balance at 31 March 2019	20,987	849	21,836
Grant from sponsoring department	1,471,000	-	1,471,000
Comprehensive net expenditure for the year	(1,415,879)	5	(1,415,874)
Transfer between reserves	432	(432)	-
Balance at 31 March 2020	76,540	422	76,962
Grant from sponsoring department	1,340,000	-	1,340,000
Comprehensive net expenditure for the year	(1,372,946)	76	(1,372,870)
Transfer between reserves	27	(27)	-
Balance at 31 March 2021	43,621	471	44,092

### **Notes to the Accounts**

## 1. Statement of accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the 2020-21 Government Financial Reporting Manual (FReM) issued by the Department of Finance. The accounting policies contained in the FReM apply International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adapted or interpreted for the public sector context. Where the FReM permits a choice of accounting policy, the accounting policy which is judged to be most appropriate to the particular circumstances of NIPF for the purpose of giving a true and fair view has been selected. The particular policies adopted by NIPF are described below. They have been applied consistently in dealing with items that are considered material to the Accounts.

## 1.1 Accounting convention

These Accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention modified to account for the revaluation of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and certain financial assets and liabilities.

The Accounts are stated in sterling, which is NIPF's functional and presentational currency. Unless otherwise noted, the amounts shown in these financial statements are in pounds sterling  $(\mathfrak{L})$ .

# 1.2 Going concern

NIPF is a NDPB within the Department of Justice (DoJ) having been established on 1 April 2016 to replace the previous Company under the Northern Ireland Police Fund Regulations. The future financing of NIPF's activities is expected to be met by the DoJ provided from funding from the Consolidated Fund. NIPF takes the view that the going concern concept applies as long as the provisions of the Northern Ireland Police Fund Regulations remain extant.

## 1.3 Property, plant and equipment

Expenditure on property, plant and equipment of over £1,000 is capitalised. Where material the grouping of a range of property, plant and equipment has also been undertaken in respect of some personal computers, printers, office furniture and equipment.

On initial recognition property, plant and equipment are measured at cost including any expenditure, such as installation, directly attributable to bringing them into working condition. Items classified as "under construction" are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position to the extent that money has been paid or a liability has been incurred. In compliance with IAS 16 *Property, Plant and Equipment*, subsequent expenditure on an asset which does not meet the criteria of enhancement or improvement is treated as revenue.

All property, plant and equipment is revalued annually using appropriate indices provided by the Office for National Statistics.

## 1.4 Intangible assets

Expenditure on computer software licenses lasting more than one year and costing more than £1,000 is capitalised and classified as intangible assets.

All intangible assets are carried at fair value and, with the exception of assets that have been fully depreciated, are revalued using indices compiled by the Office for National Statistics.

#### 1.5 Revaluation Reserve

Upward revaluations are credited to the Revaluation Reserve and permanent reductions in the value of property, plant and equipment are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure. Any subsequent revaluation of assets is credited to the Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure to the extent that it reverses previous revaluation decreases recognised as an expense.

## 1.6 Depreciation and amortisation

All property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are depreciated/amortised at rates calculated to write them down to estimated residual value on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Assets in the course of construction are depreciated from the point when the asset is brought into use.

Estimated useful lives, which are reviewed regularly, are:

Asset category	Useful life
Plant and machinery Information technology	5 - 15 years 5 years
Intangible assets (software and licences)	5 years

Software licences are amortised over the shorter of the term of the licence and the useful economic life.

## 1.7 Realised element of depreciation from Revaluation Reserve

Depreciation is charged to expenditure on the revalued amount of property, plant and equipment. An element of depreciation therefore arises due to the increase in valuation and is in excess of the depreciation that would be charged on the historical cost of assets. The amount relating to this excess is a realised gain on disposal and is transferred from the Revaluation Reserve to the General Fund.

## 1.8 Value Added Tax

Value added tax (VAT) is not applicable in respect of income receipts. Irrecoverable VAT is charged to the relevant expenditure category or included in the capitalised purchase cost of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets.

## 1.9 Third-party assets

Third-party assets are assets for which NIPF acts as custodian or trustee, but in which neither NIPF nor Government more generally has a direct beneficial interest. Third-party assets are not public assets, and hence are not recorded in the primary financial statements.

## 1.10 Financing

NIPF is primarily resourced by funds approved by the Assembly through the annual Supply process. Resources are drawn down each month to meet expenditure requirements and are credited to the General Fund.

## 1.11 Classification of income and expenditure

The Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure for NIPF only includes programme income and expenditure. The classification of income or expenditure as programme follows the definition set by the Department of Finance.

#### 1.12 Income

Income included in these accounts relates to amounts reimbursed in respect of NIPF staff seconded to outside organisations.

#### 1.13 Staff costs

Under IAS19 (revised) *Employee Benefits*, all staff costs must be recorded as an expense as soon as the organisation is obligated to pay them. This includes the costs of any untaken leave as at the reporting date. The cost of untaken leave has been determined from staff leave records.

## 1.14 Pensions

Employees of NIPF who are civil servants are covered by the provisions of the NICS pension arrangements. These defined benefit schemes are unfunded. NIPF recognises the expected cost of these elements on a systematic and rational basis over the period during which it benefits from employees' services by payment to the NICS pension arrangements of amounts calculated on an accruing basis. Liability for payment of future benefits is a charge on the NICS pension arrangements.

In addition, NIPF operates a defined contribution scheme for certain employees who are not Civil Servants. In respect of defined contribution schemes, NIPF recognises the contributions payable for the year.

Further details regarding the above schemes are contained in the Remuneration Report and the Staff Report within the Accountability Report.

## 1.15 Operating leases

Leases where substantially all of the risks and rewards are held by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Rentals are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

## 1.16 Grants payable

Grants payable are recorded as expenditure in the period that the underlying event or activity giving entitlement to the grant occurs. Grants related to activity occurring over a specific time period, usually a financial year are recorded as expenditure for that period.

## 1.17 Segmental reporting

In line with the provisions of IFRS 8, Operating Segments, NIPF does not analyse its net expenditure by operating segment as it has concluded that it has no separately identifiable operating segments.

#### 1.18 Financial instruments

## Recognition and de-recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when NIPF becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets are de-recognised when the organisation no longer has rights to the cash flows, the risks and rewards of ownership or control of the asset. Financial liabilities are de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires.

#### Financial assets

#### Trade and other receivables

Financial assets within trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value, which is usually the original invoiced amount and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective method less provisions for doubtful receivables.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and current balances with banks which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and have an original maturity of three months or less.

## Financial liabilities

## Trade and other payables

Financial liabilities within trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value, which is usually the original invoiced amount, less provision for impairment.

## 1.19 Critical accounting estimates and key judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of accounting estimates and assumptions. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying NIPF's accounting policies. NIPF continually evaluates its estimates, assumptions and judgements based on available information and experience. As the use of estimates is inherent in financial reporting, actual results could differ from these estimates. The most significant estimates and assumptions which have a risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts are discussed below.

# Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and amortisation of intangible assets

Depreciation and amortisation is provided in the Accounts so as to write-down the respective assets to their residual values over their expected useful lives and as such the selection of the estimated useful lives and the expected residual values of the assets requires the use of estimates and judgements. Details of the estimated useful lives are as shown in Note 1.6.

Other than as noted above, no material accounting estimates or judgements were made by NIPF in preparing these accounts.

# 1.20 Accounting standards, interpretations and amendments to published standards and *FReM* - issued and effective in 2020-21 for the first time

NIPF has considered those new Standards, interpretations and amendments to existing Standards which have been published and are mandatory for NIPF's accounting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2020 or later periods, but which NIPF has not adopted early. Other than as outlined below, Other than as outlined below, NIPF considers that these are not relevant or material to its operations.

#### Review of Financial Process:

Standard	Comments
IFRS 10 - Consolidated Financial Statements	The International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) issued new and amended Standards (IFRS 10, IFRS 11 and IFRS 12) that affect the consolidation and reporting of subsidiaries, associates
IFRS 11 - Joint Arrangements	and joint ventures. These Standards were effective with EU adoption from 1 January 2014.
IFRS 12 - Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	Accounting boundaries for IFRS purposes are currently adapted in the FReM so that the Westminster Departmental accounting boundary is based on Office of National Statistics control criteria, as designated by HM Treasury. A similar review in NI, which will bring NI Departments under the same adaptation, has been carried out and the resulting recommendations were agreed by the Executive in December 2016. With effect from 2022-23, the accounting boundary for Departments will change and there will also be an impact on Departments around the disclosure requirements under IFRS 12. ALBs apply IFRS in full and their consolidation boundary may have changed as a result of the new Standards.

# 1.21 Accounting standards, interpretations and amendments to published standards not yet effective

NIPF has considered those new Standards, interpretations and amendments to existing Standards which have been published and are mandatory for NIPF's accounting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021 or later periods, but which NIPF has not adopted early. Other than as outlined below, NIPF considers that these Standards are not relevant or material to its operations.

Standard	IFRS 16 Leases (replaces IAS 17 Leases and related interpretations)
Effective date	January 2019 (EU endorsed 31 October 2017)
FReM application	2022-23
Description of revision	The IASB issued IFRS 16 in January 2016 with an effective date for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. Early application is permitted for those entities applying IFRS 15.
	IFRS 16 represents a significant change in lessee accounting by largely removing the distinction between operating and finance leases and introducing a single lessee accounting model. A lessee is required to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases, unless they qualify for low value or short-term exemptions. In addition, there are updated disclosure requirements.
	The lessor accounting model is generally unchanged from IAS 17 but entities should be aware of the introduction and impacts of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments, enhanced disclosure requirements and that a sub-lessor now determines whether a lease is finance or operating based on the right of use asset it subleases.
Comments	IFRS 16 Leases replaces IAS 17 Leases and is effective with EU adoption from 1 January 2019. In line with the requirements of the FReM, IFRS 16 will be implemented, as interpreted and adapted for the public sector, with effect from 1 April 2022.
	NIPF currently has a one-year rolling lease with its landlord but is in the process of seeking to put this agreement onto a more formal footing and with a longer lease term. NIPF is unable at this stage to determine what future impact this new Standard will have on its Statement of Financial Position or Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure.

## 1.22 Financial reporting - future developments

NIPF has considered the accounting initiatives identified by HM Treasury covering amendments or interpretations from the 2018-20 Annual improvement cycle, and projects where standards, amendments or interpretations are in development. NIPF considers that these changes are not relevant or material to its operations.

## 2. Statement of operating expenditure by operating segment

In the opinion of the Management Board, NIPF operates only one reportable segment and all income and expenditure as shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure is attributable to the overall services provided by NIPF i.e. the provision of financial assistance to individuals and organisations. All NIPF's financing is derived from the DoJ through grant-in-aid and all services undertaken are within Northern Ireland. All non-current assets are located in Northern Ireland.

# 3. Programme expenditure

	Note	2020-21 £	2019-20 £
Staff costs*			
Wages and salaries		229,934	227,425
Social security costs		20,212	19,384
Other pension costs		35,548	34,730
		285,694	281,539
Purchase of goods and services			
Accommodation, maintenance and utilities		838	824
IT, communications and office services		20,446	34,317
Contracted out and managed services		1,530	2,886
Professional costs		11,936	10,164
Rentals under operating leases		34,136	34,076
Staff related costs		5,127	12,489
Other		126	235
Audit fee		10,000	10,000
		84,139	104,991
		<del> </del>	
Depreciation and impairment charges			
Depreciation and amortisation	5, 6	2,477	1,607
		2,477	1,607
Grants			
Carers' association		-	7,576
Disability adaption grants		188,180	323,951
Discretionary grants		6,270	5,310
Early widow's award		187,600	190,280
Educational bursaries		53,420	50,624
Forgotten families		200	2,088
General support		94,452	199,735
Injured police survivors and carers		-	880
Parents association		1,500	17,660
Recognition payments		469,250	208,600
Regular payments scheme		28,633	25,973
Respite care		8,640	28,560
Wounded Police and Families Association		1,563	11,948
Recovery of grants paid out in previous financial years		(1,380)	(9,330)
		1,038,328	1,063,855
Total programme expenditure		1,410,638	1,451,992
i otal programme expenditure		1,710,000	1,701,332

<sup>\*</sup>Further analysis of Staff costs is located in the Staff Report within the Accountability Report.

#### 4. Income

	2020-21 £	2019-20 £
Revenue from contracts with customers	<u> </u>	
Other operating income Recovery of secondee costs	37,692	36,113
Total operating income	37,692	36,113

#### Property, plant and equipment 5.

## 2020-21

	Fixtures & Fittings £	Computer Equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2020	14,613	13,996	28,609
Additions	,	5,792	5,792
Disposals	-	-	_
Revaluation released to SoCNE	-	-	_
Revaluation	141	-	141
At 31 March 2021	14,754	19,788	34,542
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2020	11,784	2,361	14,145
Charged in year	560	1,917	2,477
Disposals	-	· -	-
Revaluation released to SoCNE	-	-	-
Revaluation	65	-	65
At 31 March 2021	12,409	4,278	16,687
Carrying amount at 31 March 2021	2,345	15,510	17,855
Carrying amount at 31 March 2020	2,829	11,635	14,464
Asset financing: Owned	2,345	15,510	17,855
Carrying amount at 31 March 2021	2,345	15,510	17,855
	•		

## 5. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

2019-20

2013-20	Fixtures & Fittings £	Computer Equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2019	14,605	13,996	28,601
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-
Revaluation released to SoCNE	-	-	-
Revaluation	8	-	8
At 31 March 2020	14,613	13,996	28,609
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2019	11,222	1,313	12,535
Charged in year	559	1,048	1,607
Disposals	-	-	-
Revaluation released to SoCNE	-	-	-
Revaluation	3	-	3
At 31 March 2020	11,784	2,361	14,145
Carrying amount at 31 March 2020	2,829	11,635	14,464
Carrying amount at 31 March 2019	3,383	12,683	16,066
Asset financing:			
Owned	2,829	11,635	14,464
Carrying amount at 31 March 2020	2,829	11,635	14,464

Property, plant and equipment were adjusted to their current value by reference to the appropriate indices compiled by the Office for National Statistics.

## 6. Intangible assets

	2020-21 £	2019-20 £
Cost or valuation At 1 April Additions Disposals Reclassification Revaluation released to SoCNE Revaluation	9,711 - (1,557) - - -	9,711 - - - - -
At 31 March	8,154	9,711
Amortisation At 1 April Charged in year Disposals Reclassification Revaluation released to SoCNE Revaluation	9,711 - (1,557) - - -	9,711 - - - - -
At 31 March	8,154	9,711
Carrying amount at 31 March		
Asset financing: Owned	<u> </u>	-
Carrying amount at 31 March	<u> </u>	-

Intangible assets other than those which have been fully depreciated have been adjusted to their current value by reference to the appropriate indices compiled by the Office for National Statistics. There was no revaluation adjustment in either 2019-20 or 2020-21.

## 7. Financial instruments

As the cash requirements of NIPF are met through Grant-in-Aid provided by DoJ, financial instruments play a more limited role in creating and managing risk than would apply to a non-public sector body. The majority of financial instruments relate to contracts to buy non-financial items in line with NIPF's expected purchase and usage requirements and NIPF is therefore exposed to little credit, liquidity or market risk.

# 8. Cash and cash equivalents

	2020-21 £	2019-20 £
Balance at 1 April	111,703	35,221
Net change in cash and cash equivalent balances	(66,720)	76,482
Balance at 31 March	44,983	111,703
The following balances at 31 March are held at:		
NI banking pool	44,983	111,703
Balance at 31 March	44,983	111,703
9. Trade receivables, financial and other assets		
	2020-21 £	2019-20 £
Amounts falling due within one year Other receivables Prepayments and accrued income	1,689 11,111	1,382 9,493
	12,800	10,875
Amounts falling due after more than one year	-	-
Total	12,800	10,875
10. Trade payables, financial and other current lia	bilities	
	2020-21 £	2019-20 £
Amounts falling due within one year Accruals and deferred income	31,546	60,080
	31,546	60,080
Amounts falling due after more than one year	-	-
Total	31,546	60,080

#### 11. Leases

## Operating leases

Total future minimum lease payments under operating leases are given in the table below for each of the following periods.

	2020-21 £	2019-20 £
Obligations under operating leases comprise:		
Land and buildings		
Not later than one year	34,136	34,076
Later than one year and not later than five years	-	-
Later than five years	-	-
Total	34,136	34,076

## 12. Capital commitments

There were no other capital commitments at 31 March 2020 or 31 March 2021.

## 13. Other financial commitments

There were no other financial commitments at 31 March 2020 or 31 March 2021.

## 14. Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at 31 March 2020 or 31 March 2021.

## 15. Related party transactions

The DoJ, as NIPF's Sponsor Department, is regarded as a related party. During the year, NIPF had a number of material transactions with DoJ including the secondment from DoJ of NIPF's Chief Executive. NIPF reimburses DoJ for his salary and related employer costs.

NIPF has a Service Level Agreement with Police Rehabilitation and Retraining Trust (PRRT) for leasing a property during the financial year with a charge for 2020-21 of £34,136 (2019-20: £34,076). PRRT is an NDPB within the DoJ accounting boundary.

None of the members of the Management Board had any personal transactions with NIPF.

## 16. Third-party assets

NIPF does not hold any assets on behalf of third parties.

## 17. Events after the reporting date

Other than as noted below there were no events after the reporting date that required disclosure.

## Date for authorisation of issue

The Accounting Officer authorised these financial statements for issue on 16 December 2021.